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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 198 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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SOVIET PLANES RAID BERLIN & BUCHAREST

Fighting Continues On Entire Front

Nazis Claim Big Booty

PLAN FOR ENCIRCLEMENT OF LENINGRAD

MOSCOW, August 19.

Soviet planes raided Berlin area last night according to the Moscow radio. Incendiary and high explosive bombs were dropped on military and industrial objectives in Berlin, where fires and explosions were observed.

All Soviet planes returned safely to their bases.—Reuter.

FIGHTING ON WHOLE FRONT

The Soviet midday 'Communique' announces merely that fighting continued during the night along the entire front.

The following is the text of the 'communique' issued by the Soviet Information Bureau and broadcast by the Moscow Radio at 11-0 G. M. T.:—"During the night of August 18 our troops continued fighting along the entire front."

Raid On Bucharest

LONDON, August 19.

While no details of the Russian raids over Germany have yet been given in Moscow Agency reports say that German anti-aircraft guns all along Germany's north coast were in action against Russian planes operating from the Baltic.

Russian bombers have also struck against German allies, Rumania and Hungary. Bucharest had an air raid alarm last night but no details have so far been received.—Reuter.

NAZI CLAIMS

A German High Command 'communique' states that pursuit battles in South Ukraine in which German, Hungarian and Italian troops participated have brought the entire region west of the Dniper into our hands.

In an attack on Odessa 60,000 prisoners were taken, also 84 tanks and 530 guns.

The 'communique' claims the capture of the following booty in the harbour of Nikolaev:—A 35,000 ton battleship, a 10,000 ton cruiser, four destroyers and two submarines.

In the attack on Odessa harbour the Luftwaffe put out of action nine large troopships and damaged three warships, including a heavy cruiser.—Reuter.

MOVE TO ENCIRCLE LENINGRAD

LONDON, Aug.. 19.

Reuter's special correspondent in Moscow telegraphs:—German pressure continues violently in the Ukrainian and north-west directions. After yesterday's admission by the Soviet of the loss of Nikolayev and Krivoirog, there is no further indication of progress in this sector. The indications are that the Germans are attempting to overrun the entire industrial area of the Dnieper.

The next few days will show whether the Russians are determined to defend or are preparing to entrench themselves by the mile and a half wide Dnieper.

PRESSURE ON LENINGRAD.

The pressure on Leningrad has been heavily resumed during the last few days and clearly the Germans are attempting to encircle the city by advancing on it from three or even four directions. Some time ago, they reached the southern bank of lake Ilmen with alternative routes of pushing directly northwards to Leningrad or eastwards to cut off the Leningrad-Moscow railway.

Leningrad's defence is something that stirs the imagination of every Russian and it is expected that the great city will show the same heroism and the same will to victory as in the early days of the revolution. There is no doubt that the Leningrad area is among the most powerfully armed with its own important industrial resources.

Lastly, there is the thrust against Leningrad from Finland but this has been clearly unsuccessful so far..

RUSSIAN 'TOBRAKS"

An interesting development which runs parallel in many respects to partisan warfare is the establishment of various Russian "Tobraks." It seems clear that there are numerous such uncaptured pockets both north and south—among them the Odessa area and several points in Estonia, notably some of the Russians' naval bases. It must be remembered that Hangoe, the Russian naval base in Finland, is still in Russian hands and gravely hampers German convoy movements in the Baltic. Such pockets may become increasingly important as the Germans reluctantly settle down for a winter campaign.—Reuter.

(SEE PAGE 7)

Call To U.S. To Enter War?

LONDON, Aug. 19.

A call to abandon the "Defend America" and "Aid Britain" slogans and adopt a policy of full participation with Britain to defeat Nazism was recently cabled from London to New York by Mr. Evarts Scudder, liaison officer of the Committee to Defend America.

The National Director of the Committee replied: "Our programme urges full participation to win the war and organise peace. We will only have the right to a vigorous voice in the establishment of world justice, if we are willing to make a contribution, whatever the sacrifices to winning the war".

Mr. Scudder declares that the Committee reaches fifteen million Americans and has never been so full of life.—Reuter.

FOR SPEEDING UP U. S. PRODUCTION

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.

President Roosevelt has commissioned Judge, Samuel Rosenman of the New York Supreme Court to study the differences between the office of Production Management and the office of Price Administration and supply.

The two offices have not seen eye to eye on some matters of policy—for example the proposed curtailment of motor-car production in order to make room for expanded defence output—and there has been talk of creation of some "super-defence agency" under Vice-President Wallace.

Judge Rosenman went to Washington and offered his old friend, President Roosevelt, his services in any capacity while the Court was in recess.—Reuter.

Beaverbrook Lunches With Roosevelt

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.

Lord Beaverbrook is lunching with President Roosevelt and Mr. Harry Hopkins to-day.

It is presumed here that they will discuss expediting the flow of war supplies to Britain and possibly aid to Soviet Russia.—Reuter.

Quezon Greeted By U. S. Vice-President

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.

Greetings were exchanged to-day in a two-way Radio broadcast between M. Quezon, President of the Philippines, and Mr. Wallace, Vice President of the United States. The occasion was the 63rd birthday of M. Quezon. He spoke from Manila and Mr. Wallace from Washington.

M. Quezon in the course of a talk said that his people were "with the United States in life or death."—Reuter.

GERMANS ARE ATTEMPTING TO ENCIRCLE LENINGRAD BY ADVANCING ON IT FROM FOUR DIRECTIONS, SAYS REUTER'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT IN MOSCOW IN HIS LATEST DESPATCH.

OUT TO ESTABLISH ZAMINDAR RAJ

Punjab Minister's Gibes At League And Congress?

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Aug. 19.

Reports have reached Simla of a virulent speech made by Sir Choturam, Revenue Minister the Punjab, on Sunday last in Lyallpur district.

According to the report appearing in the "Tribune" the Minister said: "Both Mr. Jinnah and Gandhiji are in the hands of capitalists. They are their servant, because capitalists give them cheques worth lakhs of rupees to be spent by them in any manner they please. Your salvation lies in having trust in me and accepting the leadership of Sir Sikandor Hyat Khan."

TRUST ONLY ZAMINDAR GOVERNMENT.

Later on the Minister continuing said: "Don't trust the Muslim League. Don't trust the Congress. Kick them both. There is no Congress in the Punjab. Rally round the flag of Zamindar Government. Accept Sir Sikander as your leader."

According to the "Tribune" officials of police and Civic Guards made arrangements for the meeting, which was addressed through loudspeakers provided by the Punjab Government.

The Deputy Commissioner also addressed the meeting asking Zamindars to follow only the Zamindars' League.

IN JUSTIFICATION OF SIR SIKANDAR

Inside Story Of Viceroy's Expanded Council

LAHORE, Aug. 19.

The view that the Punjab Premier has a strong case, and if a small amount of sympathy is brought to bear on the situation the whole position becomes crystal clear, was expressed by Raja Ghazanfar Ali, M.L.A., member of the Punjab Muslim Deputation, prior to his departure for Bombay to meet Mr. Jinnah.

He continued: "I have been privileged to know the whole trend of discussions and negotiations between the Punjab Premier and the Viceroy on the question of the expanded Executive Council and the National Defence Council.

Sir Sikander, at the outset made it perfectly clear to the Viceroy that he was entirely opposed to the expansion of the Executive Council and that it would not do any good to anybody unless the Muslim League, as also other main political parties, were taken into confidence.

Now as the spokesman of the Unionist Ministry, Sir Sikander Hyat Khan could not say no to his colleagues who pressed him to see that the case of the Punjab vis-a-vis the expanded Executive Council did not go by default. It was due to the solid and unqualified backing of his colleagues and his own grit and strength that Sir Sikander Hyat Khan succeeded at the eleventh hour in securing the inclusion of a Punjabi in the Viceroy's Council. The Punjab premier in this way discharged to the best of his ablity his duty both to the Muslim League and the Unionist Party.—A. B.

VICHY OFFICERS RELEASED

CAIRO, August 19.

Fifteen of Vichy officers detained in Jerusalem have been released and have returned to Syria where they are awaiting repatriation. They are all of very junior rank. Their release follows the return from France of a party of 51 British officers and other ranks.

It is understood that Gen. Dentz and the senior officers with him will be held until all the British captured in Syria and taken to France are released.—Reuter.

REICH COMMISSAR OF BREMEN DEAD

LONDON, August 19.

The German radio announces the death of Reich Commissar of Bremen Harbour who holds the rank of Admiral in the German Navy. He had held his post for 27 years.

Although there is no evidence to connect the Admiral's death with the activities of the R.A.F. it is interesting to note that a British air force carried out another raid on Bremen on Sunday night.—Reuter

AMERY ON INDIAN DEFENCE

Says, Premiers Were Invited To Join Council In Their Official Capacity

LONDON, Aug. 19.

Mr. Amery, Secretary of State for India, made the following statement regarding the recent invitation to the Indian Provincial premiers to join India's newly constituted National Defence Council.

"The Prime Ministers of all the provinces in which working of the constitution has been uninterrupted were invited by the Viceroy to join the National Defence Council in their capacity as Prime Ministers and regardless of their personal, party or communal affiliations.

Not only were they invited in their capacity as Prime Ministers but they accepted the invitations in that capacity and in the light of their constitutional responsibility and obligation to the peoples and the provinces as a whole."—Reuter.

BEST TRAINED TROOPS IN MIDDLE EAST

South Africa Prepared To Answer Nazi Challenge, Says Smuts

PRETORIA, August 19.

"On the whole, I bring back a happy impression both of our men and the general situation but always with this strong feeling—that we are up against it this time," declared Field Marshal Smuts when interviewed on his return from Egypt.

He said that although the Germans in Libya were much more formidable than the Italians had been he was optimistic. Italy was full of Germans who had the advantage of being able to travel a shorter distance to the Libyan front but he expected that these difficulties would be overcome by the Allies. Russian resistance was using up a large part of the German war machine but some of this machine would remain.

Field Marshal Smuts said that if the Germans had failed to invade Britain a year ago when Britain was weak, there was little likelihood of a successful attack on Britain now. The chances were that the Germans would strike at the Mediterranean basin—the only area in which they could fight.

"We are facing not Italy this time but more formidable odds", said Field Marshal Smuts. "The Germans have enormous resources to fling against us." He added that he had never seen the South Africans in better mood. They were among the best trained troops in the Middle East and the South African Air Force had built up an unequalled reputation.—Reuter.

Darlan Back At Vichy

LONDON, Aug. 19.

The Deputy Premier, Admiral Darlan, returned to Vichy from Paris, where he had a series of conversations with the occupation authorities, says a Vichy despatch to the German official news agency.—Reuter.

Zamindars' 'At Home' To Chhatari

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 19.

To bid farewell to Nawab Sir Mohammad Ahmad Said Khan of Chhatari, the President and the members of the Agra Province Zamindars' Association were "at Home" this evening in the Association hall. A large number of distinguished guests were present.

HYDERABAD (Dn.:)—The Nawab of Chhatari will assume office as President of the Executive Council of H. E. H. the Nizam's Government on September 1 next. Sir Akbar Hydari will leave for Bombay 'en route' to Simla on August 28 next.

The King of Afghanistan has returned to Kabul from Paghman for the independence celebrations commencing from August 23.

Cabinet Members Greet Churchill

Meeting For Selection Of Ministers For Moscow Conference

PREMIER TO BROADCAST ON SUNDAY

LONDON, August 19.

Within a few hours after his return to London this morning, Mr. Churchill presided over a meeting of the War Cabinet.

This was attended by Mr. Peter Fraser, Prime Minister of New Zealand.

One of the immediate tasks of the cabinet is to select ministers and personnel to represent Great Britain in the Three-Power Conference, with Russian and United States representatives in Moscow.

Mr. Churchill will broadcast an account of his meeting with President Roosevelt on Sunday next at 20-00 G.M.T. When the House of Commons reassembles, he will give a more detailed account in the course of his first review after the recess of the war situation.—Reuter.

Cabinet Members Greet Premier

LONDON, Aug. 19.

Mr. Churchill arrived in London to-day (Tuesday) by night train from the port, where he disembarked after his historic trip to meet President Roosevelt in Mid-Atlantic. The Premier, whose first words were, "it is good to be in London again," was warmly greeted by his wife and most members of the Cabinet.

As the Premier stepped from the train, Mrs. Churchill literally ran across the platform, kissed him affectionately repeatedly, and for a few minutes they stood together away from the remainder of the welcoming party.

"DONE WELL," OLD CHAP!

To Mr. A. V. Alexander, the first Lord of the admiralty, Mr. Churchill said: "You have done it very well" in tribute to the way the navy had carried him safely to meet President Roosevelt and back, when the train stopped at the station Mr. Churchill's carriage was at least 80 yards from the waiting welcomers—Generals, Admirals, Air Marshals and Ministers—who, led by Mrs. Churchill, ran down the platform to welcome the Premier as he stepped from the train, workers on their way to the city filled every corner of the overlooking platform and sailors in a train about to leave from an adjoining platform joined in the welcome.

Mr. J. G. Winant, United States Ambassador, was at the station fully an hour before the train arrived and spent the time reading a newspaper.

Sir Alexander Hardinge, represented the King, the armed services were representd by Vice Admiral Sir Thomas Phillips, Lieutenant General Sir Henry Pownall and Air Chief Marshal Sir Charles Portal. Among the welcoming party was Mr. Peter Fraser, the New Zealand Premier, the Cabinet Deputation was led by Mr. Clement Attlee, Lord Privy Seal, the only women except Mrs. Churchill was Lady Cranbourne, wife of the Dominions Secretary.—Reuter.

WINDSOR FOR WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.

Following Nassau announcement that the Duke and Duchess of Windsor are preparing to go to the Duke's ranch at Calgary next month, the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordel Hull, to-day said that he learned from the British Ambassador, Lord Halifax, that the Duke and Duchess were planning a visit to Washington. He did not know any details, he added.—Reuter.

Churchill Lunches With King

LONDON, August 19.

Mr. Churchill lunched with the King and delivered to the King a note from President Roosevelt.—Reuter.

Rai Bahadur Raja Sir Vishveshvardas Daga who expired on Monday.

STOP PRESS

JOE LOUIS DIVORCE SUIT SURPRISE

CHICAGO, August 19.

While the divorce suit hearing was proceeding Joe Louis suddenly announced that he and his wife were ready to patch up their marital difficulties and forget about the divorce suit.—Reuter.

Fear Of U. S. Entering War

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.

The sixth point in the Churchill-Roosevelt declaration made "offensive and defensive alliance" between the two countries and involved a commitment that might take the United States into the war.

This was stated by Senator Johnson in the course of a sharp debate in Senate precipitated by the denial by Senator Barkley that the possibility of sending a United States expeditionary force to help Britain to invade the Continent was either "discussed, intimated or even hinted at" at yesterday's Roosevelt conference with Congressional leaders.—Reuter.

PETAIN WANTS UNDIVIDED LOYALTY.

VICHY, Aug. 19.

"You are either for me or against me" declared Marshal Petain to Frenchmen to-day.

"Love of liberty remains constant in the proud people of France but a free people is one in which each is subject to law and law is all-powerful. That is the guiding principle of the regime which I am trying patiently to build amid innumerable difficulties. After peace our first need will be order—without that neither liberty nor prosperity is possible.

Marshal Petain was speaking after having taken the oath of loyalty of members of the Council of State—the highest judicial body in France at Royat. He appealed to the Council to give him undivided support.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p. c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Introductions for Friendship, Trade, other 431 hobbies arranged by Globe Introduction League of Agra and Hyderabad Deccan. Central Office, 3442, Chhili--Ient, Agra. Members 11,500 (Both). (14922)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted: Matrics, Non-Matrics for sub-offices establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply The Western Provincial Cosmopolitan Syndicate, Delhi. (14952)

Applications invited for the post of Junior Assistant Secretary on Rs. 150-20-250 p.m. Only M.A.'s (Economics) and M.Com's need apply, before 30th August, 1941. to the Secretary, Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, 28 Ferozshah Road, New Delhi. (5850)

Wanted:—For a large Sugar Factory in U.P. Shift Engineers, Electrical Engineers, Fitters, Turners, Moulders, Welders, and Pattern Makers all having good practical experience. Apply with testimonials Box No. 14948 "Bombay Chronicle."

Earn Rs. 50 per month without investment or security. Wanted energetic candidates to represent for securing orders of High Class Art Calendars. Ask for our illustrated Free Booklet. Glasgow Printing Co., Howrah. (5642)

Wanted Applications from experienced and influential gentlemen for Depot Manager's post on salary of Rs. 125-15-200 plus fair allowance, rent etc. Liberal stocks supplied—Sole Agency and Canvassing agency applications are also invited. The Bluehills Tea Company, Post Box No. 69, Mettupalaiyam, Nilgiris. (14942)

Wanted—For a Mill in the Punjab 3 Ring Frame Fitters @ Rs. 4|- per day. 3 Fly Frame Fitters @ Rs. 5|- per day. 3 Card Fitters @ Rs. 5|- per day, for erection work Third class fare back and forth from the candidate's place of residence will be paid at the time of termination of work. Quarters will be provided free. Only really first class and hardworking men need apply to No. 5858 "Bombay Chronicle."

86. SHOPS TO LET

Shops and Godowns to let—new Building at 233, Frere Road near G.P.O. Apply within. (14956)

174. BOOKS.

Matrics! become Graduates (Punjab University) with 15 months' home-study. Apply Dewan's Bhadarkali, Lahore. (14947)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

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22, Abbott Road, LUCKNOW.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that our client Mr. CASSUM ISMAIL MISTRY, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has been carrying on business on his own account and has had no concern whatsoever with his son Ahmed Cassum who is a minor. If any one deals with the said Ahmed Cassum he will do so on his own responsibility and our client will not be responsible for the debts incurred or any commitments made by the said Ahmed Cassum.

Dated this 18th day of August, 1941.

SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT
Attorneys for Mr. Cassum Ismail Mistry, Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay. (5873)

174. BOOKS

Year Book—Nalanda Year-Book and Who's Who in India 1941-42, a Book for Statesmen, Politicians, Journalists, Higher Students and Candidates for I.C.S., I.P.S. and other Public Service Commission Examinations. Price Rs. 3|- ordinary and Rs. 5|- special edition. Obtainable at New Book Co. and Taraporewalla's, Bombay, or direct from Nalanda Press, 204, Vivekananda Road, Calcutta. (14950)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to purchase our Tower Brand Washing Soaps Terms Cash. Apply the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (14949)

Wanted Selling Agents for Relief Bust of Poet Rabindranath. Rs. 5|- each. India Model Mfg. Co., 263|1, Upper Chitpore Road, Calcutta. (5859)

Wanted influential Agents to sell the remaining shares of Bengal Share Dealers' Syndicate Ltd., of 3 and 4, Hare St., Calcutta. Dividend paid 10% on the first working year. Authorised Capital Rs. 25 lacs. Subscribed Capital Rs. 8,50,000|-. Paid-up Capital Rs. 2,45,000|-. The Syndicate has commenced its own building construction on Chowringhee Square, Calcutta. Apply to Mg. Director.

Earn Rs. 50|- monthly by taking our agency. Send Re. 1|- for agency to P. S. Jani, Beawar (Raj.) (14951)

Wanted Chief Agents separately for (1) Bombay Presidency and (2) Central India for the Hindu Insurance Co. Ltd. Chamberlain Road, Lahore, which has the following outstanding characteristics:—(1) Huge paid up Capital of over 3 1|2 Lacs. (2) A large Reserve to start business with. (3) Security of 2 Lacs required by Insurance Act deposited in full with Government before commencing business. (4) Housed in its own spacious buildings. (5) Very low premiums and novel schemes. Apply to The Secretary. (5860)

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Manufacturing concerns of paints, lamps and other sundry products are requested to send their manufacturing programme together with full details of their products for representation in South India on a monopoly basis. Apply Box No 14955, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Gentleman of any community, willing to take advantage of an Hindu expert in Shares and Cotton, etc., with guaranteed knowledge in Astrology with testimonials. Apply Box No. 14943 "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY.

VACANCIES exist in the undermentioned branches of the Royal Indian Navy. Applicants must be British subjects.

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SEAMEN AND STOKERS:—Age 17½—24 years. Applicants are required to be able to answer simple questions on Percentages, Averages and Areas, and to speak and write English or Hindustani. Pay: Rs. 20/- rising to Rs. 85/- p.m. (See Note).

WRITERS:—Age 17½—26 years. Must have passed Matriculation or Senior Cambridge or an equivalent examination. Must be able to type accurately at 40 words a minute. Pay Rs. 40/- rising to Rs. 100/- p.m. (See Note).

STEWARDS:—Age 17½—26 years. Must have passed VI Standard English. Pay Rs. 20/- rising to Rs. 100/- p.m

OFFICER'S COOKS:—Age 17½—26 years. Must be literate. Must produce certificates of ability to cook European food. Pay Rs. 30/- rising to Rs. 85/- p.m.

NOTE:—WARRANT RANK:—Selected men are eligible for promotion to Warrant Rank: pay Rs. 130/- to Rs. 270/- p.m. plus messing allowance at Rs. 2 per day.

ALLOWANCES:—In addition to the above rates of pay, the following allowances are payable:

(1) GOOD CONDUCT PAY: Rs. 2/- to Rs. 4/- p.m. after 4 to 12 years approved service.

(2) Additional pay varying from Rs. 2/- to Rs. 40/- p.m. is payable to ratings and Warrant Officers serving under certain conditions, on account of Expatriation, Batta, Extra duty pay and messing allowance.

(3) Non-substantive pay for specially qualified ratings up to the following maximums:—Seamen Rs. 14/- Stokers Rs. 4/-.

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The enrolment period is for 10 years.

Uniform is issued free and an upkeep allowance granted.

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Good leave is granted.

For further particulars apply by letter or in person to:—

THE COMMANDING OFFICER,
R. I. N. Depot,
BOMBAY.
5209

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Summary Suit No. 267 of 1940

THE OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE of Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of the firm of Messrs. Gundo Babaji Tilve .. Plaintiff.

Versus

NARANDAS LALCHAND and BAPUBHAI NARANDAS, carrying on business as Narandas Lalchand at Poona .. Defendants.

To,

BAPUBHAI NARANDAS, Esq.,

The 2nd Defendant abovenamed.

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiff has filed this Suit against you the abovenamed defendants to recover the sum of Rs. 8,504-10-9 with interest on Rs. 8,405-10-9 at the rate of 10 annas per cent per mensem from 9th January, 1940, till judgment and the costs of this suit and interest on judgment till payment. You are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you in this Hon'ble Court within ten days from the date of the publication hereof in default the plaintiff will be entitled at any time thereafter to obtain a decree against you as prayed for.

If you enter an appearance the plaintiff will serve you with a summons for judgment when you will be entitled to ask for leave to defend the suit.

This 23rd day of February, 1940.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Messrs. MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay. (5870)

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MR. CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
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Public Notices

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

NOTICE.

SEALED PERCENTAGE RATE TENDERS for Providing Sewers and surface drainage in the area West of Marine Lines Station in Block No. 1, cost approximately Rs. 25,900|-, will be received in the Office of the undersigned on FRIDAY the 29th August, 1941 up to 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) and opened on the same day.

Tender forms with specifications may be obtained on payment of Rs. 5|- each on any working day up to 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) (2-0 p.m. on Saturdays) except the day of receiving tenders.

Each tenderer is required to lodge a deposit of Rs. 400|- as earnest money which should be paid into the Reserve Bank of India and the Bank Receipt should accompany separately each tender. Without earnest money no tender can be considered.

The successful tenderer will be required to lodge a total sum of Rs. 1,500|- as Security Deposit.

The right to reject any or all tenders without assigning reasons is reserved.

N. V. S. MURTI,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 18th August, 1941. (5874)

Auction Sales

PUBLIC AUCTION SALE of valuable gem set jewellery on WEDNESDAY the 27th August 1941 at 3 p.m. at the Sale Room of the undersigned by order of Messrs. Merwanji Kola & Co., Attorneys for the Executrices of the Pledgee and on account and at the risk of the Pledgor's widow and heir Bai Sunabai Bejonji Dalal, comprising—Diamond, ruby and emerald rings, pendant, ear ring, broach, Beaumont and Zenith gold watches silver tray, cone and vermillion box.

Also the property of a Parsi gentleman:— 1 Pair valuable diamond bracelets and 1 diamond and emerald marquise ring.

On view from the 22nd inst. from 11-30 A.M. to 5 P.M. except on Saturday upto 3-30 P.M.

25 per cent deposit or if required full purchase money shall be paid by the buyer at the time of sale and the balance immediately after the close of the sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT SHAIKH MEMON STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Gullamali Noorani and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee Bai Safiaba daughter of Ebrahim Dawoodbhai Sutarwala and on account and at the risk of Mortgagor Essabhai Abdul Husein Noor, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 2nd September, 1941, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises the undermentioned:—

All that piece of Pension Tax and now of freehold land admeasuring about 44 Sq. Yds with dwelling house standing thereon and situate on the North side of Shaikh Memon Street, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1097 Bhuleshwar Division. Municipal "C" Ward No. 236, Street No. 9 and bounded on the East by the property of Sarafali Mamooji, on the West by Masjid, on the North by public passage and on the South by Masjid gully.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the abovenamed Solicitors or the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

The MAID WAS NOT WRONG In Choosing The PRINCE As Her Husband

The Struggle Between TRADITION and LOVE in FAMOUS ARUN'S

Thoratanchi Kamla

Director:
BHAL G. PENDHARKER

Cast
SUMATI GUPTE CHANDRAKANT
Phatak, Nimbalkar, Pawar

3rd WEEK at
MAJESTIC
Cinema — Girgaum

3 Shows today 4, 7 & 9-45

METRO
WHERE THE LION ROARS
Telephone 31045
Daily at 3 & 8-15 p. m.

LAST 2 DAYS!
NOTHING CUT BUT THE PRICES!
"GONE WITH THE WIND"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Release
THIS PICTURE WILL NOT BE SHOWN IN ANY OTHER BOMBAY CINEMA DURING 1941!

—TO-DAY—
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
SISTER
Featuring: SHEIKH MUKHTAR, Nalini Jaywant, Harish
DIRECTOR
MEHBOOB
AT
PATHE
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

A GREAT DRAMA OF WAR AT SEA!
NEUTRAL NEUTRAL PORT PORT
Starring:
WILL FYFFE
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR

ZANANA SHOW
To-morrow 1 p.m. (Marathi)
NAVYUG'S Star-Studded Gem
Amrit
9th WEEK AT CENTRAL
MARATHI: 4, 9-45 p.m.
HINDI: 7 p.m.
FRIDAY (Amas) FOUR SHOWS

THE SCREEN'S MOST MAGNETIC PERSONALITY NOW IN HIS MOST MAGNETIC ROLE
MAZHARKHAN
IN
GREAT INDIA PICTURES'
AKELA
with
BIBBO
MOTI, HADI, E. BILLIMORIA, PROTIMA DEVI, BOSE,
Director: PESSI KARANI
PRODUCER K. B. DESAI
THERE'S ENTERTAINMENT FOR ALL YOUR FAMILY
3rd SMASHING Week
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

20 Twentieth Triumphant Week
IT'S A SUPERB SCREEN EPIC!
From Every Angle!
New Theatres' & India's Best
LAGAN
Starring: SAIGAL KANAN NAWAB
Direction: Sjt NITIN BOSE
Daily: 4-15 & 10 p.m.
MINERVA

SIXTH Splendid Week
EVERY SCENE WILL CHARM YOU
EVERY ACTION WILL THRILL YOU—
EVERY MOMENT WILL ENTERTAIN YOU.....
RANJIT'S SOCIAL HIT
Shadi
Directed by JAYANT DESA
Daily at 4, 7, 10 P.M.
Mat. on Friday, Sat. Sun. & Holidays at 1 P.M.
OPERA HOUSE
Also Showing the Topical of Dr. TAGORE funeral procession.

YOURS
is the day
if you are Young!
but not until you see
SUDAMA'S GAY COMEDY
SABITA DEVI
SHOBHANA SAMARTH
in
HOLIDAY
IN
BOMBAY
with
ARUN, VATSALA KUMTEKAR, KANTILAL, E. BILIMORIA, JAL MERCHANT.
Directed by SARBOTTAM BADAMI
4th WEEK
at
IMPERIAL
Daily 4, 7 & 10 P.M.
Mat. at 1-30 on Fri. 22nd
Also showing scenes of TAGORE'S FUNERAL

Every Mother-in-Law Daughter-in-Law & Sister-in-Law Must See

ATRE PICTURES' HIT FOR ALL IN LAWS
Charano-ki-Dasi
Hindi - Payachi Dasi - Marathi
ZANANA Show Today (Marathi) **2 p. m.**
9th WEEK at
NEW WEST END
Marathi: 4-30, 7-15 p.m. Hindi 1 p.m.
Friday (Amas): 4 Shows

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Anna NEAGLE Ray MILLAND in
"IRENE"
Love, laughs and songs with the girl in the Alice Blue Gown!
Also Tagore's Funeral and latest War News

SELLER'S LOTUS HONEY
for all Eye TROUBLES even Cataract Safe, Sure, World-wide reputed and tested. At all Chemists Literature free Beware of imitation—insist on SELLERS.
KEMP & CO., LTD., Bombay.

LEPROSY & LEUCODERMA
Acute or Chronic. Whatever extensive and however longstanding cured radically and permanently in four weeks. Complete satisfaction guaranteed. Particulars on request.
KAMALA WORKS,
(B/1), Panchpota, Bengal.

JOBLESS WEAVERS LOOT SHOPS

Hundred And Fifty Persons Arrested In Ilkal

HUBLI, August 18.

News is received here that on the afternoon of August 12th about five hundred weavers of Ilkal, a big weaving centre in Bijapur District, looted three shops in the Bazaar and property worth Rs. one lakh is said to have been removed. So far property worth Rs 20,000 has been recovered.

One hundred and fifty persons have been arrested and released on bail in this connection.

The incident is stated to be due to the unemployment of a number of weavers consequent on nearly thousand looms remaining idle, owing to the sudden rise in the prices of yarn.

The District Famine Relief Committee, the Municipality and local merchants are trying to work out schemes to keep the looms working and thus relieving unemployment and distress among the weavers.—A. P.

PETROL RATIONING AND LEGISLATORS

CALCUTTA, Aug. 18.

The rationing of petrol by the Government of Bengal in so far as it had affected the members of the Legislature, was discussed in the Bengal Legislative Council to-day.

Prof. Humayun Kabir (Krishak Proja) said that as a result of restriction imposed on the consumption of petrol, the members of the house, who had to attend to various engagements in connection with the activities of the Legislature, were put to great inconvenience

The President said that the matter should be referred to the Privileges Committee, which would decide whether or not it was a question of privilege. In the meantime, he added, if any member made an application to the rationing authority for supply of additional petrol, he (President) would endorse the application, if the member concerned thought it necessary.—A. P.

DO YOU WANT TO BE ARMY OFFICER?

The lower age limit for applicants for Emergency Commissions in His Majesty's Indian Land Forces has been further reduced to 18 years.

Selected candidates who are between the ages of 18 and 18 1/2 years on November 1, 1941, will be detailed to attend a course of 12 months' duration at the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun.

Selected candidates who are over the age of 18 1/2 years on November 1, 1941, will be detailed to attend Cadet Courses at the Officers' Training School at Mhow or Bangalore, commencing on or about November 1.

Headquarters For Ambulance Corps

The Government of Bombay has authorized the grant to the Bombay City Ambulance Corps of a portion of land, about 2,400 square yards in area, known as the Pavilion Section (Old Military Hospital) of the Marine Lines Maidan, for the construction of suitable premises for the Headquarters of the Corps and Ambulance Service Station.

PROTECT YOUR CHILDREN FROM COUGH AND LUNG TROUBLES WITH—
SIROLIN
ROCHE
SIROLIN ROCHE
THE SAFEST LUNG TONIC FOR CHILDREN & ADULTS ALIKE

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BATLIBOI'S

ACCOUNTANCY TRAINING INSTITUTE
(Established 1924)

Successful Coaching for the following specialised
INSURANCE DIPLOMA EXAMINATIONS
Held by
THE CHARTERED INSURANCE INSTITUTE (LONDON), THE INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER (BOMBAY), THE LONDON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
Tuition: ORAL or POSTAL.
Highly Qualified Staff.
Most Satisfactory Results.
We also offer PERFECT TRAINING for other Specialised Courses in Company Management, Secretarial, Practice, Accounting, Auditing, Banking, etc.
Write for Complete Free Prospectus,
Trafford House, Prescott Road, BOMBAY.

Cuticura

OINTMENT

Cuticura has an almost medical efficacy in arresting itching, irritation and smarting, in drawing out inflammation and soreness and cleaning up skin troubles.
COMFORT FOR ACHING FEET

HAS BABY A NASTY COLD?

Relieve the Misery As Most Mothers Do

Rub baby's back, chest, and throat with Vicks VapoRub and tuck him deep into bed. What a comfort to know that VapoRub goes to work right away to relieve the misery of his cold without "dosing"—without risk of stomach upsets. And what a comfort to know that long after restful sleep comes, VapoRub will still be working—two ways at once—direct through the skin like a poultice, and direct to the irritated air-passages with its medicated vapors. You'll find that often by morning the worst of the cold is over.
VICKS VAPORUB

THE BANK OF BARODA LTD

(Incorporated in Baroda Liability of Members being limited.)
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF AND LARGELY SUPPORTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF H. H THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR.
CAPITAL AS ON 31-12-1940
Capital Authorised ..... Rs. 2,40,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed ..... Rs 1,20,00,000
Capital paid up on 31-12-1940 ..... Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs 55,00,000
HEAD OFFICE: BARODA.
BRANCHES:

Ahmedabad (Bhadra)	Dabhoi	Patan
Ahmedabad (Panchkuva)	Dwarka	Petlad
Amreli	Harij	Port Okha
Bhavnagar	Kadi	Sankheda
Billimora	Kalol	Sidhpur
Bombay	Kapadwanj	Surat
Broach	Karjan	Visnagar
Calcutta	Mehsana	(N. G.)
	Navsari	Vyara

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances from Rs 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 and on sums over Rs 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interests which does not come to Rs. 5 per half-year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS:—Received for long or short periods. Terms on application.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT at BARODA. Rates of rentals on application
W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

GONORRHOEA CURED

OLD or NEW—cured Guaranteedly. MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE: Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m. Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m. only.—
Visit Personally.
SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regd.),
Near Prarthana Samaj Tram Junction, Sandhurst Road. Opp.. Central Bank, Bombay 4.

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 20

Bombay I Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Mohammad Khan: Sitar recital. 7-50 Allah Rakha: Ghazal and Geet. 8-5 News in Hindustani 8-15 News in English. 8-25 R. N. Paradker 8-40 News in Marathi. 8-50 News in Gujarati. 9 to 9-5 "Riding the Storm"—Talk in Gujarati. 12-30 p.m. Marathi Bhavgeets. 12-45 Classical hits. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1-0 For Film Fans. 1-20 Mutual Understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School Broadcast 5 Tomorrow. 5-5 Y. S. Palekar. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Ghazal and Geet. 5-50 Marathi Pad. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Vinayak Rao Harshe. 6-30 Shab-i-Merai. 7 Yeh Bambai Hai, 2: Talk in Hindustani. 7-15 Three Ghazals 7-25 Local news and announcements. 7-30 Mohammad Khan: Sitar recital. 7-45 Gujarati Geet. 7-50 to 7-55 "Riding the Storm" —Talk in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 8-30 "Riding the Storm"—Talk in English. 8-45 Sound news. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 War commentary 9-55 Listening Post. 10 A I R Orchestra. 10-10 Bhajan. 10-20 Marathi Pad. 10-30 Sitar recital. 10-40 Chorus. by A I R artists.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bom. 1. 8-5 Abhangs 8-15 Vinayak Rao Harshe. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bom. 1. 8-40 Tarana. 8-50 A I R Trio. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1. 12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 4-15 to 5-25 As in Bombay 1 5-25 Narottamdas: Sarangi recital. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Kabirdasji Bhajan. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Y. S. Palekar. 8-15 G. S Yellapurkar. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Sardabai Karadgekar. 9-30 Gretel Sommer: Violin. 9-45 Julia Wortmann: Soprano. 9-55 The London Philharmonic Orchestra. 10 Esther Trindade: Pianoforte. 10-15 Philharmonic Orchestra of New York. 10-25 Egidio Verga: Violoncello

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far-East. 5 Gauhar Sultan. 5-15 Bundu Khan: Sarangi recital. 5-30 Abdul Haq. 5-40 Asad Ali Khan. 6-15 For women. 7 Abdul Ghani. 7-15 England against the Invader, 4: Talk in Hindustani. 7-30 Bundup Khan: Sarangi recital. 7-45 For villagers. 8-30 Books I have been reading 8-45 Gauhar Sultan. 9-45 It has happened or Aaiganji on Sarod. 9-50 Abdul Haq. 10 Asad Ali Khan. 10-20 Abdul Ghani. 10-30 Gauhar Sultan.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. Modern tunes in Bengali Songs. 5-50 Modern Tunes in Bengali Songs. 6 Surprise Items. 6-5 Modern Tunes in Bengali songs. 6-25 For Rural Areas. 7-20 Kaaasyer Upalabdhi, or The Mystery Unveiled: Discourse. 7-50 Gouri Bose. 8 Maran-Doia: Feature on "Fifth Column" schemes. 8-30 Gouri Bose. 9 Tuning in the U.S.A., 2: America's First Lady, by Louise Rankin. 9-55 A Tale of Four Cities, 4: Rome: A fantasy. 10-10 Scenes from Shakespeare, 1: Julius Caesar—Act, 4, Scene 3, within the tent of Brutus. 10-20 A Matter of Course: Humorous sketch.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Educational broadcast for children. 4-30 Ballet Suite "Le Beau Danube. 5 Sempoonarkoil R. Govindaswami Pillai and Brothers: Nagaswaram. 5-45 Dandapani Desigar. 6-5 S. V. Krishnamurti. 6-30 Shrimati G. K. Sampoornam. 7 Vox Populi: Fortnightly symposium in Tamil of Labour opinion. 7-15 Commercial news 7-20 News in Telugu. 7-35 News in Tamil. 7-50 Sempoonarkoil Govindaswami Pillai and Brothers: Nagaswaram. 8-30 Kalabhashini, 4: Play. 9 The school of Woods, 3: Talk. 9-45 War commentary relayed from B B C. 9-55 Listening Post. 10 Jack Hylton and his Orchestra. 10-10 Symphony Orchestra. 10-20 Samuel Gnanavoliyu: Violin.

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s)

5 p.m Instrumental overture. 5-15 T. S. Tatachar: Violin. 5-5 K. V. Kesava Bhagavatar. 6-30 For Villages. 7 N. C. Vasantakokilam. 7-15 Shab-i-Miraj: Talk. 7-50 K. V. Kesava Bhagavatar 8-30 T. S. Tatachar: Violin. 9-45 War commentary relayed from B B C. 9-55 Listening Post: B B C Talk.

"RIDING THE STORM"

The "Storm" which is sweeping the world to-day is about to be brought to bay by the Allied Armies. They will be celebrating the completion of the second year of a successful resistance to, even a gradual overthrowing of, the menace of unwarranted aggression, on September 3rd. In its preparation, All-India Radio, Bombay, is broadcasting a series of 5-minute talks in English, Gujarati and Marathi. The first series —"Riding the Storm"—started last Monday and will last for a week. Next week there will be a fresh series. These talks are broadcast daily in Gujarati at 9 a.m., in Marathi at 7-50 p.m. and in English at 8-25 p.m.

Pilgrim Flights

Many famous shrines lie close to Tata Air Lines: e.g. the temples of Dwarka and Palitana (nearest Airport Ahmedabad), and the Buddhist relics of Ceylon. A pilgrimage by air often costs no more than by any other first-class route because the Tata passage covers all expenses, including food and drink on the way, hotel accommodation at a night stop—even tips. The time saved by flying often makes an otherwise impossible journey easy to arrange.

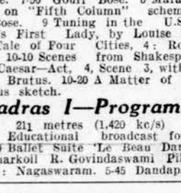
LUXURY *SAFETY*

From the time you go to the airport of departure, Tata staff look after every detail for you. Flying above dust and heat, you stay cool and fresh, and lose no time after arrival.

Every Tata 'plane is inspected before each flight, controls and engines are checked, and a daily certificate of airworthiness is given by an engineer licensed by Government.

TATA AIR LINES
TATA SONS LIMITED
Flying Hours

ROUTE 1 (Southern Section): 4 services a week both ways.



ROUTE 1 (Northern Section): BOMBAY—AHMEDABAD—BHUJ—KARACHI 5½ flying hours. 4 services a week both ways.

Full details and bookings at Tata Air Line Offices in Bombay, Delhi, Karachi and all Airports — also from Travel Agents everywhere.

IT PAYS TO FLY IN INDIA

New York Market Awaits Decision On Freezing Bill

NARROW PRICE MOVEMENT

Weather Unfavourable Increasing Insects

BOMBAY, August 19.

THE NEW YORK COTTON MARKET WAS ANXIOUSLY AWAITING THE FINAL DECISION ON THE FREEZING BILL. THERE WAS RESTRICTED TURNOVER ON MONDAY AND PRICES FLUCTUATED WITHIN A NARROW RANGE OF 7 POINTS ONLY.

It seems that all known factors are fully discounted and operators on the New York Cotton Exchange are anxiously awaiting fresh developments.

The final decision on the Freezing Bill will have a marked effect on the course of prices. It is feared that President Roosevelt might veto the Bill. It is argued that when there is demand for cotton, it is no sense to hold back loan stocks, but the agriculturai Bloc is anxious to get 20 cents level for the American cotton. Thus much depends upon the final decision and naturally operators are awaiting the result. In the meantime there was restricted business on the New York Cotton Exchange on Monday where prices fluctuated within a narrow range of 7 pts.

The market was listless influenced by orders either way on trade buying and hedging with traders sidelining pending action on the freezing bill. Weather and insect complaints from important parts of the belt attracted profit-taking and hedging. Revised Government loan holdings on August 1st were 6,460,000 bales. Last week's weather was generally rather unfavourable and stimulated insects.

At the opening October was quoted 2 pts up at 16.11, which was the highest level. Thereafter there was increased selling and Oct. declined to 16.04, which was lowest level for the day. The market finally closed at a rise of 2 pts to unchanged. Spot cotton prices improved one point at 16.70c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and with a restricted business closed at a decline of 1 to 3 pts. Spot cotton prices declined one point at 15.72c per lb.

LOSS OF EASTERN EXPORTS

Messrs Anandilal Podar and Co. State:— Prospects of 11 million bales internal consumption in current season larger weevil damage and fears that lower prices will induce farmers to place more cotton into the loan being offset by increasing hedge selling. The revised Government loan holding on August 1st are estimated at 64,80,000 bales. Another Lease and Lend Bill when agreed and passed, will surely not allow artificial deflation, despite strong checks.

Indian exports having received credit on contracts entered into with Far-East prior to 26th July, coupled with supplementing demand from U.K., narrowed Oomra Broach parity. As freight becomes available, it is believed this should reduce local stock by about 2 lac bales. Much interest will be evinced in the forthcoming Government conference on September 8th concerning cotton, yarn and piecegoods, and high hopes are entertained over Government support for the loss of Eastern exports. Reports from the Far-East are both hot and cold, but President Roosevelt's baiting and evasive attitude seems to deter any immediate clash.

TRADING IN COTTON MARKET

THE LOCAL COTTON MARKET WILL CLOSE AT 3 P. M. ON FRIDAY, THE 22ND INST.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 16.11+02 (10 a.m.); Lowest 16.04—05 (10-9 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market narrow and featureless. Closed steady.

RANA'S 19 AUGUST

NEW YORK COTTON
New York: August 18.

October	16.10+01
December	16.28+01
January	16.28+01
March	16.39+02
May	16.39
July	16.34+01
Middling Spot	16.70+01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New Orleans: August 18.

October	16.07—01
December	16.27—01
March	16.39—03
May	16.38—03
July	16.32—02
Midddling Spot	15.72—01
January	16.28—02

NEW YORK COTTON
New York: August 18.

	11 a.m. Call	Noon Call
October	16.11	16.08
December	16.28	16.26
March	16.39	16.38

N. YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York: August 18.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports 11,000 bales

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: August 19.

Following a rise of one point in New York cotton futures the local market was expected to open at Rs. 20i for Broach A/M delivery, but Eastern auvices being unfavourable the market opened quiet at Rs. 25i/8 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 250/4 on general selling. Professional element is making attempts to depress prices. At the decline there was scattered buying and with cessation of selling prices recovered to Rs. 257.

Under scattered buying prices recovered to Rs. 258, but with renewed selling prices again reacted to Rs. 257/4. The market closed at 3 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A	Rs. 211/-
Broach A/M	Rs. 256/-
Oomra D/J	Rs. 196/-
Bengal D/J	Rs. 149/-

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1941/42	1940/41
F. P. Bales.		
Receipts to date 18-8-41	163000	173000
Receipts yesterday 18-8-41	11000	13000
Export to date 15-8-41	28000	35000
Stock at Ports 15-8-41	3169000	2480000
Stock at interior towns do	2079000	1906000
Stock at Liverpool 15-8-41	.....	.....
Visible supply 15-8-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 15-8-41	268000	217000
Quantity out of sight 15-8-41	.....	.....

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay: August 19.

RECEIPTS INTO BOM. OF IND. COTTON In full-pressed bales. 2 days. Since 1st Septr.

	This year.	Last year
Khandesh	100,995	55,591
Central India	148,994	109,361
Barsi and Nagar	124,726	114,118
Hyderabad/Gaorani	50,825	47,970
Berar	385,794	318,618
Central Provinces	77,927	76,962
Total Oomras	889,261	722,620
Dholeras	102,161	89,297
N.-W. Provinces	2,049	26,079
Rajputana	6,778	35,228
Sind-Punjab 2,422	575,244	380,976
Broach	299,776	408,949
Coompta and Dharwar	151,885	52,115
Westerns-Northerns	112,375	37,765
Cocoanada	239	86
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	15,869	1,412
Total 2,422	2,147,500	1,754,827
Arrived by road to 14th August 1941	366,133	339,387

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 632 cent pts at Ex. 33i.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: August 18.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach A/M	263 3/4	250	264 1/4
Oomra D/J	202	198	200 1/4
Bengal D/J	152 1/2	150 1/2	151 1/2

London Stock Exchange

London: August 18.

The Stock Exchange was generally firm with renewed investment demand mainly for Gilt-edged Securities, Home Rails leading Industrials arising out of Government call-up of certain Canadian Securities. Among Industrials Courtaulds, Woolworth Breweries recorded useful gains, while Shippings went further ahead. Cape support responsible rises. Among speculatives Kaffirs were favourites. South American Rails continued firm, but Jap Bonds tended easier.

Bullion Market Closed

Bombay: August 19.

The local Bullion Market remained entirely closed to-day

Seeds Market Closed

Bombay: August 19.

The Seeds Traders' Association market remained closed to-day.

WALL-STREET MARKET

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:— Dollars

Electric Bond and Share Dol.5 Pfd	53 1/2
Electric Power and Light Pfd	34 1/2
American Telephone and Telegraph	152 3/8
New York Central R.R.	12 5/8
Western Union Telegraph	27 1/2
Union Pacific R.R.	81 1/2
Texas Corporation	41 5/8
Dupont de Nemours	157 1/8
Eaton Manufacturing	32 3/4
National City Bank of New York	27 1/4
N.Y. Chicago and St. Louis 6 p.c. Pfd	44 1/2
Australia 5 per cent 1955 Loan	73 1/2
United States Steel	58
Crucible Steel	41
Crucible Steel Pfd	86 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	68 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	28 3/8
Int. Nickel of Canada	26 3/8
Chrysler Motors	57 1/4
General Motors	38
Socony	9
Consolidated Oil	5 7/8
Sears Roebuck	70

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSED

Bombay: August 19.

Owing to a Jain (1st Paryushan Day) Holiday, the Market remained closed to-day.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: August 18.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£ 69 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£ 89 5/8
Indian Stock 3 1/2 p.c. 1931 or later	£ 98 5/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£ 81 3/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£106 1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	£105 5/16
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£114 1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£111 5/8
Chartered Bank of I.A. & China	£8 15/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London register)	£ 74
National Bank of India	£ 32

LONDON RUBBER

London: August 18.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per lb. 13-3/4.

LONDON SILVER

London: August 18.

Spot	23 7/16
Forward	23 7/16

LONDON GOLD

London: August 18.

Gold bars fine per Oz. £8/8/0

LONDON EXCHANGES

T T London on New York 4.02 1/2-4.03 1/2, Madrid 40.50, Montreal 4.45/4.47, Berne 17.30/17.40, Stockholm 16,86/16.96.

LONDON WHEAT

London: August 18.

Rozario Santa Fe 21-10 1/2 Aug. quoted
Barletta Russo 20-9 August quoted.
South Australian 27-5 August quoted.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: August 19.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 7/32 Two months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 1/4 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Four months.
B. C. RATES:—
T T 1/6 29/32; D D 1/6 29/32
Banks selling T T 1/6 15/16; D D 1/6 15/16
Banks buying T T 1/6d; D D 1/6 3/32
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 333 1/4 D D Rs. 333 1/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 330; D D Rs. 328 1/2
Cross Rates Dol 4.02 1/2 3 1/2
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 303; D D Rs. 303
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4; D D Rs. 296 1/4
Cross Rates Dol 4.43/47
JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56.
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/59
JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Cross Rates Sh 1/3 1/3
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/95
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 155
Cross Rates Sh 2/4 5/32 7/32
HONGKONG:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 85 1/4; D D Rs. 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/8; D D Rs 81 1/2
SHANGHAI:—
Cross Rates Sh 1/3 1/32
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh. 0-3
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pes. 19.5, 21.5.
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rate Esc 99.80, 100.20
NEW YORK:—
Cross Rates Dol 4.03 1/4
Japan Banks buying 60 days not quoting
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 7/16 Ready; 23 7/16 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.
1 to 5 months 1/2 per cent.
6 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Easy.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay: August 19.

Linseed	September	6	5 6
Linseed	May	9	4 3
Wheat	September	4	12 6
Wheat	January	5	0 6
Wheat	May	6	6 9

Cotton Interests Meeting In Bombay

CALCUTTA. Aug. 18.

The best measures of securing an assured flow of supplies as and when required by the Government will be discussed at a meeting of cotton interests in the country, proposed by the Hon. Commerce and Supply Member of the Government of India to be held in Bombay on September 8.

The meeting will also discuss problems arising out of the present trend of prices of cotton yarn and piecegoods.

The various millowners associations in the provinces have been invited to send their delegations to the meeting.—A. P.

Madras Govt.'s Loans To Farmers

MADRAS, Aug. 16.

The Madras Government have ordered that loans may be advanced to ryots under the Land Improvement and Agricultural Loans Act to meet any special cultivation expenses entailed during extraordinary conditions brought about by floods or cyclone. Such loans will not be given for normal agricultural operations. These will be repayable in two years, instead of one year.—A. P.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS

Bombay: August 19.

1981 bags dry dates, 400 bags zeera white 134 bags poppy seed, 200 bdls M S round bars, 143 bdls galvd iron wire, 217 bdls iron black sheet, 99 bags flat iron, 350 bdls G iron plain sheets, 600 bdls galvd steel plain sheets, 60 bdls attari, 49 cases cotton pcegoods, 145 c/s school slates, 76 c/s bullock nails, 73 c/s tin plates, 333 c/s iron wire nails, 585 nongs M S flat, 53 nos empty cylinders, 27 bls wool raw, 12966 bls raw cotton.

EXPORTS

Bombay: August 19.

200 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton Nissho Co Ltd; 90 bls cotton grey yarn Sankalchand G Shah and Co; 20 bls cotton pcegoods Keshavji Virji and Co; 40 bls cotton pcegoods Harilal Shankarlal; 82 bls cotton pcegoods C Ujamsibhoy; 50 bls cotton pcegoods The Central Trading Co; 25 bls cotton pcegoods C Kasturchand; 50 bls cotton pcegoods G N Musry; 12 bls cotton grey yarn G N Musry.

INDIAN CUSTOMS REVENUE

Total Indian Sea and Land Customs excluding Salt amounted to Rs. 3,90,47,000 for the month of July against Rs. 2,76,45,000 in July 1940 and Rs. 3,72,72,000 in July 1939. For the first four months of 1941 total revenue is Rs. 14,54,50,000 against Rs. 12,82,61,000 and Rs. 15,35,52,000 for the same period in 1940 and 1939 respectively. Net Central Excise Revenue in July 1941 amounted to Rs. 95,92,000 against Rs. 58,07,000 in July 1940.

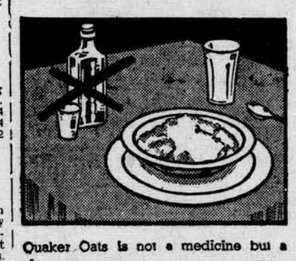
AUDITED RAILWAY RETURNS

	For May 1941.	Increase + or Decrease — when compared with May 1940.	From 1-1-41 to 31-5-41	Increase + or Decrease — when compared with corresponding period of previous year.
	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
Tapti Valley Rly.	3,07,037	+ 3,513	16,58,628	+1,94,216
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly.	1,02,142	—20,111	5,72,771	+ 67,859
			From 1-4-41 to 31-5-41	
Guzerat Railways	46,930	—10,265	94,543	— 12,975
			From 1-10-40 to 31-5-41	
Central Prov. Rlys.	57,841	— 2,632	5,17,961	+ 66,672
Mandra Bhon Rly.	15,600	— 1,036	1,48,256	+ 24,944
Sialkot Narowal Rly.	45,060	+ 6,125	3 80,909	+ 86,341

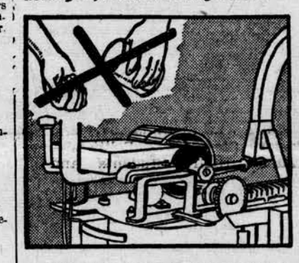
MAKE YOUR SHIRA

MORE NOURISHING MORE DELICIOUS WITH QUAKER OATS

Quaker Oats is made from grain grown in the sunny oat fields of Canada, where climate and soil combine to produce the most nourishing oats you can buy.



Quaker Oats is not a medicine but a delicious cent per cent food containing nothing objectionable to vegetarians.



Quaker Oats is untouched by human hands throughout the entire process of its preparation.

Prepare your "Shira" the usual way substituting Quaker Oats for Suji or Rava. You will be thrilled at its fine flavour and grand taste. It will be so much more nourishing too. For Quaker Oats is rich in all the elements needed for strong, sturdy development—for health and strength.

Quaker Oats abound in Thiamin (Vitamin B-1). This precious food vitamin nourishes the nerves, creates energy, aids digestion. It is an absolute daily necessity to perfect health.

Quaker Oats is delicious too. Serve it to all your family. It can easily be prepared in many different, delightful ways. It is a pure vegetarian food that conforms to all religious dietary laws. Buy a tin today—enjoy better health.

EAT IT Regularly

QUAKER OATS

What do children like that's good for them?

WALTERS' Palm TOFFEE

The fine quality sugar and rich cow's milk are so good for the children (and for you, too!) Bombay Agents: Gilbert & Co., Sir Phiroshaw Mehta Road.

Khandwa Municipality To Be Dissolved?

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, August 18.

It is understood that orders will shortly be issued dissolving the Khandwa Municipality, where a deadlock continues due to the Government's appointment of President contrary to the desire of the majority party.

GANDHI ASTROLOGER

On family, love, profession, health, wealth, journeys, luck in lotteries, races, etc., lucky number, colour and days by monthly details for 1 year Rs 3. Weekly Rs. 10. V. P. P. As. 5 State birth details or sex, age, writing time Hanuman Ashramam, Tirutani, S. India.

NEW YORK COTTON TEN POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICE.

OCTOBER

New York, August 19

Previous closing	15.10
To-day's opening	15.10
Difference	nil
To-day's closing	15.20
Difference	+10

BROACH EXPECTATION.

Broach July/August	Rs. 212-8
Broach April/May	Rs. 258-0

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, August 19

The New York cotton was quietly steady with possible indefinite delay in farm legislation hampering operations, consequently movements were very much restricted.

Trading in October started at 15.10 i.e. unchanged from the last close. Prices steadied on stray trade and local support but apart from this traders continued to hold off pending further developments.

The following are opening ranges:—

October (16.11/11) 16.10/10
December (16.30/30) 16.26/26
March (16.39/38) 16.36/36

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London, August 19

Castorseeds August September (£20 7/8) £20 7/8 quoted

Linseed Bombay Calcutta August September (£20 5/8) £20 5/8 quoted

Linseed La Plata September (£12 1/4) £12 1/4 quoted

Groundnut Coromandal Coast August September (£19) £19 quoted

HIDES

Dundee August/Sept. (£53) £53 nominal
Lightning Aug/Sept (£49) £49 nominal

RUBBER

Spot (13 11/16d paid and value) 13 11/16d value

Forward November (13 11/16d value) 13 11/16d value

LONDON METALS

Tin (£257 1/2 buyers; £257 3/4 sellers. Quiet) £257 1/4 buyers; £257 1/2 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62

Lead (£25) £25

Glasgow Iron No. 8 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, August 19

Previous closing	4.03 1/4
To-day's opening	4.03 1/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, August 19

Previous closing	4.02 1/4 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD

London, August 19

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, August 19

Spot (23 7/16d) 23 7/16d nil
Forward (23 7/16d) 23 7/16d nil

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32) 1-5 31/32
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.33) 30.33
London on Shanghai (0-2 11/16 to 0-3) 0-3 3/16 sellers.
London on Kobe not quoted.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.

4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent

6 months (1 1/2 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS.

London, August 19

There was no trading during the night session.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, August 19

The market ruled quiet to-day. Cojia, Cottons, Teas, Jutes and popular miscellaneous industrials were unchanged, while speculative Engineering issues ruled more or less at yesterday's prices. Government securities ruled firm.

The following are closing quotations:—

Government securities: 3 per cent loan 1951-54 99/12; 3 per cent loan 1963-65 96/2; 3 per cent Defence Bonds 1946 102/1; 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 96; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 111/8 small lot; 3 per cent U P Loan 1962 99/5; 3 per cent Assam Loan 1965 98/4.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1570; Conty 385; Reserve 108.

Railways: Barasat Basirhat Railway 57; Howrah Amta Railway 104; Hoshiarpur Railway 103 odd lot.

Cottons: Basanti ord 4/10; pref 7; Bengal Nagpur 15/15; Bowreah ord 297 small lot; do A pref 237; do B pref 94 small lots; Cawnpore Textiles 8/8; Dhakeswari 17/6; Dunbar 244/8; Elgin Mills ord 24/8; Kesoram 8; Murlidhar pref 98 ex div ct; New Victoria ord 3/12; Pref 6/4.

Coals: Amalgamated 25/2; Burrakur 14/1; Central Kurkend 14/10; Churulia 1/12; Dhemo Main 12/12; Equitable 35/12; New Beerbhoom 16/9; New Manbhoom 46/6; Pench Valley 33/12; Samla 2/2; Talcher 1/13; West Jamuria 29/8.

Jutes: Alexandra 221; Alliance 319; Pref 121 small lot; Anglo-India 350 small lot; Baily 235; Belvedere 401; Birla 28/12; Budge Budge 368 small lots; Clive 26/7; Craig 2/3; Hastings pref 140/8 ct; Hooghly pref 20/8; Howrah 55; Hukumchand 12; Pref 140 small lot India 359 small odd lot; Kamarhatty 630; Megna 47/12; Lansdowne 157; Naskarpara 18; Nuddea 65/4; Presidency 5/7; Reliance 59/8; Soorah pref 140.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 4/5; Indian Copper 2/1; Karanpura Development 9/12; Bengal Potteries 10/1 small lot; Dalmia Cement ord 13/4 small odd lot; Defd 2/12 small odd lot; Alkali Chemical ord 19 small odd lot; Pref 121 small lot; Ajmer Elec 13; Benares Elec 11/8; Bhagalpure Elec 11/8; Dacca Elec ord 17/4; Pref 14/14 small odd lot; Britannia Building and Iron 11/4; Britannia Eng 11/6; British India Elec Cons 8/8; Burn Co ord 425; do 6 per cent pref 151/8 ct; Hukumchand Steel ord 14/2; Indian Iron and Steel 31/12; Indian Steel and Wire Products ord 59/4 small odd lot; Defd 39/2; National Iron and Steel 9/6; Steel Corpn ord 19/8; Pref 120; B I Corpn ord 44/11; Calcutta Trams ord 17/7 Dunlop Rubber ord 42; Second pref 121; Indian Cables 28/4; Indian Rubber Manfg 29/10; Ivan Jones 2/11; National Safe Deposit as. 12; British Burma Petroleum 3/1; Benzal Paper 129; India Paper Pulp 152 small lot; Mysore Paper 15/15; Orient Paper ord 14/4 small lot; do old pref 107/8; Sree Gopal Paper 12/13; Star Paper 12/1; Titaghur Paper Pref ord 6; ord 19/13; do first pref 205; Rumayun Property pref 10/14 small odd lot; Midnapore Zemindary 7/8 c div.

Sugars: Carew and Co ord 12/1; Buland 18/12; Champaran 15/13; New Savan 10/2; Dyer Meakin Breweries 10/4; Taza 18/8.

Teas: Bishnauth 26/10 ex div; Central Cachar 56; Arcuttipore 13/4 small odd lot; Ellen Barrie 340; Hattikhira 20/14; Tezpore 8/5 ct.

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge Debs 99/4; 3 1/4 per cent 1966/76 Rangoon Municipal Debs 100/10 small lot; 6 per cent 1944/47 Sree Gopal Paper Debs 105.—A.P.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, August 19

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £98 5/8

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, August 19

5 per cent 1958/68 (£103 1/2) £103 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£81 3/4) £81 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 1/2) £106 1/2
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 3/4) £99 3/4
4 per cent Funding Loan (£114 1/4) £114 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 3/16) £106 1/8
New York Loan (£101 7/16) £101 7/16
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£111 5/8) £111 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (13-9) 13-10
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (37-6) 37-9
Electric Music Industry (12-1) 12-1
Princnin Johnson (23-0) 23-1
Imperial Chemicals (32-0) 32-0
Woolworth New Ordinary (58-0) 59-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates (£53 1/2) £53 1/2
Dundee River (36-4) 36-4
Unilever Ordinary (25-10) 25-10
Ford Motors (21-10) 21-10
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£53/8) £4 3/8
British American Tobacco Ordinary (£ 3/8) £4 3/8
Carress 'A' (£4 29/32) £4 15/16
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (£5 3/4) £5 3/4
P and O Def (28-1) 27-10
Distillers (68-5) 68-6
Bredfords Dye (6-0) 7-0
British Celanese (6-1) 6-1
J and P Coates (16-9) 16-10
Courtaulds Ordinary (32-0) 32-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-5) 4-5
Vickers Limited Ordinary (16-4) 16-4
Inter Nickel (doi 40 3/4) doi 40 3/4
Indian Iron (48-9) 48-9

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (27-6) 27-6
Empire of India (18-9) 18-9

JUTE

Barnagore (£7) £7

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (15-0) 15-0
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (26-9) 26-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (17-6) 17-6
Burma Corporation (6-0 Ex Div) 6-0
Rio Tintos (£6) £6
East Rand Properties (£2 7/32) £2 7/32
Rand Mines (£7) £7

MINE SHARES

Crown (£10 1/2) £10 1/2
Associated Portland Cement (55-7) 55-0
Trinidad Leasehold (65-7) 65-7
Sub Nigel (£7 1/16) £7 1/16
Spring Mines Split Shares (£1 3/32) £1 1/16
Union Corporation (145-0) 145-0

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (28-9) 28-9
Anglo India (35-7) 35-7
Burma Oil (£2 13/16) £2 13/16
Mexican Eagle (8-7) 8-7
Shell Transport (£2 7/16) £2 15/32
Royal Dutch (£19) £19

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£38 1/2) £40 1/4
London Midland Ordinary (£15 1/4) £15 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 3/4) £1 3/4
London Southern Defd (£13 1/4) £14
London Transport 5 per cent (£123) £123
London Transport (£44) £44

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, August 19

New York Stock Exchange opening prices: General Motors dol 38 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 28 3/8
United States Steel Common dol 57 1/2 ex-dividend.
United States Steel Preference unquoted

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, August 19

Cotton Sind January 20/3; Punjab January 15/7/9; American January 21/4; dull.

Wheat September 34/15; November 35/11/9, quiet.

Gram September 32/1/3; November 32/12.

Toria September 43/9; November 43/9/3.

Cottonseed September 21/6/6; January 20/10/6.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS.

Tenders for Rs. One crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 19th August, 1941. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,59,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-0 allotted approximately 2 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-6-11 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Monday, the 25th August 1941. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 29th August, 1941. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 15th August 1941, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,90,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

B. E. S. T. EARNINGS

Gross receipts for July, 1941:

	Rupees For July, 1941.	Rupees Up to the end of July, 1941.
*Electric Supply	8,33,936	53,22,447
Traction (Trams & Omnibuses)	7,56,218	51,26,028

Increase over same period last year 5,36,976

*Exclusive of supply to Tramways.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, August 19

The All-India Weather chart upto 8 hours on Tuesday with shade temperature and maximum and minimum rainfall for past 24 hours, since 1st June, and departure from the normal is as under:—

Stations.	Maximum	Minimum	Rainfall for 24 hrs.	Since 1st June.	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	81	78	0.9	58.4	+2.5
Calcutta	90	78	0.5	54.7	+22.7
Cuttack	91	85	—	35.0	+5.5
Ranchi	79	72	0.1	49.2	+15.8
Patna	91	81	0.1	18.7	−9.0
Benares	84	80	0.1	11.9	−11.9
Allahabad	88	78	0.9	13.3	
Cawnpore	92	77	0.2	13.2	−7.3
Lucknow	91	78	0.7	15.5	−7.5
Delhi	90	80	—	7.8	−7.7
Lahore	93	80	—	7.5	−3.1
Sialkot	88	77	0.5	14.6	−1.5
Rangoon	89	79	0.2	70.9	+18.1
Nagpur	86	74	T	31.9	+2.3
BOMBAY	84	78	0.1	26.3	−25.6
Ratnagiri	84	77	0.5	45.7	−29.5
Ahmednagar	84	73	—	4.1	−5.9
Poona	83	73	—	16.2	+1.7
Sholapur	88	72	—	7.2	−4.6
Hyderabad (Deccan)	85	73	0.1	9.1	−5.9
Mysore	82	68	—	7.3	+0.6
Calicut	87	75	0.4	72.4	−3.1
Madras	99	81	—	6.9	−1.7
Simla	66	59	T	36.1	−0.3
Panchmarhi	—	—	2.0	44.7	−4.2
Colombo	85	77	0.1	16.5	+1.4
Bhavnagar	90	79	—	25.1	+11.4
Jacobabad	102	85	—	—	−2.0
Hyderabad (Sind)	102	82	—	6.1	+1.2
Karachi	87	81	—	1.8	−3.4
Rajkot	91	77	—	19.6	+0.7
Ahmedabad	87	79	—	43.0	+21.3
Bhopal	85	73	2.9	22.9	
Indore	79	73	2.4	25.2	+4.6
Mahableshwar	66	61	2.1	160.3	−42.3
Baroda	87	77	T	37.5	
Belgaum	78	68	0.3	35.8	+4.3
Bijapur	86	70	—	5.7	−1.4
Dalhousie	68	62	2.3	44.8	+0.1
Mount Abu	74	62	—	27.5	+16.9
Ootacamund	64	53	—	22.4	+3.0
Jodhpur	85	80	—	3.3	−4.4
Gwalior	91	78	0.2	8.5	

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.

Heavy Rain In C. P. And Central India

POONA, August 19.

There has been widespread locally heavy rain in Central India and West Central Provinces. Rainfall has also been widespread in Bengal, East United Provinces, Berar, Konkan, Maabar, local in Assam, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, East Central Provinces, East Rajputana and Bombay Deccan. A few falls occurred in West United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, Northwest Frontier Province, Gujarat, Hyderabad and Southeast Madras.

Forecast until 20th evening: Widespread and locally heavy rain will fall in West Central Provinces, West Central India, Northeast Gujarat, East Rajputana. Rainfall will also be widespread in West United Provinces and extend to West Rajputana and the remaining portions of Gujarat. Elsewhere the prevailing weather will continue.—A.P

Rain Havoc In Sirohi State

(From A Correspondent.)

SIROHI, (By Mail.)

Road-and-rail communications with Sirohi capital town and all over the State have been cut off since 13th instant. In Sirohi town proper, it rained 20 inches in 18 hours.

Prajamandal workers are taking keen interest in giving relief to the affected people and rescuing the lives and properties of people and animals all over the State, and great relief has been given to the people with their aid.

The State Government is also not lagging behind in their efforts, and they have exempted forest duty on articles needed for the reconstructions of the houses and huts.

CITY'S RAINFALL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Rainfall for 24 hours ending with eight this morning, varied from 0.14 at Colaba to 0.39 in J. J. Hospital. Rainfalls recorded at St Georges and Matunga, were 0.27 and 0.24. The total rainfall so far recorded is 26.35" which is 25.61 inches below normal. The maximum temperature was 83.9deg. which was one degree below normal, while the minimum temperature was 77.8deg. which is 2deg above normal.

Forecast for to-morrow is not available

PETROL RATIONING IN BANGALORE

BANGALORE, August 18.

Rationing of motor spirit will come into force in the civil and military station, Bangalore, with effect from September 1, according to a press communique.

Australian Knight For Mysore Convocation

BANGALORE, Aug 19.

It is understood that an invitation has been extended to and accepted by Sir Bertram Stevens, Australian representative on the Eastern Group Council, to deliver the Convocation address of the Mysore University to be held at Mysore on October 4.—A. P.

PLEA TO RELAX PETROL RATIONING SCHEME

(From A Correspondent.)

The Committee of the Association of Indian Industries Bombay, have addressed a communication dated the 16th August, 1941, to the Government of India regarding Petrol Rationing, pointing out that the present scheme is unduly harsh, so far as small and medium small industries are concerned, and that if it is not relaxed in the case of small industrial establishments they could be greatly handicapped. It is therefore urged that the basic rations fixed under the scheme be sufficiently increased.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 19th Aug. 1941:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.042 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.8 deg.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.8 deg.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 83.9 deg (1.0 below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 77.8 deg. (2.0 above normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 83 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W S W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 16 miles per hr.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 200 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours. 35 miles per hr

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy, eq. 10) 10.

Rain in 24 hours 0.14 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 4.23".

Total rainfall during the year 26.42".

Weather Remark: Rain.

ARTISTES AID FLOOD RELIEF

Variety Entertainment With Novel Features

A packed audience witnessed on Sunday evening, the grand variety entertainment organised by the Pragati Samaj at Sunderbai Hall in aid of the Gujarat Flood Relief Fund under the presidentship of Mr. K. M. Munshi. Mr. Jamnadas Rajput, the president of the Samaj, welcomed the president, Mr. Mahadeo Desai and the audience.

Mr. Munshi, in his brief speech, referred to the calamity that had befallen Gujarat and congratulated the Pragati Samaj on its splendid efforts to collect funds through a delightful concern and handed over to Mr Mahadeo Desai a cheque of Rs 5,501 out of the proceeds of the show

Mr. Mahadeo Desai paid a tribute to the Pragati Samaj for its spontaneous undertaking to raise funds so urgently needed for relief work in Gujarat thanked the audience for their encouraging response and appealed for more funds.

Dr. Vyas thanked the artistes for their co-operation and Mr. I. B. Patel thanked Messrs Munshi and Mahadev Desai and the audience

TABLEAUX AND MUSIC

The programme, which provided a rich and varied fare and which was under the able direction of Natraj Vashi, was highly appreciated. Its novel feature was two tableau items "Temptation of Buddha" and "Cultural Unity of India" designed by the well-known artistes Messrs. Ahivasi and Shukla, who had also designed settings for the first item "Students Orchestra." Classical music, vocal and instrumental, of high order was supplied by Kumar Gandharva, Miss Shalini Kudav and the Students' Orchestra of the School of Indian Music of Prof. Deodhar.

Mrs. Sumati Daru with the co-operation of Messrs Chiman Sheth, Provinkumar and her party presented in her distinctive style two compositions "Deepotsava" and "Victims of Flood" which depicted the typical life of Gujarat. The appeal of the latter, which was reminiscent of the recent calamity, was reinforced by the settings and sound-effects by Mr. Jayaman Daru.

VARIETIES OF DANCE TECHNIQUES

The Manipuri technique was represented by Pandit Nabakumar Sinha's school of dancing. Miss Medha Yodh was admirably graceful in her movements and perfectly free and expressive in the interpretation of joy of "Varsha Nritya." "Lai Maroha" presented by Mr. Narendrakumar and a group of well-trained girls had a strong traditional fervour

The Kathorla technique was illustrated by an impressive group-dance by the Navinyakalalaya. Master Mohanlal Pande was at his best in his role of Krishna. Miss Rohini Wagle reasserted her talents by interpreting the role of Radha with precision and complete freedom. The group-dance was ably supported by Miss Malati, who is well-founded in the Kathala technique, and by a group of girls including Sudha the youngest of all.

Mr. Mahendra Modi—a talented artiste—contributed two interesting dances—"Kartikeya" and "Pradosha Tandava" in the Kathakali technique and displayed all the forcefulness demanded by the episodes. Baby Anjali, whose art is more progressive than her years, presented two arresting dances with her characteristic, graceful and sprightly movements and gestures.

The programme was enlivened by comic skits by Mr. V. H. Desai the popular cine-artiste and included a charming flute-solo by Mr. Keshav Dhorda a song by Mr. Ninu Mazumdar and an item—"Rudkis" by Miss Urmila Ghia and her party.

HOW CHAIRMEN SHOULD VOTE

Madras Govt.'s Instructions To Municipal Councils

Cases having come to the notice of the Madras Government where doubts have been felt as to the time and manner of exercise by Chairmen of Municipal Councils of their first or ordinary vote and the second or casting vote. In order to clear such doubts, the Government have issued the following instructions which apply to local boards also:

The Chairman has a vote like every other Councillor. In every case of equality of votes, he has also, and is bound to exercise, a second or casting vote under Rule 5 of Scheduled III to the Madras District Municipalities Act 1920. As regards his first or ordinary vote, the Chairman is in exactly the same position as the other Councillors and his vote must be given at the same time and in the same manner as the votes of the other Councillors. Thus, if the voting is by a show of the Councillors' hands or by standing in their places, the Chairman should also lift his hand or stand in his place when the other Councillors voting in the same sense have to lift their hands or stand in their places. The Chairman is under a legal obligation to exercise his casting vote in every case of equality of votes irrespective of whether he has or has not exercised his ordinary or first vote as a Councillor

Another Lakh For Malabar Loans

MADRAS, Aug. 18.

The Collector of Malabar has been authorised by the Madras Government to incur expenditure upto Rs 1,00,000 in addition to an allotment of Rs. 76,000 already made in granting loans to cultivators under the Land Improvement and Agricultural Loans Act.—A. P.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 19/8/1941

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.8 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.95 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.75 inches.

For Correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

ROYAL NAVY WINS HINRICHS MEMORIAL SHIELD

Heavy Battery Defeated In Final By A Brace Of Goals

The final match in the Hinrichs Memorial Shield Tournament between the Royal Navy and the Heavy Battery was played off at the Cooperage on Tuesday evening. The Navy defeated the Gunner by a brace of goals both scored in the first half.

The weather conditions were ideal and the match was played at a fast pace. The sailors took charge of the attacking operations right from the start and before the game was many minutes old the Navy had a lucky goal scored through Old, their centre-forward. Thereafter they made many attempts to increase the load, but the Artillery defence held them at bay till five minutes before the interval. Higgins, the left back of the Battery, in trying to thwart a dangerous raid from the naval forwards, kicked into his own goal to the utter amazement of their custodian, Drynan.

After resumption, both sides tried hard to score but the defence managed to keep their respective goals intact. On the whole the Navy were deserving winners.

RESULT.

Royal Navy	2 goals.
Heavy Battery	Nil

TEAMS.

Royal Navy: Chapman; Stephenson and Quine; Rodgers, Davey and Waddell; Wright, Thomas Old, Fieldsend and Higgs.

Heavy Battery: Rynan; Rush and Higgins; Wooff, Lord and Jones; Nuthall, Apperby, New, Chapman and Burgess.

Referee: W. R Ridley.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

At the conclusion of the match Mr. D. Moir, President of the W.I.F.A., congratulated the winners and runners up and Mrs. G. E Tenay gave away the prizes. While presenting the prizes to the Y.M.C.A., winners of the Harwood League, a clock was presented to Mr J Callan, their General Secretary, for all that he has been doing for civilian football in Bombay.

TO-DAY'S MATCH

Hindus vs The Rest at 5-40 p.m.

Rovers Cup

Excellent Entries From Up-Country

Twenty-nine teams have entered for the Rovers Cup which is to premier Football Tournament in Western India. Among them are thirteen teams hailing from different parts of the country. They represent what may be called the cream of Indian football from North East, South and West. Mahomedan Sporting and East Bengal from Calcutta, Minerva Club from Madras, Bangalore Sporting from that famous centre of South Indias, Hyderabad Police from the leading Deccan State, Rajputana and Delhi Associations from their respective areas, Mahomedan Sporting from Quetta and the three teams from Peshawar will no doubt try their utmost to uphold the prestige of their own domains.

The military are not fully represented. Under the present circumstances, this is not possible. But the Kings open Scottish Borderers, Wiltshire Regiment and the Welch may be depended upon to fight for all their worth to regain the glory they have lost to the Indian teams.

The Tournament will commence on Monday, August 25, at the Co-operage.

THE PROSPECTS.

The result of the draw shows that the Mahomedan Sporting, holders, and Hyderabad Police, Shining Clubs from Peshawar or Y.M.C.A. and Minerva Club and Bangalore Sporting are likely to meet in the Quarter-finals of the top half. The Welch and East Bengal K.O.S.B. and Wiltshires may figure in the same round from the bottom half. There is little doubt that the engagements will be extremely interesting and the standard of football is very high indeed.

It will be noticed that the Bangalore Muslims, last year's runners-up, are absent from the list. This was due to their over-anxiety to strike the best financial bargains with the W.I.F.A. It stands to the credit of the Association that it resolutely refused to accept their unreasonable demands. It is however expected that most of the players of this team will be seen in the ranks of the Bangalore Sporting.

THE DRAW

The following is the result of the draw:—

FIRST QUARTER.

Mohamedan Sporting (Calcutta)—bye.
Apollo Rainbow—bye.
Cantonment Gymkhana (Peshawar) vs Royal Indian Navy.
Indian Football League vs Hyderabad Police.

SECOND QUARTER.

B. B. and C. I Railway vs Shining Club (Peshawar.)
Y.M.C.A. vs R.I.N. (Local D Flotilla)
Minerva F C. (Madras) vs W.I.A.A.
Khatau S. C. vs Bangalore Sporting.

THIRD QUARTER.

Welch Regiment vs B.E.S.T.
Mohamedan Sporting (Quetta) vs "Times of India."
Bombay City Police vs Delhi F.A.
Royal Navy (Bombay) vs East Bengal (Calcutta).

LAST QUARTER.

K.O.S.B vs Muslims S.C.
Bombay North vs Osmania F.C. (Peshawar).
Rajputana F.A vs Bombay Gymkhana.
Wiltshire Regiment—bye

CALCUTTA FOOTBALL LEAGUE

Calcutta, August 19

In the first division of the Calcutta Football League League the Aryans gave a walk-over to the Police.—A.P.

HARIJAN TENANTS DEMAND JUSTICE

Deorukhkar's Wire To Governor

Sjt. B. J. Deorukhkar, City Municipal Corporator has sent a telegram to the Governor of Bombay protesting against the orders issued under the Defence of India Act on 72 members of depressed classes to vacate B D D blocks at Naigam Nos. 3, 4 and 6 B plot occupied by Harijans for accommodating police under training at Naigam Bheadquarters and asking for cancellation of the same on the following grounds:

"That touchables in private buildings in the neighbourhood would not allow Harijans in their midst.

That these tenants are unwilling to move to Government vacant rooms at Worli and other localities on account of the distance from their places of work.

That two blocks occupied by Municipal staff be kindly vacated as occupants may be housed in Municipal chowls, and

"That Railway police occupying chawl No. 16 be kindly asked to vacate and shift to Worli chawls, thereby saving Harijans a lot of inconvenience.

Cricket Trophy For Suburban Schools

The Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Parvin Cricket Trophy Tournament writes:—

Maharaj Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji of Sant State has donated a Cricket Championship Trophy to be competed for by schools in Bombay Suburban District.

The Executive Committee to run and manage the Tournament in accordance with the Rules already approved will consist of persons nominated by the Donor and the representative of the Schools competing in the Tournament.

Entries for the Tournament for the year 1941 close on 5th September 1941. The Rules governing the Tournament can be had from and the entries should be addressed to Mr. S. L. Nair, 6th Road, Khar, or the Principal, Seth Anandilal Poddar High School, Santa Cruz.

"ALL-INDIA C. C. CHAMPIONSHIPS"

CALCUTTA, Aug. 19.

The Central Council of the All-India Lawn Tennis Association has approved of granting the title of "All-India Covered Court Championships" to the first covered court championships to be held in India on the magnificent covered court of H. H. the Gaekwar of Baroda, beginning toward the end of September.—A. P.

WOODEN-SPOON FOR MATUNGA ATHLETIC

Tata Sports and Matunga Athletic met on Saturday to decide the fate of the Wooden-Spoon. The former proved too strong for their rivals and defeated them by three goals to nil. Laxman opened the account for Tatas in the early part of the game, which Mandon increased to two from a penalty kick. Anchan completed the tally in the second half.

At the End of the First Day

The SOOTHING WAS LIKE MAGIC TO MY OVER-TIRED NERVES

I Can Thoroughly Recommend

IRVING'S Yeast-Vite TONIC TABLETS

FOR LOSS OF APPETITE SLEEPLESSNESS, INDIGESTION, HEADACHES, AND HYSTERIA

Dear Sirs,—At one time I was a constant sufferer from Hysteria, Nerves, Insomnia, and many other disorders.

I am now free from anxiety, thanks entirely to Yeast-Vite tablets, which I am now a constant user of, and can thoroughly recommend to all who suffer from loss of appetite, sleeplessness, indigestion, headaches, and hysteria.

After the trial of many remedies a friend recommended Yeast-Vite Tablets. The result after the first dose was most effective; at the end of the first day the soothing was like magic to my over-tired nerves. That night I enjoyed my first unbroken and restful sleep for many weeks. The following day my whole body returned to its normal functions and I felt better in every way.

Yours faithfully, Mrs. G. T.

THE SECRET

The Secret of the immense success of Yeast-Vite lies, of course, in the fact that it is an accurate scientific combination of PURE MEDICINAL YEAST (Saccharomyces Cerevisiae), especially rich in Vitamin B, and other wonderful tonic ingredients as prescribed by leading specialists. Yeast-Vite is the record QUICK Tonic.

NO RELIEF—NO PAY

Have you ever actually accepted our world-famous "No Relief—No Pay" offer? Do so NOW! If you are feeling Run-Down, Out of Sorts, Headachy, Rheumatic, or in any way below par. Simply obtain a bottle of Irving's YEAST-VITE Tablets from any Chemist or Stores. Take as directed, and if you are not thoroughly satisfied, post the empty carton to us with Guarantee Seal attached, and your money will be refunded in full. IRVING'S YEAST-VITE TONIC TABLETS from all Chemists and Stores.

Sole Manufacturers.

IRVING'S YEAST-VITE, LTD. WATFORD, ENGLAND.

HOW WOMEN CAN WIN MEN AND MEN WIN

Respect of Other Men

Unless two pints of bile juice flow daily from your liver into your bowels, your food decays in your bowels. This poisons your whole body. You get yellow tongue, yellow skin, pimples, dull eyes, bad breath, bad taste, gas, dizziness, headache. You have become an ugly-looking, foul-smelling, sour-thinking person. Everybody wants to run from you.

Laxatives can't help, for they only move out the tail end of your bowels and that doesn't take away the decayed poison.

Only a free flow of your bile juice will stop this decay poison in your bowels. The one mild vegetable medicine which starts a free flow of your bile juice is Carter's Little Liver Pills. No calomel in Carter's. Only fine, mild vegetable extracts. If you would bring back your personal charm, start taking Carter's Little Liver Pills according to directions to-day.

YOU will derive great satisfaction from any of the wide range of Amami Shampoos. But if you suffer particularly from dandruff and scurf, use Amami No. 9—it's specially made to combat scalp troubles. Its copious, antiseptic lather rapidly cleans and heals. Unlike "Seekhai" and other crude preparations, Amami leaves no scalp-clogging residue after rinsing—just that wonderful freshness and fragrance which comes only from Amami-cleansing.

● Besides special Amami Shampoo Powders for all types of hair, there's a Liquid Soapless Shampoo for those who prefer the liquid kind.

AMAMI SHAMPOO

CHILDREN WANT this EXTRA PROTECTION
ECONOMIZE— BUY the LARGE TUBE
KOLYNOS DENTAL CREAM
Growing children are in constant danger from germs in the mouth that attack the teeth and cause decay.
You can guard against this happening! Have your children brush their teeth regularly with Kolynos, the scientific, germicidal dentifrice that not only cleans teeth quickly and safely but destroys the dangerous germs.
It is easy to get children to brush their teeth with Kolynos because they like its cool, refreshing taste.
KOLYNOS
the economical
DENTAL CREAM

FOR
HEALTH & BEAUTY

MARGO SOAP

The only genuine Soap made from Neem Oil; safe for the tenderest skin, protects the skin from infection, keeps skin soft and lovely

CALCUTTA CHEMICAL

THE CAREER GIRL

She rose so quickly - - - in men's esteem!

DEVIKA RANI
Co-starred with
ASHOK KUMAR
in
BOMBAY TALKIES'

Anjan

Romantic Drama of Modern Womanhood

NEXT CHANGE AT

ROXY

REGAL at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

NEXT FRIDAY
"MAN-MADE MONSTER"
with LON CHANEY Jr.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 13, 1997
Muslim: Rajab 26, 1360
Parsi: Aspandarmad 20, 1310
Sunrise: 6h. 21m.
Sunset: 7h. 4m.
Hightide: 10-41, 22-22
Lowtide: 3-49, 16-44

THURSDAY, August 21

Condolence meeting, C. Y. Chintamani, C. J. Hall, 6 p.m

Tagore Shraddha Day At Matunga

The Shraddha day of Dr. Tagore was observed at Matunga under the joint auspices of the South Indian Association, South Indian Education Society, Mysore Association and many other organisations at the South Indian Education Society Hall under the distinguished presidentship of Raja Karyanraskta Dewan Bahadur K. Ramaswamy on Sunday evening.

Mr. K. S. Ramachandra Iyer gave a short account of Dr. Tagore on behalf of the South Indian Sangheetha Sabha.

Dr. S. S. Krishnan paid tributes in Tamil. Messrs. J. N. Iyer and S. R. S. Raghavan also spoke, after which, the president moved the condolence resolution which was unanimously adopted.

Vile Parle Observes Shraddha Day

To observe the Shraddha Day of Gurudev, a public meeting was organized by Pupils' Own School of Vile Parle on Sunday, Smt. Hansa Mehta presiding.

Speaking on the subject she said "to-day, we have gathered to pay homage to the great man of the world whose whole life was sacrificed for universal peace."

The opening of the Shraddha Day was done by Sit. Pinakin and other known music teachers of Santiniketan by singing best of Tagore's poems.

BOMBAY CHRISTIANS HONOUR DR. TAGORE: Under the auspices of the Christi Prugatic Sabha of Bombay, a public meeting of Indian Christians was held on the 16th instant, at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, to mourn the death of Dr. Tagore, when glowing tributes to the exemplary life and work of Dr Tagore were paid by Srj. P. B. Kulkarni and Srj. Mama Warerkar. Dr. B. P. Hivale of Wilson College presided. A condolence resolution was passed, all standing.

CONDOLENCE MEETING: A special condolence meeting of the Pathare Prabhu Social Samaj will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) in the N. D. Prabhu Seminary Hall, Thakurdwar, to mourn the lamentable death of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore.

KARNATAK SANGH: Under the auspices of Karnatak Study Circle, there will be a programme of Kannada Kavyagayana by Sjt. Krishna Sharma Belgeri, a famous Kannada poet at 9 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) at Govindashram, Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar.

DEGREE OF PROFICIENCY IN ARTS (P.A.): Thirteen candidates appeared for the Examination for the Degree of Proficient in Arts (P.A.) held by Nathibai D. Thackersey, I. W. University, out of whom 6 passed: 3 in Second Class, 3 in Third Class. The result is 46 per cent. The roll number of the candidate is given in bracket.

Second Class: Bhatt Chandra K. (2); Mahandkar Kumudini S. (5); Kanitkar Shanta (12).

Third Class: Karnik Vimal A. (4); Thakore Sarla H. (8); Gaitonde Gulab P. (13).

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION: "Steps to Communal Unity" will be the subject of a public lecture by Mr. F. R. Moraes of the 'Times of India' in the Ismail Begmuhammad High School Hall to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. Lady Rama Rau will preside.

RELIEF TO AHMEDABAD FLOOD VICTIMS.

The Government of Bombay has sanctioned Rs. 5,000 for gratuitous relief to sufferers from the Sabarmati Floods in the Ahmedabad District.

BOMBAY TIBBIA COLLEGE.—Formerly it was the proposition of the Government of Bombay to admit in the Tibbia College only those candidates who had passed the sixth standard of English as their preliminary qualifications, but now this is modified; the candidates who have even passed the fourth standard English with Urdu, Persian, or Arabic are allowed entry.

This facility is granted only for the current academic year. Therefore those girls and boys who are desirous of joining Tibbia College, should submit their applications for admission to the General Secretary, Tibbia College, Bombay 8, before the 1st of September, 1941.

Dr. Vyas On Students' Role

VILE PARLE, August 19

Under the auspices of Suburban Students' Union, a musical evening was arranged on Saturday in Tilak Mandir Hall, Vile Parle, Dr. D. G. Vyas presiding.

Dr. Vyas said that the real value of education lay in trying to eradicate the illiteracy in the major part of the country that was eating into the vitals of India's freedom. India was lacking home training, civic sense and social service etc., which could be perfected only by the students.

"Students are the vanguard of the nation's fight, and therefore it is their primary duty as Gandhiji has said to go into villages which cover the greater part of this country, and the illiterate mass should be made conscious of their enslavement", concluded the speaker.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' MEETING: Mr. C. B. Shah, the Gen. Sec. of Bombay Students' Union writes:—There will be a general strike by the students to-day to protest against the police action at the time of the Convocation. There will be a meeting to-day (Wednesday) at Chowpatty at 6 p.m.

Students' Protest Meeting

A public meeting of students will be held at Chowpatty (in case of rains at the Socialist Hall, Mantri House near French Bridge) to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. to protest against police methods near the University buildings. Mr. Purshottam Trikumdas, Bar-at-Law will preside.

THE BEST FILM OF 1940!

SELZNICK INTERNATIONAL Presents
Rebecca
starring
LAURENCE OLIVIER · JOAN FONTAINE

NEW EMPIRE 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Irene" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Western Union" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Gone With The Wind" Daily at 3 and 8-15 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Neutral Port" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Rebecca" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m
SUPER—"Bambaiwali" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Sister" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m
ROXY—"Naya Sansar" Daily at 3-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Charano-ki-Dasi" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Lagan" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m
IMPERIAL—"Holiday In Bombay" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Shadi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m
CENTRAL—"Amrit" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Thoratanchi Kamla" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Akela" Daily at 4-30 7-15 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Narsi Bhagat" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Pardesi" Daily at 4, 6 45 and 9-45 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

First All-India Cotton Forecast

The First-All-India Cotton Forecast estimates for 1941-42 will be exhibited in the Cotton Exchange (in the office of the East India Cotton Association, Ltd., and in the Trading Hall of the Association), Marwari Bazar, Bombay, and in the Cotton Green Building of the Association, Sewri Bombay, at 2-36 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Wednesday).

London Thanks Bombay For War Gifts

The following telegram has been received by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay from the Minister for Aircraft Production, London:

"I am grateful for the continued generosity of the Bombay War Gifts Committee. The additional gift £25,000 will bring inspiration to the people of Britain. Please accept and convey to the donors an expression of our gratitude and thanks."

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public study class on the subject of "Theosophy and Education" from the Key to Theosophy by H. P. Blavatsky, will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE: The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Wednesday) at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, when Principal T. A. Kulkarni, will deliver a lecture on "Crime and Punishment" from 6 to 7 p.m. (S.T.).

SIR ZAFARULLAH LEAVES BOMBAY

The Hon. Sir Mohammad Zafarullah Khan, who arrived in Bombay on Sunday last left the city for Delhi by Punjab Mail on Tuesday. He was given a send-off by Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hese, of Ama Ltd., friends and admirers at the Victoria Terminus.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION: Under the auspices of the Municipal Workers' Union, a public meeting will be held at Foras Road Gardens at 5-30 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) to demand higher dearness allowance for all lower-paid municipal employees. Maniben Kara, Shantabai Bhalerao and Prabhaker will address the meeting.

D. M. THAKERSEY RESIGNS.

The Government of Bombay has accepted the resignation of Mr Devidas Madhavji Thakersey of his appointment as a Government nominee on the Advisory Committee to review the working of the scheme for affording marketing facilities to the handloom weaving industry.

Mr Purshottam Muljl Kapadia, Vice-Chairman of the Bombay Piece-goods Native Merchants' Association, has been appointed in his place.

BOMBAY WAR PUBLICITY COMMITTEE

Loud speaker programme for to-day (Wednesday):

Marathi: 8 a.m. Recorded music. 8-05 News bulletin. 8-20 Recorded music. 8-25 "Riding the Storm"—A talk. 8-30 Recorded music. 8-35 "Russia undaunted"—A talk.

Marathi: 5-30 p.m. Recorded music. 5-35 "Hands across the Reich"—A talk. 5-40 Recorded music. 5-45 News bulletin. 6 Recorded music. 6-05 "Vichy Kisses the Rod"—A talk.

Gujarati: 10 a.m. Recorded music. 10-05 News bulletin. 10-20 Recorded music. 10-25 "Riding the Storm"—A talk. 10-30 Recorded music. 10-35 "Vichy Kisses the Rod"—A talk.

Gujarati: 4 p.m. Recorded music. 4-05 "Russia undaunted"—A talk. 4-10 Recorded music. 4-15 News bulletin. 4-30 Recorded music. 4-35 "Hands Across the Reich"—A talk.

Hindustani: 1 p.m. Recorded music. 1-05 News bulletin. 1-20 Recorded music. 1-25 "Riding the Storm"—A talk.

Hindustani: 6-30 p.m. Recorded music. 6-35 "Russia undaunted"—A talk. 6-40 Recorded music. 6-45 News bulletin. 7 Recorded music. 7-05 "Hands Across the Reich"—A talk. 7-15 Recorded music. 7-20 "Vichy Kisses the Rod"—A talk.

Does Bombay Shops Act Apply To Daily Wage-Earners?

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen.)

Hasanally Gulamali Patanwalla Applicant (Original Accused)

Versus

S. G. Patel, Inspector, Shops & Establishments ..... Opponent

Their Lordships admitted an Application in Revision from the conviction and sentence passed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay on the Applicant of Offences under Rule 12 (7) and Rule 12 (4) of the Rules made under the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act of 1939.

The Applicant was the proprietor of the Coronation Durbar Hotel at Abdul Rehman Street. On 9th February 1941, the Opponent found that the Register of Employment had not been filled up, that the extract of the Act was not displayed in the Shop, and weekly holidays were not granted to any of the employees nor was a weekly holiday notice exhibited as required by the Rules under which the Applicant was charged.

The Applicant contended that all his employees were daily wage-earners and the important point which arose in this case and which was in the nature of a test case was whether or not the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act of 1939 applied to daily wage-earners.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate held that there was nothing in the Act "to exclude the daily wage-earner from the ambit of the Act" and sentenced the Applicant to a fine of Rs. 10 on each of the two charges.

After hearing Counsel, their Lordships admitted the Revision Application filed against this conviction by the Applicant.

Mr. C. K. Daphtary with Mr. A. T. Janai and Mr. V. N. Chhatrapati appeared for the Applicant.

More Men For A. R. P.

Bombay Governor's Appeal

Enrolment of the 20,000 additional recruits required for the Air Raid Precautions Services in Bombay City and environs begins, to-day (Wednesday).

GOVERNOR'S APPEAL.

In an appeal for people to come forward His Excellency the Governor of Bombay says:

"We all know, by now, that civilian populations, who are within the range of hostile aircraft, live in almost as great danger as the fighting forces. If any theatre of war were to develop within bomber-range of India, we need not expect that the cities of India would be spared. We, in Bombay, must therefore, prepared ourselves to meet that contingency, which we all pray may be averted. The people of Bombay must learn how to protect their homes and city from fire, how to help the injured, how to minimise the effects of attack, how to conduct themselves in the face of danger.

"The A. R. P. Services now need more recruits. It is the especial duty and privilege of the educated to fit themselves to become the leaders and guides of the community in times of danger. I, therefore, appeal to public-spirited men and women to sacrifice a part of their leisure and a part of their freedom in order to render organised help to their friends and neighbours as members of the A.R.P. Services.

"I also ask all employers to encourage their employees to join the A.R.P. Services, and to give them, thereafter, every possible facility for undergoing training and attending their duties."

RECRUITING CENTRES.

Would-be recruits for the A. R. P. Services may obtain application forms at the addresses given below. Persons should apply at the address of the area in which they reside.

BOMBAY CITY.

Fort South and Colaba: Taj Mahal Hotel, Corner of Mereweather Road and Ormiston Road, Bombay.

Fort North: Associated Cement Co.'s Building, Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Bombay.

Kalbadevi: Indian Merchants' Chamber Building, Back Bay Reclamation, Fort, Bombay.

Mandvi-Chinchbunder (South): 118-20, New Chinchbunder Road, Bombay.

Girgaum: Imperial Cinema, Lamington Road, Bombay.

Malabar Hill: Neville House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Grant Road: Bharat Bhuvan, 468, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

Byculla-Mazagaon: Christ Church High School, Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.

Mandvi-Chinchbunder (North): H. H. The Aga Khan Volunteer Corps' Office, Bhimdiwalla Building, 1st floor, Opposite Aga Khan School Building, Sandhurst Road, East, Off Bhendi Bazar, Bombay.

Jacob Circle: 21, Gell Street, Jacob Circle, Near Agripada Police Station.

Parel and Sewri: Lowji Wadia Charitable Dispensary, Lalbaug, Bombay.

DeLisle Road: Maharashtra High School, DeLisle Road, Opposite Union Mills, Bombay.

Dadar East:—Megha Bhuvan, 1st Road, Parsi Colony, Dadar, Bombay.

Dadar West: Pinto Ville, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar, Bombay.

Mahim: Palm Lands, Mori Road, Mahim, Bombay.

Dharavi: Western India Tanneries Limited, Dharavi, Bombay.

Worli: 79-81, Tardeo, Bombay.

Matunga: 1. Jadhavji Bhuvan, Ground Floor, Opposite Napoo Park, Matunga, Bombay 2. Office of the South India Education Society's High School, Brahmanwada Road, Matunga, Bombay.

Sion: "Sahas" Plot No. 21. East, Sion, Bombay.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT.

1. 4, Bandra Hill, Bandra, Bombay.
2. 45 Turner Road, Opposite Bandra Railway Station, Bandra, Bombay.

Application forms can be obtained between the house of 8-30 a.m. and 10-30 a.m., 12-30 p.m. and 2-30 p.m. and 5-30 p.m. and 7-0 p.m. from Monday till Friday, and 8-30 a.m. and 10-30 a.m. on Saturday.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 65,06,700/3/2.

For Lord Mayor's Relief Fund: Rs. 326 the staff of Messrs. Greaves Cotton and Co. Ltd.

For the R.A.F.: Rs. 477/5 through the Secretary, Defence Loan, Belgaum. Rs. 250 through the Secretary, Defence Loan, Belgaum. Rs. 68/3/10 the members of the Bombay Light Patrol, A.F.I. Rs. 56/6/6 through the Treasury Officer, Kanara, Karwar District.

For Armoured Carriers for the Indian Army: Rs. 477 through the Secretary, Defence Loan, Belgaum. Rs. 250 through the Secretary, Defence Loan, Belgaum. Rs. 56 through the Treasury Officer, Kanara, Karwar District.

For Families of the Indian Fighting Forces: Rs. 5,000 "A Friend".

Grand total on Tuesday: Rs. 65,13,540-6-3.

Nizamsagar Hydro-Electric Scheme

(From Our Correspondent).

HYDERABAD (Dn.): August 19.

A scheme involving an estimated expenditure of Rs. 50 lakhs, has been drawn up for utilising the water storage at Nizam Sagar for generating Hydro-electric power. The step is being taken to stimulate industrial expansion in the State by supplying cheap power and also to meet the ever-growing consumption. The scheme also envisages the placing of the entire electricity supply industry in the State under a unified control.

The Nizam's Government have sanctioned a sum of rupees three lakhs to be distributed as "taccavi" loans in the districts for the purpose of purchasing fodder, etc., the shortage of which is keenly felt due to the deficiency of rainfall.

Kashani-Shustry Wedding

A reception on the occasion of the wedding of Mirza Ali Akbar Khan, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. M. Kashani of Calcutta with Miss Nargess, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Shushtry of Bombay was held at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Monday when a large number of guests were present. Arrangements were made for ladies observing purdah.

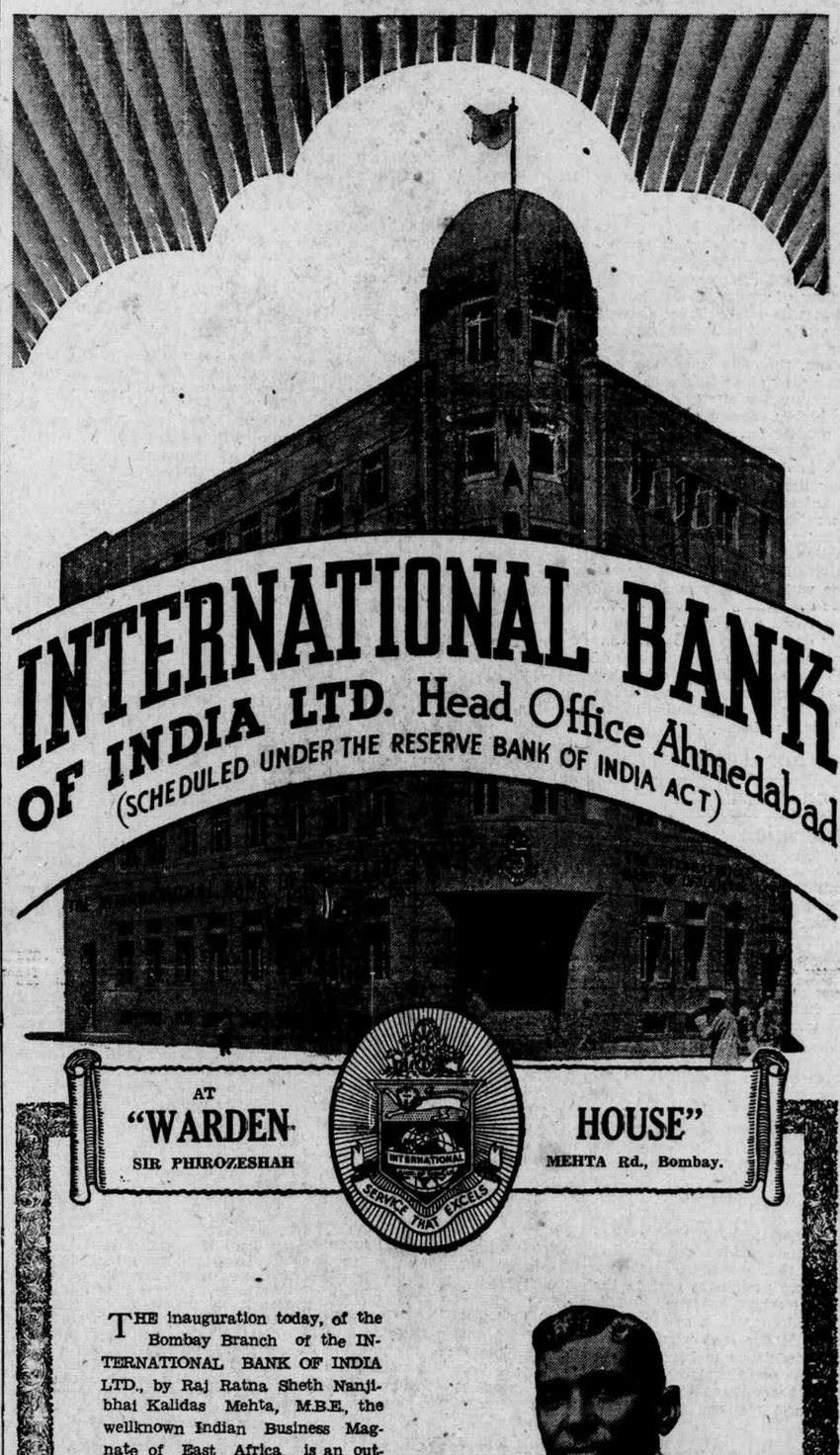
On Tuesday Lieut.-Col. Jelal Shah gave a party at the Cricket Club of India to meet Mr. M. A. Kashani.

Shield For Village Improvement

The Government of Bombay has accepted with thanks, Mr. Maganbhai Bavajibhai Patel's offer to institute a shield for village improvement and the presentation of a small replica of the shield every year to the village winning the shield, in Anand taluka in Kaira district.

The shield will be named the "Patel Bavaji Jeshangbhai of Ode, Anand Taluka, Village Uplift Shield."

OPENING TODAY!
BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE



INTERNATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LTD. Head Office Ahmedabad
(SCHEDULED UNDER THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA ACT)

AT "WARDEN HOUSE"
SIR PHIROZESHAH MEHTA Rd., Bombay.

THE inauguration today, of the Bombay Branch of the INTERNATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LTD., by Raj Ratna Sheth Nanjibhai Kalidas Mehta, M.B.E., the wellknown Indian Business Magnate of East Africa, is an outstanding development in its rapid progress and growth.

Seth NANJIBHAI KALIDAS MEHTA, M.B.E.

The establishment of this bank hardly two years ago at Ahmedabad, its inclusion amongst the Scheduled Banks (A1 class) in the very first year, the opening of branches already at three important centres are unequalled achievements, coinciding as they do, with a period of new development and healthy growth of Banking in India, as envisaged by the Reserve Bank of India Act and the proposed Indian Bank Act.

"INTERNATIONAL" Bank will continue to grow and to lead the way to many outstanding advances towards healthy Banking practice, because, continuous progress, based on specialization and greatly increased service to constituents, in tune with the new order of things, is the ideal to which every Director, every Executive and every employee have pledged themselves.

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1. Sheth RAMANLAL LALLUBHAI, Mill Agent & Banker, Ahmedabad, Chairman.
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6. Sheth PRATAPSING MATHRADAS VASSONJI, Mill Agent, Bombay.
7. Sheth NANDDAS HARIDAS, Mill Agent and Ex-President, Ahmedabad Millowners' Association, Ahmedabad.
8. Sheth RATILAL NATHALAL, Mill Agent, Ahmedabad.
9. Rao Bahadur D. A. SURVE, Prime Minister, Kolhapur.
10. MOTICHAND G. SHAH, Govt. Contractor, Bombay.
11. Sheth HARGOVINDDAS B. KOTAK, Merchant, Bombay.
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1941

CONVOCATION ADDRESS

Sir Maurice Gwyer's convocation address to the Bombay University is couched in polished phrases but is not remarkable for any freshness or originality either in thought or presentation. The bulk of it deals with the familiar problem of the overcrowding of our universities with students believed to be unfit for higher education. But his analysis of it is partial as is also his remedy. His very approach to the problem is erroneous, though in this respect he errs in good company, in the company of several Indian educationists who might have known better. He starts by noting too many misfits in the Universities who are, therefore, sure to be disappointed at getting poor practical return for all they spent on their higher education. And his sole anxiety is, not to give these men different types of education suited to their talents in the University itself, but to restrict their very entrance into it. So he suggests raising the standards of University examinations; and anticipating a charge of artificial restriction, he satisfies his conscience with the remark that "there is nothing artificial about a test based upon merit". It evidently does not occur to him that a neednessly high standard of merit devised with the sole view of restricting the number of those passing the test may be both artificial and unfair.

Need For Technical And Vocational Education

Sir Maurice recognizes that this remedy is partial and one-sided. So he proceeds to say: 'This, however, would only be half a policy, for the problem still remains of opening up other opportunities for those students who are likely to be excluded. The other half of the policy would, I hope, take the shape of a long overdue reform of the secondary education system. This, with its extreme bias in favour of studies having a University career as their principal, if not their only, aim has long been the object of criticism; and the time has come when at some suitable point in a schoolboy's career he ought to be given the opportunity of selecting courses o[f] a different bias altogether. Vocational and technical training must in that event be given a much more prominent part in the secondary school system." This is a sound suggestion so far as it goes but it does not wholly make up the deficiency in his remedy. Why must vocational or technical training be confined to secondary education? Why can it not be imparted in its various forms by the University also? That is the most natural method of reducing the number of misfits in the University. There must be varied vocational as well as cultural instruction in every grade of education, elementary, secondary and higher. Sir Maurice rightly approves the recommendations of the Committee appointed by the Congress Government of the U. P. to examine the working of the Universities of the province but fails to emphasize one of the most important of them, that the range of studies at present prescribed by the Universities of the province should be extended. India needs more colleges as well as schools imparting many-sided technical and vocational education.

Slogans

Indeed, even this is not enough to relieve the growing unemployment among the educated. It is possible for a country like India to turn out far more technicians than can find employmesnt in factories or otherwise earn a decent living. It is, therefore, necessary for the country to have not only technicians but also industrial concerns to employ them. But beyond a particular limit it is not possible to develop industries without political power. It did not suit Sir Maurice to dwell on this essential aspect of the problem or to include in his advice to the new graduates of the University any suggestion about helping the national struggle for political freedom and power. Not that he did not refer to the political question at all. He referred to it mainly to caution the new graduates against being misled by catchwords and slogans about democracy, new order etc. He might well have added Fourteen Points, Eight Points and Four Freedoms to the list of slogans. He duly echoed a familiar voice when he said: "Autonomy, of course, implies the existence of a constitution acceptable to the people generally under which they are content to live". He also duly commended to the new graduates the virtue of patience and "that saying which tells us that a great city was not built in a day" Some of the graduates perhaps remembered that about 150 years ago Macaulay said that it was the policy of Britain to train India for self-government and that it would be a proud day for Britain to grant that gift to India. But to-day Sir Maurice has a gibe at those who think of Dominion Status "as a kind of gift or grant by the United Kingdom to other communities, to be withheld or bestowed at pleasure". People are never in a hurry about other people's freedom, Eight Points being only a slogan.

WOMEN OF RUSSIA:

How They Resist The Invader

By VICTORIA CHAPPELLO

Within twenty-four hours of Hitler's invasion of Russia thousands of Russian women had stepped into the places of men who had left for the front.

No work was too hard, no hours too long for them. They worked as engine-drivers, blast-furnace operators, steel workers, station masters. Many even replaced their husbands in the coal mines.

Official Soviet opinion deprecates the use of women in direct military operations, but no red-tape has been able to prevent a few women from actually fighting in the front line with the troops. The young wife of one army officer joined her husband's unit in an advanced position and took part in a reconnaissance behind the enemy lines.

AT EVERY STEP SHE RISKED A HIGHLY UNPLEASANT DEATH. AND SHE KNEW IT. BUT SHE COOLLY COLLECTED VALUABLE INFORMATION WHICH LATER HELPED THE RUSSIANS TO SMASH THE ENEMY'S ATTACK AT THAT POINT.

Another heroine who has been officially mentioned is a humble washerwoman named Maria Utkina who lives on the Russian-Finnish frontier. While at work one day she heard shots and found the frontier guard being attacked by two enemy battalions.

Snatching up a rifle, she fought beside the commander. But the Soviet troops were outnumbered and before long they were surrounded. Maria volunteered to get through the enemy lines and bring help. Taking secret paths she finally reached a large Russian detachment and led them to the scene of the fighting. Six hours later, the Germans had been repulsed and Maria was back at her wash-tub.

Expert Air-women

Some of the best aviators in the Russian air force are women, although there is small likelihood of their actually fighting. But there is no doubt that, like the women members of Britain's Air Transport Auxiliary, they are doing first class work behind the lines.

There is not a single organisation in Russia where women do not work as the equal of men. When the A.R.P. experts whom Britain has sent to Moscow meet their Russian counterparts, they will find that some of the most brilliant are women.

The fire-guards in front of apartment houses in Russian cities are usually girls. It is they who man some of the fire brigades and most of the air raid defence groups.

Besides, the thousands of doctors, nurses and Red Cross volunteers who left for the front immediately fighting broke out, every town in the Soviet Republics nearest to Germany and Finland has its First Aid Squads who are prepared to be sent anywhere to assist the Army.

Women's Part In Industry

Machinery has fascinated Russian women ever since the country became industrialised. Over 100,000 women hold posts which demand the highest qualifications in the engineering industry. Several millions are at work in industry and transport, including 4,000 highly trained engine drivers.

SOME OF MOSCOW'S BIG FACTORIES ARE UNDER THE DIRECTION OF WOMEN MANAGERS AND DEPUTY-MANAGERS WHO HAVE WORKED THEIR WAY UP FROM THE RANKS, AND A WOMAN IS THE DIRECTING ENGINEER OF ONE OF RUSSIA'S GREATEST DAMS.

Representing irresistible might, inexhaustible labour reserves—the population of Soviet Russia is two hundred millions, remember!—they are proud of that article in the Constitution of their country which states that "Soviet women are accorded full rights in all fields." They are fiercely determined that the equality and independence which they have won so hardly shall never be torn from them by an enemy who believes that a woman is an inferior being fit only for the drudgery of housework.

But these women have no illusions. They know that victory does not come of itself, that fine phrases do not stop tanks. Only by persistent organised self-sacrificing labour behind the front lines can the enemy be finally defeated.

Supporting The Fighting Men

The main anxiety of every woman is to see that no industry shall slow down for a single second because the men are called to the front. The responsibility of supplying the army with munitions of war, the country with food, have become their's to a large extent, and magnificently they are shouldering the most responsible tasks.

THEY HAVE PROMISED THE GOVERNMENT THAT NOT A SINGLE MACHINE TOOL, NOT A TRACTOR, NOT A HARVESTER SHALL BE IDLE.

In consequence, nineteen million women landworkers have taken over the entire work on many of the great collective farms, upon whose riches Hitler has cast so covetous an eye Fourteen thousand were already chairmen or deputy chairmen of these farms, and now women's hands guide the heavy combine harvestors which cut and bind the great sheaves of ripe corn that mean food for the Russian people this winter.

As the fight goes on the burning enthusiasm of Soviet women rises day by day.

ONE 65-YEAR-OLD COLLECTIVE FARMER IN RUSSIA'S GREAT CORN BELT ROSE AT A MEETING AND TOLD HER NEIGHBOURS, "MY SEVEN SONS ARE JOINING THE ARMY. I TOLD THEM 'STRIKE THE INSOLENT ENEMY TO THE HEART AND WE AT THE FARM WILL WORK STILL BETTER'".

Many of the factories are now almost entirely staffed by women, who have increased production considerably since the war started. The messages they send to their husbands, brothers and sons who have left for the front are much the same as that which came from the women workers in a big Moscow factory.

"FIGHT THE ENEMY, DEFEND OUR LAND, OUR CHILDREN, OUR FREEDOM. IF NEED BE, WE WILL WORK FOR YOU DAY AND NIGHT. WHEN NECESSARY, WE WILL FIGHT BESIDE YOU."

It has long been the proud boast of Russian women that they could use a rifle as well as a man. Every girl is taught to shoot, and shoot well.

Already the Germans are complaining bitterly that in the ruined towns which have been left blazing by the Russians as part of their "scorched earth" policy, some of the most expert snipers have been women.

The women of no other country in the world could have presented a more united or more powerful front than those of Russia. They harbour no delusions about Hitler's "New Order".

They are perfectly well aware that should the Nazis win, the equality and independence for which they have fought will vanish, and that many of them will be lucky if they are not degraded to the level of serfs. To prevent this they will work and fight to the death.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Axis And Tobruk

The Middle East communique of Monday last reports "considerable enemy bombing" in the Tobruk area. Air raids on Tobruk have been a regular feature of Axis activities. But this is the first after many days that G. H. Q. has mentioned it, describing it, morever, as "considerable". It will be recalled, in this connection, that the R. A. F. had reported heavy bombing of Axis gun positions east of Tobruk on the previous day. Does all this indicate German preparations to attempt another large scale assault on Tobruk perhaps, like General Wavell's last tank attack, in anticipation of a British offensive? Whatever the reason one thing is clearly urgent, namely, that the British should intensify considerably their own activities, military, aerial, as also naval against the Axis in Libya. Incidentally, it is very interesting to learn that the U.S.A. has arranged a ferry service the more quickly to supply aircraft to the Middle East.

"Serious & Unwarranted"

Elsewhere in these columns will be found a copy of a letter addressed to, among others, the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University by nineteen Advocates of the Bombay High Court who were eye-witnesses to an assault by the police on certain student demonstrators at the University premises on Tuesday afternoon in connection with the convocation. The Advocates state that the student demonstrators were quite peaceful and yet "in order to disperse them force was used by some Police Officers and several were seriously assaulted with sticks which the police officers were carrying with them and one of them was mercilessly beaten" The Advocates add that the assault "was serious and unwarranted" and trust that the matter will be duly inquired into and necessary action taken. We trust the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor will particularly interest themselves in a matter which concerns students in general and which is regarded by a number of responsible eye-witnesses as a serious and unwarranted assault.

Needless Severity

It appears from our Nagpur correspondent's report that the C. class political prisoners of the Nagpur Central Jail are likely to go on a hunger-strike as the C. P. Government have rejected their request regarding the supply of milk. We trust there will be no necessity for the hunger-strike and that in any case it will not be for an indefinite period. We should like to know what the jail authorities have to say on the dispute and if it is true that the C. class politicals are not allowed to purchase milk even at their own cost. Milk is an essential food and the necessary minimum quantity of it should be allowed to all prisoners of any type or class. It is monstrous that in any jail political prisoners should be forbidden to use it even at their own cost.

L. C. P. S. Course

The College of Physicians and Surgeons having extended its L.C.P.S., course by one year, that is, to 4½ years, the difference between this period and that for the M.B.B.S., course becomes only six months. That only adds to the old anomaly of the two courses being almost similar, but the former being given a very inferior status both in respect of medical appointments and even opportunities for post-graduate studies. To end the anomaly some have suggested the abolition of the former course of Licentiates trained in medical schools retaining only the Graduates' course in Colleges. Probably the College of Physicians and Surgeons has approximated the L. C. P. S. course to the M. B. B. S., to facilitate the early abolition of the former. But unless all the Medical Schools are converted into Colleges the change would unduly restrict the number of doctors, whereas many more are needed for the smaller towns and rural areas. The better plan is to retain the Licentiates' course and limit it to three years and a half. Several students of the L.C.P.S. course have suggested to the College of Physicians and Surgeons that if the decision to extend the course is irrevocable either its enforcement should be postponed for a year or two to give them sufficient time to choose between the two courses or those who go through the extended course should be given the Colleges' M.C.P.S. degree, which will give them a higher status and better facilities for higher studies. These are fair suggestions and deserve to be sympathetically considered. But the latter will virtually man the abolition of the shorter L.C.P.S. course—which does not deserve to be abolished—unless the medical schools train students for both the L.C.P.S. and the M.C.P.S. courses.

A Thought For The Day

Where the mind is without fear and the head is held high;
Where knowledge is free;
Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls;
Where words come out from the depth of truth;
Where tireless striving stretches its arms towards perfection;
Where the clear stream of reason has not lost its way into the dreary desert sand of dead habit;
Where the mind is led forward by thee into ever-widening thought and action —
Into that heaven of freedom, my Father, let my country awake.
—RABINDRANATH TAGORE.

Colaba Observatory Celebrates Its Centenary

Well-Established Reputation In Scientific World

This year the Colaba Observatory, at Bombay, celebrates its centenary. Although the site was selected in 1823, under the direction of the East India Company, and the Observatory built in 1826, it was not until 1841 that systematic observations began.

The first 15 years of the Observatory's life were a period of inactivity, for the instruments supplied to Mr. Curnin, the first Astronomer, were defective and were returned to England. In 1841, on the recommendation of the Royal Society, systematic observations began and the Observatory was associated in research in meteorology, magnetism and the operation of time signals.

The equipment, however, did not prove satisfactory, and in 1865 a committee of enquiry set up by the Bombay Government recommended that the latest pattern of recording instruments should be procured and a full-time and fully-qualified Director should be appointed. These recommendations were at once acted upon, and Mr. C. Chambers, who later became a Fellow of the Royal Society, was appointed Director the same year. The change more than fulfilled expectations and the Observatory now ranks as a first-class institution with a well-established reputation in the scientific world.

During Mr. Chambers' period of office, he wrote a large number of papers which were published by scientific journals. Between 1865 and 1694, publications issued from the Observatory contained valuable contributions to the sciences of terrestrial magnetism and meteorology.

CONTROL TRANSFERRED TO CENTRE

On the death of Mr. Chambers in 1896, Dr. N. A. F. Moos succeeded him. In 1898 a seismograph was set up to take part in the programme of observations started by the Seismological Committee of the British Association. In 1899 the control of the Observatory passed from the Government of Bombay to the Government of India.

Owing to the decision to electrify Bombay city, at the beginning of 1900, and the consequent risk of disturbing the magnetic records obtained at the Observatory, it became necessary to remove the work on magnetism from Colaba to a place free from artificial disturbances. A new magnetic observatory was built at Alibag and the magnetic work was permanently moved there in 1906. Colaba Observatory then had the creditable record of more than 60 years of continuous magnetic records.

In 1910, Dr. Moos published a comprehensive study for the period 1846-1905 under the title "Colaba Magnetic Data," which is still a valuable source of information for workers in terrestrial magnetism.

In 1930 regular observations on atmospheric electricity and potential gradient began to be taken. Studies of the changes of electric field associated with the movement of thunder clouds and monsoon clouds have been made. The phenomenon of "earth-currents" has been investigated. Seismological work has been considerably extended and a quarterly seismological bulletin containing the analysed data of the seismograms of all the Indian observatories has been issued from Colaba since 1937.

CENTURY-OLD BAROMETER.

The observatories at Colaba and Alibag function as a centre for geophysical research in India. Their activities are directed to obtaining regular records of the phenomena of terrestrial magnetism, meteorology, seismology and atmospheric electricity, to the reduction and discussion of recorded facts and observations, and to the publication of the results obtained. Star observations are taken for the purpose of time-keeping and the rating of marine chronometers. The observatory is equipped with magnetic, meteorological astronomical and seismological instruments.

Some of the instruments installed in 1841 are still in daily use. One of these is a barometer and another a raingauge, each still testifying to the durability of instruments manufactured a century ago.

New Nazi Offensive

The Germans appear to have started an offensive in the north, too, and having pushed just inside the old Russian frontier from Estonia are seventy miles from Leningrad in this region. The Finns also are trying to march upon Leningrad from the north. But Leningrad ought to be a very tough nut, indeed, to crack. Its real defences begin with the old frontier and considering its importance to Russia as also its dangerous proximity to Finland and pre-1939 Estonia the defences of Leningrad must have been made as invulnerable as possible Unless, therefore, something unexpected happens there is no immediate fear of its being lost. At worst it will become an enlarged Tobruk and can hold out for a long time because among other things, Leningrad will be virtually self-supporting. And with Leningrad in Russian hands the Red Fleet in the Baltic can continue to play its effective part as it has been doing.

The Russian difficulty, indeed, still remains in the Ukraine. During the last eight or nine days the Germans and their satellites have made considerable progress and the loss of Kirovol-rog and Nikolaev is certainly a heavy blow to the Russians. What, of course, is more vital to the conduct of the war is the fate of Marshal Budenny's army. It is now believed that he has succeeded in extricating it from encirclement. This is very gratifying news and must be welcomed with relief. For so long as the armies of Russia remain in being, the Germans simply cannot win the Battle of Russia however much of territory they may occupy. But Marshal Budenny is not entirely out of the woods yet. His army has certainly reached defensive positions but along the west bank of the Dnieper. The question is whether he will succeed in holding the Germans or be forced to retire to the east bank and the crossing will not be easy.

A Dramatic Adventure

The safe return to London of Mr. Winston Churchill marks the satisfactory culmination of a historic and dramatic adventure. In its political achievements the Roosevelt-Churchill meeting was obviously historic. But the fact that these two leaders of Anglo-American democracy met on the high seas, with a Battle of the Atlantic raging fiercely, was an unmistakable symbol of the sea power of the U. S. A. and Britain. And Mr. Churchill dramatically emphasized it by returning in what has been quite rightly described as, "a blaze of publicity." It was known that the British Premier was sailing the Atlantic in the "Prince of Wales" And as if to ensure universal knowledge of it he made a public appearance in Iceland, thereby openly proclaiming his route, too. It was a great challenge to Germany. The Nazis did not take up the challenge. And they were wise But while they saved their U-boats and bombers they have not prevented a great and remarkable victory for the British Navy, the moral effect of which is bound to be both considerable and widespread.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

Let it, however, be borne in mind that an uncompromising attitude of suspicion on the part of the people or the rulers is most fatal to the growth of that mutual spirit of confidence between the British Nation and the Indian people without which supreme efforts for the success in the fight is impossible.—A. P.
—The Honourable (Designate) M. S. Aney.

* * * *

Mr. Fazul Haq has "respectfully confronted" Mr. Jinnah with the latter's own Hyderabad statement on the question of disciplinary action.

Since Mr. Haq clearly—and, worse still, conclusively—questions the infallibility of the "Leader" he has committed the most serious of all crimes.

* * * *

Mr. Alfred Duff-Cooper, we notice, has described the Roosevelt-Churchill eight points as "an important contribution to peace"

Even as Mr. Duff Cooper's own points for speakers on India were an important contribution to peace?

* * * *

Commenting on the Roosevelt-Churchill conference, an Egyptian paper says "can one imagine Hitler installing himself for three days in the centre of the Mediterranean to discuss quietly with Mussolini plans about the course of the war?"

As the Junior Colleague says, their medical advisers would very categorically forbid the Fuhrer and particularly the Duce from daring to imagine such an event.

* * * *

The British Press welcomes Mr. Churchill's return to London with feelings of relief.

We doubt, however, if the Premier himself shares that feeling. He desired to lure a dozen or so U-boats and a goodly number of the Luftwaffe to sure and certain destruction. The Nazis declined to walk into the trap.

* * * *

We now learn from the Special Correspondent in London of the "Times of India" that the Muslims in Asiatic Russia are very happy.

And we don't wonder.

* * * *

According to a Singapore Message, a traveller recently arrived from Thailand expressed the view to Reuter that a war in Far East was "now inevitable".

How very sensational a forecast!

* * * *

It is reported that the Thai Minister at Tokyo saw Admiral Toyoda and they discussed questions raised by the present situation.

We trust Admiral Toyoda did his altruistic best to convince the Thai Government, through its Minister, that the British were, in fact, presenting specific demands to that Government without its own knowledge.

* * * *

According to a Rome report, the Germans have cut off the Russians in Estonia.

Then we may expect shortly to hear a serious German grievance that the Russians refuse to play the encirclement game according to Nazi rules.

* * * *

Doctor Goebbels' official German News Agency reports that Russian planes attacked the Rumanian port of Constanza on Sunday.

Doctor Goebbels should personally issue an indignant denial of this malicious report, since it is impossible for a non-existent air force to bomb any objective.

* * * *

A man received notice to quit from his landlord. He decided not to go, and replied: "Dear sir, I remain, Yours truly."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Men are like rivers; the deeper they are the less noise they make.

* * * *

Happy is the woman who has as many changes of saris as she has of mind.

* * * *

It matters but little what you think of a man, provided you don't think aloud.

* * * *

Many a woman imagines that all her troubles are due to the fact that she is misunderstood.

* * * *

The balance of political power is in the hands of men who can do nothing but vote and find fault.

* * * *

It's enough to make a man get his back up when he is asked to shoulder the responsibilities of another.

U. S. Supplies To Soviet Unnerve Japan

Evacuation Issue Of Americans Still Hangs Fire

TOKYO, August 19.

QUESTIONED ABOUT THE REPORTED SAILING OF AN AMERICAN TANKER FOR VLADIVOSTOCK, MR. ISHII, THE DEPUTY SPOKESMAN OF THE JAPANESE INFORMATION BOARD, SAID: "JAPAN COULD NOT REMAIN INDIFFERENT TO THE SUPPLY OF WAR MATERIALS TO RUSSIA BY WAY OF VLADIVOSTOCK.

EVACUATION OF AMERICANS

WASHINGTON: — Mr. Cordel Hull said to-day that no satisfactory explanation had been given by the Japanese Government for their action in prohibiting the evacuation of American nationals in Japan in the liner "President Coolidge." He added that the matter was still under discussion.

At Tokyo, Mr. Ishii explained that originally the American Embassy in Tokyo had informed the Japanese authorities that only 22 American officials would be evacuated by the liner. Later on the number was increased to 100, including non-officials. Japan then broke off discussions.

NAVAL MISSION'S RETURN

MADRID:—After having been six months in Germany, Japan's special Naval Mission is returning to Japan from Cadiz on August 22nd, travelling via South America.—Reuter.

NO ANGLO-JAPANESE TRADE AGREEMENT

LONDON, August 19.

The following authoritative statement was issued in London to-night:—

Rumours of negotiations for a barter trade agreement between Great Britain and Japan are seen to have arisen out of a communication to the Yokohama Specie Bank of Information as to the banking machinery, which they would be permitted to use in connection with any movements of goods, which might exceptionally be licensed in future.

The position is that in order to ensure that the effect of the freezing order will be fully maintained, the frozen funds will not be released to finance exports to Japan.

FOR SPECIAL CASES

Arrangements are, however, being made to secure that if in any particular case it is decided to license imports the payment for such licensed imports will be made to clearing account, the balance on which will be available only to pay for licensed exports. Export licences will be granted for approved goods only within the limit of the funds available on the clearing account.

Similar arrangements are being made in other parts of the Empire. maintenance of diplomatic and Consular representation will financed in a similar way.—Reuter.

SECOND JAPANESE DETACHMENT AT SAIGON

SAIGON, Aug. 19.

Reuter's special correspondent writes:—

After 24 hours delay due to a typhoon a second detachment of Japanese troops, reported to number slightly less than the first convoy, began to disembark at Saigon on Monday morning.

Material is for the moment taking preference over men and a considerable quantity of light steel girders have been landed, presumably destined for the construction of barracks at Cambodia where accommodation is reported to be insufficient.

There has been no sign of heavy artillery yet, although it must presumably pass through Saigon as sufficient crane and wharf facilities are not available elsewhere.

The Three-Power Boundary Commission consisting of representatives of Indo-China, Thailand and Japan was due to start deliberations to-day to settle the boundary between French Indo-China and Thailand. The meetings however have been postponed.

It is thought that these discussions are likely to cover considerable ground.—Reuter

RAILWAY LABOUR LEADER JAILED

TRICHINOPOLY, Aug. 18.

Mr. S. Parames van Pillai, President of the South Indian Railway Labour Union, Golden Rock, was convicted by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate under the Defence of India Rules and sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment for being in possession of prejudicial literature.—A. P.

Six Strikers Jailed

MADRAS, August 19.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate sentenced to-day six bus workers on strike to one month's rigorous imprisonment each on a charge of picketing in front of motor bus sheds.—A. P.

Labour Commissioner's Appeal To End Textile Strike

MADRAS, August 19.

The hope that leading citizens would intervene in the labour dispute within the next few days and exert their influence on the workers to resume work, was expressed by Mr. V. Ramakrishna, Commissioner of Labour, who returned to Madras to-day from Coimbatore, where he spent about a week endeavouring to effect a settlement of the strike in the textile mills.

He hoped the workers would soon realise the wisdom of accepting the offer of the management and ending the strike.

About 14 mills are partially or wholly affected by the strike in the Coimbatore District involving about 15,000 workers.—A. P.

SAPRU'S DISPATCH TO WHITEHALL

Jayakar To Be Joint Vice-President Of Non-Party Conference

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 19.

In accordance with a resolution adopted at Poona by the Non-Party Leaders' Conference, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, the President of the Conference, has sent by air mail copies of the resolutions passed and speeches delivered at Poona to the Secretary of State for India.

The personnel of the reconstituted Standing Committee of the Conference will be announced shortly. There have been no major changes, it is learned, except for the inclusion of Dr. M. R. Jayakar.

The Standing Committee will have two Vice-Presidents now, it is understood, one of whom will be Dr. Jayakar.—A. P.

MUNSHI MEETS SAPRU

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 19.

Mr. K. M. Munshi arrived here this morning on his way to Calcutta. He is staying with Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru.

Mr. Munshi had an interview with Dr. Kailas Nath Katju in the Naini Central Jail.

Mr. Munshi has left for Calcutta.

After a couple of days' stay there he will return to Lucknow via Patna and Benares, breaking journey at both the places to meet Dr. Sachidananda Sinha and Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya.

Mr. Munshi had a full discussion with Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru to-day about the present political situation in general. He explained to Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru his programme for the "Akhand Hindustan" front.

SUPER-POLITICAL ISSUE

He indicated that "Akhand Hindustan" was not a party or a party organisation. The question of integrity of India was a super-political issue, said Mr. Munshi, in an interview to the Associated Press.

Mr. Munshi reiterated that the "Akhand Hindustan" front was already there in an uncordinated form and he was now meeting various leaders to see what practical steps could be taken to secure positive purposeful co-ordination for it.—A. P.

Sapru To Deliver Address

BENARES, August 19.

The Convocation of the Benares Hindu University will be held on Sunday, November 30, at 2-30 p.m. The Rt. Hon. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, it is understood, has accepted the invitation to deliver the Convocation address.—A. P.

LEADERS AT WARDHA

WARDHA, Aug. 19.

Miss Mrudulaben Sarabhai left last night for Ahmedabad after seeing Mahatma Gandhi. Miss Khurshedben arrived for seeing Mahatma Gandhi after release.

Messrs. Gulzarilal Nanda and Shankarlal Banker also came for discussing labour problems and matters regarding the Spinners' Association, respectively, with Mahatma Gandhi.—A. P.

SEVEN KASHMIR M.L.A.s RESIGN

SRINAGAR (Kashmir), August 19.

Seven members of the National Conference Party have resigned their seats in the State Assembly.—A. P.

Sir H. P. Mody Assumes Charge

Sir H. P. Mody took over charge of the Supply Department of the Government of India from Sir Muhammad Zafrulla Khan in Bombay on Monday afternoon. He is the first of the members of the Viceroy's expanded Executive Council to assume office.

He left Bombay for Simla on Monday evening.

In view of his appointment as Member for Supply with the Government of India, Sir Homi Mody has resigned the presidentship of the Employers' Federation. Sir Ardeshir Dalal succeeds him as President of the Federation.

Zillikhel Tribesman Captured

PESHAWAR, August 19.

In an encounter yesterday in Wana plain south of Waziristan with a force of Scouts Pir Mulla Khan, a notorious Zillikhel hostile, was killed and his brother Behramkhan was wounded and captured. Pir Mullah Khan was a very dangerous dacoit and was responsible for a long tale of murders and kidnappings.—A. P.

Calcutta Corporation Wants Full Quota Of Petrol

CALCUTTA, Aug. 19.

Great apprehension that the health of the city was likely to be endangered, and the city might be in the grip of an epidemic ere long, unless the full quota of petrol, required by the Calcutta Corporation for running conservancy lorries, ambulances and services like the supply of filtered water was granted, was expressed at a Conference held yesterday in the Central Municipal buildings under the presidentship of the Deputy Mayor, Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani.

Under the scheme of basic rationing, the Corporation has been granted 11,880 gallons a month for 198 lorries and 216 gallons for 18 cars, which are short of the quota applied for by the Chief Engineer, by 8,910 and 864 gallons, respectively.

The matter will again be considered at a further Conference to be held on August 21, following which a representation will be made to the Rationing Authority in the city on behalf of the Executive of the Corporation, urging for sanction of the full quota of petrol demanded by the Corporation.—A. P.

Turkey Informed

ANKARA, August 19.

There has been no further press comment on the British and Russian notes to Iran on the large numbers of Germans in Iran's territory.

It is understood that the Turkish Government has been kept fully informed of the developments by the British and Soviet Ambassadors.—Reuter.

SIMLA.—It is learned that the Government of India have invited Chairmen of National service advisory committees to come to Simla to discuss problems arising in connection with the demands of European personnel for the defence services.

Menzies' Visit To Britain

SYDNEY, August 19.

Discounting the suggestion that his projected mission to London would be treated as a major political issue, the Prime Minister, Mr. Menzies, told the Daily Press Conference: "There will not necessarily be a vote in Parliament on the proposal. I think that the matter will probably be decided by party meetings before Parliament meets. If the proposal is rejected I stay here—that is all."—Reuter.

Increased Pay For Australians

SYDNEY, Aug. 19.

The Commonwealth Cabinet has decided to increase certain rates of pay and allowances of Australian fighting services. The amounts and exact conditions of application have not yet been decided.—Reuter.

Film Of Miss Amy Johnson's Life?

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.

Anna Neagle, the film star and Herbert Wilcox, producer, have left by the 'Clipper' for London to make a film of the life of Miss Amy Johnson. Anna Neagle is travelling under the name of Miss Florence Marjorie Robertson.—Reuter.

Petrol Rationing In Kathiawar States

RAJKOT, August 19.

The deliberations of the Karbhari (Ministers) meeting of the Kathiawar States were concluded this evening, after preparing a draft scheme of petrol rationing to be put into effect from September 1.—A. P.

R. A. F. Raids On Benghazi And Tripoli

CAIRO, Aug. 19.

A Communique from the R.A.F. Headquarters in the Middle East states:

In Libya, heavy bombers of the R.A.F. raided Benghazi and Tripoli during the night of August 17/18. At Benghazi, the harbour and shipping were attacked and bombs were observed to burst on the bases of Juliana, the cathedral and central moles and on railway sidings. An explosion and several fires resulted.

At Tripoli, the harbour was bombed. Hits on the Spanish mole and fort caused a number of explosions. An attempt by a large force of Messerschmitt 109s and 110s to attack shipping off the Egyptian coast yesterday was foiled by Tomahawk aircraft of the R.A.F. which gave combat to Messerchmitt and compelled the 110s to drop their bombs some miles from the target.

IN ABYSSINIA.

In Wolchefit Debarech and Gondar areas of Abyssinia, aircraft of the R.A.F. and the South African Air Force have been co-operating in machine-gunning and bombing of enemy positions. Direct hits were scored on huts and buildings and the Fascist Headquarters was destroyed. A number of fires were started.

Operating off Malta, a Hurricane aircraft intercepted and shot down a Caproni seaplane.

From all these operations two aircraft are missing.—Reuter.

Albanian Nationalists Revolt, Italians Kept As Hostages

MOSCOW, August 19.

A large uprising of Albanian nationalists is now in progress in south and south-eastern parts of Albania, and the Italians are greatly alarmed fearing its spread to the neighbouring districts of Greece and Yugoslavia, according to Tass Agency reports from Istanbul.

Information already available shows that Greek and Yugoslav guerilla forces are participating in the revolt.

The Albanian insurgents gather into small groups and attack the Italians during the night.

In Berat the insurgents captured an Italian major and 25 soldiers during a night skirmish. The Italians are being kept as hostages, the report says.—Reuter.

Half Of Axis Convoy Sunk

Encounter In Mediterranean: Three German Ships Sunk Off Dutch Coast

CAIRO, August 19.

Half of an enemy convoy in the Mediterranean was sunk, beached or set on fire as a result of an attack by the fleet air arm on Sunday night.

The convoy consisted of five large merchantships and a tanker escorted by six destroyers. Of these one vessel of 6,000 tons was hit by a torpedo and sank in two hours. The tanker was also hit by a torpedo and set on fire. A second merchantship was hit by a torpedo and was beached at Lampedusa island, where she was again attacked by the R. A. F., and set on fire.

3 German Ships Sunk

Three German patrol vessels were bombed and sunk off the Dutch coast by R. A. F. Blenheim bombers on Monday afternoon, according to an Air Ministry communique.

"The attacks on objectives in Northern France were made by other Blenheims which were accompanied by strong fighter escorts," continues communique. An industrial plant at Lille and other targets were bombed. Fighter escorts destroyed three enemy fighters.

Other fighters carried out a sweep over the coast of Northern Brittany and attacked aerodrome and enemy troops with cannon and machine-gun fire.

From these operations three aircraft—all fighters—are missing."—Reuter.

R. A. F. BOMB TARGETS IN WESTERN GERMANY

LONDON, August 19.

It is confirmed in London that R.A.F. bombers attacked targets in Western Germany on Monday night.

Enemy operations were on a small scale almost entirely confined to the East Coast of Scotland, states an Air Ministry communique.

Bombs were dropped at a few points. Some damage was done in one place in North-East Scotland and two places in North-East England and some casualties, including a small number of killed, were caused.—Reuter.

R. A. F.-SOVIET DUAL ATTACK ON GERMANY

LONDON, August 19.

Germany was raided from the west by the R.A.F. and the north-east by the Red air force on Monday night, reports the German News Agency.—Reuter.

Fire Havoc In U. S. Harbour

NEW YORK, August 19.

Two people were killed and 55 people injured—some feared fatally—in the fire which broke out at an east river wharf where it is said British ships were loaded with supplies for Britain and Egypt. Clouds of dense smoke swept the Walstreet district as lunch hour crowds poured out from the offices.

A further barge cast adrift floated crazily down the river, while fire-boats threw tons of water on it and brought the flames into control.

SEVEN KILLED.

The latest known casualty list in last night's dock fire is seven dead, 55 in hospital and about 40 missing, including longshoremen some of whom were working in the hold of "panuco", who may have escaped and failed to report themselves or may have been burned to death. The damage is estimated at a million and a half dollars.—Reuter.

3 Bomb Explosions In Cuba Many Persons Injured

HAVANA, August 19.

A powerful bomb has exploded in the Central Park in the heart of the Cuban capital causing considerable panic.

Two more bombs have just exploded. One at Fraternity Park caused considerable damage and injury to ten persons.

The first bomb exploded in a well-known store in a busy crowded street. The windows of all nearby shops were shattered. One passerby was seriously wounded and all the others obtained slight cuts.

A fourth explosion occurred at Vedado, the exclusive resident suburb of Havana.

A fifth explosion wrecked a factory in the Vobora District where one woman was injured.

Further explosions in many other districts have created considerable alarm.

Near the site of the explosions the police found a number of cards with photographs of the deceased revolutionary leader Guiteras and marked" Accion Revolutionaria". The injured now number 19.

Axis Agents

False passports possessed by a number of passengers in the Spanish vessel "Marques de Comillas" resulted in all passengers being detained when the ship arrived here on Monday night.

Secret police agents acting on special orders searched all passengers and their baggage, later transferring them all to Triscornia immigration camp, "Cuba's Ellis Island" as it was suspected some of them might be Axis agents.

State police patrol has been ordered throughout the city. It is now learned that all three explosions have been caused by time-bombs thrown from a speeding car.

The injured persons now total four seriously and twelve slightly hurt. The people, who well remembered the bombing days of the streets.—Reuter.

RASHID'S ACCOMPLICES FACE MILITARY COURT

JERUSALEM, August 19.

A former Commander of the Iraqi Royal Bodyguard and a number of army officers suspected of complicity in the Rashid Ali revolt have been placed on the retired list according to a Baghadad telegram.

A military court has been set up to try the offenders who took part in the rising.—Reuter.

St. Leger Callover

LONDON, August 19.

Pending the results of two of the most important three-year-old races on Saturday, which will have an important bearing on St. Leger, there was little business at the second St. Leger betting callover. Only three horses were supported, namely, OWEN TUDOR, BAKHTAWAR and DEVONIAN, which were backed to win a few hundreds each. OWEN TUDOR fell a favourite but lengthened to 11/2 followed by DEVONIAN 100/11, CHATEU LA ROSE 9/1, MAZARIN and BAKHTAWAR 10/1.—Reuter

Victoria Club Callover

LONDON, August 19.

The following is the Victoria Club callover on St. Leger:—

11/2 Owen Tudor, 100|12 Devonian both taken and offered; 9|1 Chateau La Rose offered, 10|1 Bakhtawar offered, 100|9 taken, 10|1 Mazarin 100-7, Sun Castle, Royalist, Orthodox, 100|6 Thoroughfare Ptolemy Starwort, 20|1 Firozedin, Dancing Time, Lambert Simnel, 25|1 Fettes, 33|1 Turkana, 40|1 Camperdown, Royal Academy, Sollum, Cuerdley, 50|1 Felous all offered.—Reuter.

E, N, F. Pavri Dead

Mr. Ervad Naoroji Framroj Pavri of the Anjuman Fire Temple, died at the age of 66 on Tuesday at 10-20 p.m.

New Nazi Thrust From Estonia

REDS BUILD POWERFUL FORTIFICATIONS

Germans Claim To Be 80 Miles From Dneip-Petrovsk, Soviet's Great Industrial City

LONDON, August 19.

THE SOVIET ARMY UNDER MARSHAL VOROSHILOV DEFENDING LENINGRAD IS MAKING A FIGHTING RETREAT BEFORE THE NEW NAZI THRUST FROM ESTONIA.

MOSCOW'S MIDNIGHT COMMUNIQUE ANNOUNCES THE EVACUATION OF THE TOWN OF KINGISEPP ON THE WEST BANK OF THE LUGA RIVER, SOME 70 MILES SOUTH-WEST OF LENINGRAD.

Moscow has nothing specific to report on the position on the southern front since the loss of Krivoirog and Nikolaev which was admitted last night.

Rearguards of the army of Marshal Budenny are reported to nigh to be fighting bitterly to hold off heavy Nazi thrusts towards the wide fast flowing Dnieper River that blocks Hitler's path to the wealth of the Don Basin.

The situation in the central front has undergone no important change. The evacuation of Kingisepp indicates that Marshal Voroshilov's rearguards are falling back on Leningrad's outer defence ring just inside the old Soviet frontier which the Nazis have only now crossed after eight weeks of war.

Nazi Forces Advancing

Kingisepp is on the railway from Tallinn, the Estonian capital, some 15 miles east of Narva.

Earlier a Stockholm message had reported that German forces advancing on both sides of Lake Peipus on the Estonian border had joined up in the Narva "neck"—a 30-mile wide strip of land separating the lake from the Baltic Sea.

In Berlin a High Command spokesman claimed that German infantry detachments had already reached the River Dneiper, 80 miles east of Krivoirog threatening Dneip-Petrovsk.

This great industrial city with its iron and steel works served by the world's largest hydro-electric plant sprawls along the banks of the river some 140 miles from the Black Sea.

The next few days will show whether Marshal Budenny will be successful in taking his main forces across the Dneiper.

The Russians are reported in authoritative London quarters to have built powerful new fortifications along the river which it is stated should form a very strong defence line.

Soviet Communique

Following is the text of a Soviet midnight communique issued by the Soviet Information Bureau:

"On August 18 our troops continued fierce fighting along the entire fronts. After stubborn fighting our troops evacuated the town of Kingisepp (due east of Narva and south west of Leningrad).

During August 17, 22 German planes were brought down in air combats. We lost 18 planes. According to precise data now available in the course of air combats on August 16, 25 German planes were brought down and not 19 as previously reported.

In the Baltic Sea our torpedo boats and aircraft sank a German submarine and two enemy transports."

When German planes attempted raid on Moscow during Monday night only one plane broke through according to the official Tass Agency.

The plane dropped incendiary and high explosive bombs over the city causing insignificant damage.

Marshal Budenny has managed to concentrate the main strength of his Ukraine army along the Dneiper from a point 160 miles south-east of Kiev to Zaporozhe, the lower end of the Dneiper Elbow, according to telegram dated the Soviet frontier.

From here the Soviet forces will be in a good position to defend the main industrial region of Ukraine which includes Dneipero-Pretovsk with its huge power station, the telegram adds.

The Dneiper River was reached on Sunday morning by German infantry units who had made forced marches, according to the official German News Agency, but no indication of the location is given.

The claim states that the infantry had the support of tanks and artillery and that "small Soviet rearguards which attempted to hold them off were overwhelmed."

German guns are now stated to command a stretch of the river preventing the withdrawal of Soviet troops.

Red Army Unit's Heroism

How a Red Army unit cut off by the enemy fought its way out and inflicted considerable loss on the enemy is told in a supplement to the Russian communique.

The unit commanded by Zagordonov when cut off operated for 20 days in the rear of German Fascist troops and forced their way to territory held by the Red Army.

"Preserving their equipment the Red Army men strove to cause the enemy the greatest possible losses. They mercilessly exterminated groups of German soldiers they met, destroyed transports, batteries truck columns and headquarters and killed 240 Fascist soldiers.

The Commander of the unit and the Political Commissar led out of the encirclement 520 Red Army men including 25 wounded without losing a single gun, machinegun or rifle."

Heavy Losses Inflicted

The supplement also tells of the rough handling of two Nazi battalions by another Russian unit commanded by Major Bashmakov.

It says Major Bashmakov's unit supported by two artillery batteries attacked the enemy near a village. The Germans hurled tanks and armoured cars into a counter-attack. A Russian bomber squadron commanded by Captain Comakins took off to bomb German machines.

Fighting between enemy machines and Soviet aircraft lasted an hour and half and ended in the defeat of the Germans. Sixteen German machines were destroyed. Panic broke out in the German ranks.

In this fighting Major Bashmakov's unit inflicted heavy losses upon two German infantry battalions. About 500 Germans were killed or wounded and 120 taken prisoner while the booty taken included seven tanks and eleven guns.—Reuter

"Inhuman Tortures" On People In Occupied Russia

MOSCOW, Aug. 19.

"Inhuman tortures" are inflicted by the Fascists on the population of occupied districts according to the supplement to the Soviet 'communique.'

"In Stepanovka village," it says, "they shot many peasants for refusal to betray Soviet workers. In Rudnay village the Fascists decided to stage a 'reception for Germans by the local population.

All the villagers were herded near the microphone and the Fascists tried to compel them to sing. Despite beatings they all kept silence. Then the Fascists opened fire on the defenceless crowd.

At Olenino station German planes flying low bombed two trains of open platform cars with women, children and wounded Red Army men in them. Fliers clearly saw who was on the platforms. Women and children tried to hide in rye fields but the Fascists machine-gunned them. Many women, children, old folk and wounded army men were killed.—Reuter.

Rao Saheb Durlabhaji C. Mehta, Deputy Political Agent, Western Kathiawar Agency who is due to retire shortly, has been appointed Karbhari of Kotada Sangani State.

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U. P. Congress Chief Released In Appeal

"Prosecution Witnesses Were Unreliable"

BENGAL EX-MINISTER JAILED

GORAKPUR, Aug. 19.

Holding that the prosecution witnesses were unreliable, Mr. V. Bhargava, Sessions Judge, Gorakpur, allowed the appeal of Mr. S. K. D. Palliwal, President of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee, and set aside his conviction and sentence by the lower court of eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment and fine of Rs. 750 and ordered his acquittal.

It will be recalled that Mr. Palliwal had been convicted for having made an alleged prejudicial speech on August, 2, 1941.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Yesterday morning's "Times of India" carries on its front page a picture of Indian troops on the Burma border. Among other things the caption says: "Burma is not unprepared . . . .". So that Indian troops are good enough to be used to defend Burma and while this is being done, all other Indians, even apart from unskilled workers and labourers, are not wanted by the Burma Government, if one reads carefully between the lines of the Burma Agreement. Are we just the helots of the Empire?

* * *

After having travelled once on the back seat of a B. E. S. T. bus in this age of petrol rationing, I would suggest to the B. E. S. T. to organise pleasure drives. The one drive I had, could have been called: "The English Channel".

* * *

A certain society lady of considerable status, travelling on a bus, because it is now *a la mode*, felt insulted that a lady of her status, who is even invited to lunch and dine at Government House, should have been asked to pay for her ticket.

* * *

In a brilliant Convocation address delivered at the Madras University, the Rev. L. D. Murphy says: "University education is of no use but of much good—much as Socrates was of no use, except in a limited way to Xanthippe, but of great imperishable good to humanity." Pretty good, specially when it comes from a padre! In comparison to this sparkling address that of Sir Maurice Gwyer was somewhat dull, I am told.

* * *

Fictitious Interview Herr Hitler: "I could have got my U-Boats to sink Churchill a hundred times, but his spirit would always have been afloat."

* * *

Without Comment—An A. P. message from Hyderabad (Deccan) reads: "His Exalted Highness the Nizam says that he was impressed by the Poet's (Tagore) character, personality and conduct and immediately came to the conclusion that he was a great philosopher."

* * *

Yesterday Lady Rama Rau, Mr. Justice Sen and Mr. Justice Chagla paid tributes to Tagore at Green's. But the ordinary man paid tribute in his heart.

* * *

"T" for Traitor is the new slogan. In the days of "No, no, Nanette" it used to be Tea for Two.

* * *

Quiz of the week: "How does a picture of Col. Palk, (the Military Secretary to the Governor) appear on a page of a certain weekly, entitled "Strictly Feminine"?

Have you played
CHINESE CHECKERS?
ASK
THACKERS

EX-MINISTER JAILED

CALCUTTA, Aug. 19.

Mr. Syed Nausher Ali, ex-Minister of Bengal, was sentenced today to 18 months' R. I. by the Sub Divisional Magistrate at Basirhat (24 Parganas District) for contravening an order under the Defence of India Rules.

The other accused in the case, namely, Messrs. Wallur Rahman, M.L.A., Abdul Waheb Bokainagari, M.L.A. Ramapada Bandyopadhya, and Banbehari Das. Proja Party leaders, were sentenced to various terms of R. I. ranging from six months to one year.

BREACH OF BAN SEQUEL.

The accused were prosecuted for holding a public meeting at Ketiahat (24 Parganas District) on March 22 to protest against and criticise the provisions of the Bengal Jute Regulation Act of 1940 for the regulation of jute crop during year 1941, in contravention of an order issued by the District Magistrate of 24 Parganas under Rule 56 of the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

D.L.B. Vice-Chief Jailed

CUDDAPAH, Aug. 19.

Mr. Pattabhirami Reddi, Vice-President Cuddapah District Board, who was arrested on Saturday for offering Satyagraha, was convicted by the sub-divisional magistrate under the Defence of India Rules and sentenced to five months' simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 500 in default further five months' simple imprisonment.—A.P.

TWO MORE SATYAGRAHIS ARRESTED IN CITY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Two Congressmen from Bombay, Mr. Dattatreya Dhondu Salvi and Mr. Raghunath Sakharam Bidaye who were scheduled to offer Satyagraha in the city this evening, were arrested in the early hours of the morning and taken to Thana for detention

Mr. Salvi was arrested at the office of the 'E' Ward District Congress Committee at about 5-30 a.m. Mr. Bidaye was arrested about the same time at the 'B' Ward Congress Committee.

The total number of Congressmen arrested so far in Bombay in connection with the Satyagraha campaign is 129.

The next batch of three Congressmen proposes to offer Satyagraha on Thursday.

Vedkumari Jailed

NEW DELHI, Aug. 18.

Srimati Vedkumari was sentenced to one year's S. I. by the Additional District Magistrate for offering Satyagraha near clock tower, Delhi.—A. P.

MAHATMA & COUNCILLORS' RESIGNATION

WARDHA, Aug. 19.

It is understood the resignations of the Congress Municipal Councillors from the Wardha Municipality have not been forwarded to the Government Mahatma Gandhi has approached Mr. Mashruwalla to hold an inquiry into the matter. Mr. Mashruwalla will hold his inquiry to-morrow when the two Congress groups in the Wardha Municipal Council will represent their cases before him.—A. P.

Twenty M.L.A.s In C. P. Jails

NAGPUR, Aug. 18.

With the courting of arrest by six M.L.A.'s for a second time, the number of Congress M.L.A.'s in the C. P. and Berar jails, has now risen to twenty. Of the total strength of the Congress Party of nearly seventy, 58 M.L.A.'s have hitherto offered Satyagraha and been jailed. Upto August 19, 972 political prisoners, (927 Satyagrahis and 45 non-Satyagrahis) were convicted. Of these 441 were actually in jail on August 9.

It is understood that as a result of the revision of their sentences the Provincial Government raised 53 prisoners from C to B Class.—A. P.

RAJPIPLA ON EVE OF SATYAGRAHA?

State Subjects' Last Appeal To The Ruler

(From A Correspondent)

RAJPIPLA, August 16.

The talks between Mr. Vinayakrao the Secretary of the Loksabha of Rajpipla, and the Dewan Saheb, with a view to bring about a settlement of the tense situation caused by the Durbar having placed a virtual ban on public Meetings, Suppression of the Loksabha as "illegal" and its publications and the order withdrawing four lawyers' sanads injustly, without calling for any explanation from them, remained incomplete as the Dewan left for Bombay to attend the Ministers' meeting. On his return Mr. Vinayakrao wrote for an appointment for a further talk, but the Dewan gave no reply. The assurance given by the Dewan to the Bar Association, Representatives of Rajpipla businessmen, the elected members of the State Legislative Council as well as to Mr. Vinayakrao as a result of their persistent efforts, that the Maharaja Saheb would return to the capital in July and then hear them about the subject proved vain as His Highness, who was out when the Ordinances were promulgated, has not yet returned to the State and the Dewan has not given any further intimation to them about their request for interview.

A FINAL APPEAL

This attitude on the part of the State convinced the Loksabha workers that the State did not mean to do the right thing. They, however, resolved to send a final appeal to His Highness who is now at Poona, to restore the civil liberties of the people and remedy the wrong, before the State's people are compelled to resort to voluntary self-sacrifice, which seemed to be the only course open to them. The appeal has accordingly been dispatched and if within the reasonable time they do not receive any response from the State, it is certain that they will resort to peaceful individual civil disobedience.

SATYAGRAHI GETS 9 MONTHS' R. I.

DEHRA DUN, August 18.

Mr. Bhakta Darshan, former Chairman of the Garhwal District Rural Development Association, who offered Satyagraha at Badrinath, recently was sentenced to nine months' R. I. and Rs. 100/- fine.—A. P.

MRS. BIMAL DEBI GRANTED BAIL

CALCUTTA, Aug. 19.

Mrs. Bimal Protiva Debi, who had been sentenced to one year's S. I. and a fine of Rs. 250, by the Additional District Magistrate, Alipur, under the Defence of India Rules, has been granted bail by Mr. Justice Lodge and Mr. Justice Pal, who also issued a rule calling upon the District Magistrate of Alipur to show cause why her conviction and sentence should not be set aside. Realisation of the fine imposed on her has also been stayed pending the hearing of the rule.—A. P.

HELP VISVA-BHARATI

Muslim Litterateurs' Appeal

Under the auspices of the Muslim Literary Association of Calcutta a largely attended public meeting was held on Sunday, August 10, to condole the death of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore. Maulavi Md. Barkatulla presided.

Two resolutions, one recording the Muslim community's deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Poet Tagore and the other requesting the public to devise ways and means for the perpetuation of Visva-Bharati, the international institution founded by the Poet, were adopted unanimously at the meeting.

Professor Mrs. Samsul Nahar said that Nature in her varied aspects was always a source of inspiration to the Poet. The beauty of nature during the rains had an irresistible appeal to him. Perhaps this was why in a monsoon evening he took leave for the world.

Mr. Mujibar Rahaman Khan said that Rabindranath was a poet, novelist, story-writer, painter, litterateur and play-wright—all at the same time. Without his creative genius, Bengali literature would not have been enriched as it was now.

The President associated himself with the tributes offered to Rabindranath.

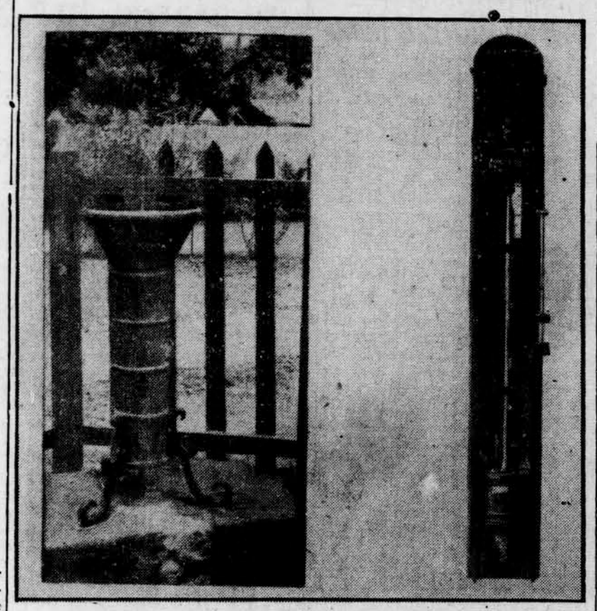
Abanindranath Tagore Felicitated

CALCUTTA, August 19.

Felicitations of the inmates of Santiniketan Ashram to Dr. Abanindranath Tagore on the occasion of his 70th birthday were conveyed to him at his Jorashanko residence in Calcutta by a party from Santiniketan, who presented him an address. Mr. Nandlal Bose offered him the presents the party had brought from Santiniketan.

Replying to the address Dr Abanindranath Tagore referred to the influence which Dr. Rabindranath had exercised on his mind and art. He appealed to the Asramites to keep the ideals of Santiniketan, as conceived by the poet, intact.—A. P.

CENTURY-OLD STILL GOING STRONG



This barometer and rain-gauge at the Colaba Observatory have been functioning now for over a century.

(See Page 6.)

Descendant Of Rishis

Tributes At Progressive Group Meeting To Tagore

"Poets are the creators of the world ideas. The sanctity of conventional custom has little meaning for them. We find in Tagore simple and sublime truths of the Upanishads and affirmation of direct descent from ancient Rishis," said the Hon. Mr. Justice Sen in the course of tributes paid to the memory of the late Rabindranath Tagore at the meeting of the Progressive Group at Green's on Tuesday evening.

Continuing he said. the Poet had presented to humanity big and lofty ideals of an Indian life, which were inculcated in Santiniketan.

Speaking on Tagore's works and great self-sacrifice and his longing for India's independence, he proved himself to be an authentic voice of Indian renaissance. He was a great Poet patriot and devotee. Though he is an international figure he is essentially an Indian. He was responsive to all aspects and manifestations of Indian life and nature.

Lady Rama Rau speaking next, recalled a few personal reminiscences during her stay at Madras. She said they criticised the idea of a National University, which he was trying to found. She said that the poet answered all their questions from the stand-point of National importance and she was moved to see Santiniketan.

ARTIST IS VOTARY OF GOD

Santiniketan Celebrates Tagore's 70th Birthday

SANTINIKETAN, Aug 19.

In accordance with the desire expressed by poet Rabindranath, Santiniketan celebrated to-day the 70th birthday Anniversary of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, the well-known artist in a befitting manner.

Addressing the inmates of the Ashram, who met at the Mandir in the morning to celebrate the day, Pandit Kshiti Mohan Sen said: "Art is praise of the divine formless and expresses himself through form, while man tries to reveal the formless in varied forms of his creation, such as poetry, music and art. The artist, therefore, is a votary of god and as such worthy of our highest homage. It is he who inspires us to unfold that Divinity latent in every aspect of the universe. Rabindranath has done this with the genius of a master. On this occasion, therefore we pray that he may continue to live amongst us for many more years and thus carry on the great tradition laid down by our own Guru."

MUSEUM OPENED

A four-day exhibition of Dr Rabindranath Tagore's representative works from the Earliest days was opened at Kalabhavana Museum. The exhibits include a striking study of poet Rabindranath's dead body, represented as a boat launching out in the vast ocean, painted as recently as August 8.—A. P.

RATHINDRANATH THANKS

SANTINIKETAN, August 19.

Mr. Rathindranath Tagore, son of poet Rabindranath Tagore, has issued the following statement to the press:—

"I have been deeply touched by the messages of sympathy that have been pouring in from innumerable kind friends, institutions and public bodies. I do not know how far it will be possible for me to acknowledge these messages individually, though I am trying my best to do so. In the meanwhile I should like to take this opportunity to thank them all for their expression of sympathy.

Let me also express my deep and heartfelt gratitude for all the help and service voluntarily and whole-heartedly rendered by friends and well-wishers both during the illness, and after the death of my father; in particular I am grateful to the doctors to aid all that was humanly possible to avert the tragedy that fate had ordained for us."—A. P.

Chiang Kai Shek Grieved

SANTINIKETAN, Aug. 18.

Condoling the death of Poet Tagore, Generalissimo Chiang Kai Shek in a telegram to Professor Tan says:—

"I am greatly grieved by the death of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore The aged sage is no more. The world cannot hear his noble and instructive voice again Especially the eastern civilization has lost a great teacher."

On the Sradha Day of Dr. Tagore messages received from among others were Mrs Sarojini Naidu, Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Sir Azizul Haque.—United Press

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LET your children enjoy the supreme advantages of "Ovaltine" Rusks. Their use throughout infancy and childhood will ensure strong, regular teeth and good mouth formation—important considerations in later years.

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RE/6/42

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MUTT AND JEFF—The Mutts Have No Peerage But They Still Have the Old Family Plate — By BUD FISHER

MUTT, DO YOU STILL LOVE ME AS MUCH AS YOU USE TO?
SURE!
REMEMBER BEFORE WE WERE MARRIED YOU USE TO SAY, "M'LOVE, WERE I DROWNING IN THE MIDDLE OF THE OCEAN-GOING DOWN FOR THE THIRD TIME-YOU WOULD BE THE LAST PERSON I'D THINK OF!"
I STILL SAY IT! IF I WERE DROWNING IN THE OCEAN YOU'D BE THE LAST PERSON I'D THINK OF!
NOW, HOW DID HE MEAN THAT? IT DIDN'T SOUND THE SAME--
THE FAMILY PLATE

Present A United Hindu-Muslim Front

India's Freedom Will Banish Communal Differences

Mr. Syed Habibur Rahman, President, All-Bengal Krishak Praja Party and All-Bengal Bengalee Mussalmans' Association, says:—I am one with you on all the points referred to in your letter. You know we Indian Muslim nationalists still remain scattered and incoherent and have not yet been organised into an All-India United Muslim Nationalist body.

It is most essential that All Indian Muslim nationalists belonging to the Congress, the All-Bengal Krishak Praja Party, the Majlis-I-Aharar, the Jamdat-ul-Momins, the Jamiat-ul-Ulemas etc should be mobilised into one powerful All-India United Muslim Nationalist Party. In the same way all the Hindu nationalists should be marshalled into one powerful All-India united Hindu Nationalist Party. When these two parallel United Indian Hindu-Muslim Nationalist organisations are complete, let us organise a successful Indian Hindu-Muslim united front, so as to present a united front to the British Government on the one hand, and to restore communal peace and harmony among Hindus and Muslims, on the other. These two parallel nationalist organisations shall owe their allegiance to the All-India National Congress. Mahatma Gandhi shall have undisputed authority over these two Muslim-Hindu organisations.

Mr. Jinnah's scheme of Pakistan with perpetuate communal minorities has been rejected by our Muslim-Hindu minorities. Mr. Jinnah lives in a fool's paradise if he thinks his scheme of Pakistan will ever bear fruit. In India it shall be an All-India national democratic Pakistan, such as was preached in his time by Syed Zamaluddin Afbhani, the greatest of Muslim political saints in Asia—that is, neither a majority nor minority rule, nor a Muslim or Hindu Raj, but a people's Government. During Moghul rule in India when there were constant internal quarrels between Hindus and Mussalmans, Syed Khwaja Muinuddin Chisti, who was deputed by his cousin brother Syed Abdul Kader Jilani of Bagdad to come to India, settled down in Ajmer Mewar in the very thick of the Hindu population of the Rajputs and inculcated on the Moghul Emperors and Indian Muslims to serve the Indian people, Hindus and Muslims of Hindusthan, love and neighbourliness, but never to tyrannise over the Hindus and Muslims. Following the teachings of this great saint of Ajmer, Emperor Aurangjeb built the mosque at Benares by the very side of the Hindu temple, so that Hindus and Muslims may offer their respectives prayers to God in mutual religious tolerance. This is the history of Islam in India. Does Mr. Jinnah demand of Indian Muslims to undo this proud heritage of joint Muslim-Hindu civilisation and culture in India? Let us attain our freedom for India to-day and all our Jinnahs and communal disturbances will vanish to-morrow forever.

AGRA ZEMINDARS OUT TO TORPEDO TENANCY ACT

A deputation of the Agra Province Zemindars' Association, including Nawab Sir Muhammad Yusuf, President; Raja of Tamkohi, the Raja of Tirwa and Rai Bahadur Beharilal, waited on the Governor of U.P., Sir Maurice Hallett on August 13. They drew His Excellency's attention to the various provisions of the U.P. Tenancy Act, 1939, which were insidious methods of encroaching upon the essential rights of the zeminders."

"FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS"

"The zemindars demand adequate and effective representations on any conference or body which may be constituted to draw up the future constitution of India.

The deputationists prayed that Sections 294, 252, 163, 165, 158 and other such Sections of the U.P. Tenancy Act, 1939, as affected the fundamental rights of zemindars should be deleted and zemindars should be given adequate protection.

MAKING ARMAMENTS IN CIVIL FACTORIES

NEW DELHI, August 19.

The manufacture of steel buildings, engineering supplies and many items of weapons and ammunition is now in progress by civil industry in addition to Government factories. The object is to make the maximum use of the existing industrial capacity and make India self-supporting for munitions supply as far as possible.

Large orders have been placed on civil and railway workshops for the production of parts of armaments. The production of 4.5 inch howitzer and 25-pounder shell forgings in railway workshops has been established and jute mills have undertaken machining of shells as well as further work in munitions supply.

Some workshops have been entrusted with the manufacture of empty fuses for high explosive shells.

Various schemes for shell production have been introduced which differ according to the facilities available in each particular area. For example, in the Bombay circle half-wroughts in the form of pierced forgings are being supplied by the Department of Supply, fabrication of the forgings taking place in Bengal where ample materials and capacity for this class of work is available. The forgings are delivered to Feeder Workshops so named because these workshops, although not equipped with plant suitable for completing the whole machining process, are quite capable of undertaking the early operations, including finish boring prior to what is known as "bottling" or "heading".

Certain fuses are to be made in Bombay and Calcutta partly from mat rials in the form of extruded bars from elsewhere in India. Some of the smaller components will be made in Bihar, Madras and the Punjab as machines suitable for their manufacture cannot all be found centralised.

The workshops to be engaged in this work will machine the parts entrusted to them and a Central workshop in Bombay will collect them for thread-milling and to apply protective coatings before despatch to the Government depot. The fuses will then be sent to an Ordnance Factory for filling. Fuses are complicated work, one of them having no less than nineteen component parts.

Light plant such as capstans, small automatics, light lathes and drilling machines are most suitable for making fuse components.

Brass bars for the main component will be cast in chilled cast iron moulds, cut into billets and stamped into half-wroughts for machining in capstan lathes. Copper and brass strip will also be rolled from billets cast in Bombay, Calcutta, Lahore and Ajmer.

The steel components of the fuse will be made from special steel bar rolled by Tatas. Bombay has no potential capacity for producing bars from the class of steel required.

The Government of Bombay has authorised the grant to the Bombay City Ambulance Corps of a portion of land, about 2,400 square yards in area, known as the Pavilion Section (Old Military Hospital) of the Marine Lines Maidan, for the construction of suitable premises for the Headquarters of the Corps and Ambulance Service Station.

Interesting Revelations In Gorakhpur Case

Is a Bhatiara a "razeel", or a "shareef"? This is the issue to be decided by Mr V. Bhargava, District Judge, Gorakhpur, in a case in which Syed Jawad Ali Shah, "mutwalli" of a big "waqf" estate in the U.P., popularly known as Mian Saheb, has used Mr. Hanuman Das, bookseller for payment of certain dues in respect of three houses in Mian Bazar Mohalla, which the latter had purchased from different persons, including Ali Bax Bhatiara, on the basis of "wajbul-alz" which provides that the zemindar is entitled to realise these dues from Baqqals and "razeel" castes, etc., and also from transferees of "razeel" castes, writes the Gorakhpur correspondent of "The Pioneer". The suit had been decreed in favour of Mian Saheb by Mr. Khalil Ahmad.

When the suit came up in appeal before the District Judge, as issue was framed whether Ali Bax, one of the transferers, was "razeel" or "shareef". The issue was remanded to the lower court which held Ali Bax to be a "razeel".

An application, which had been rejected by the lower court, was moved before the appelate court to examine Syed Jawad Ali Shah.

RELIGIOUS AND SOCIAL POINTS OF VIEW

Examined on commission, Syed Jawad Ali Shah stated that he was Sajjad Nashin and "mutwalli" of Mian Bazar Imambara. He went on: "There are castes among the Muslims who are divided as "shareef" and "razeel". From the religious point of view Islam does not recognise any profession as "razeel" or "shareef" but from the social point of view it does.

"From the religious point of view the Bhatiaras are not "razeels" but from the social point of view they are. In fact, there are no "razeels" and "shareefs" among the Muslims from the religious point of view.

"Caste is a social division in the Muslim community. So far as I know, caste among Hindus is also a social division. If a Bhatiara becomes wealthy, he may call himself "shareef", but I will consider him to be a "razeel".

"The general Muslim community, to my mind, will consider a Bhatiara to be a "razeel". Among the Muslims, persons are either "razeel" or "shareef" by birth. A Muslim may be born a "razeel", but he may become a "shareef" if the Muslim society will admit him as "shareef" and all Muslims will have to pay homage to him."

Further examined, Syed Jawad Ali Shah stated, "Syeds are a social division among Muslims."

Q. Is the division of Muslim community as Syeds and Sheikhs based on their following a particular profession?

A. The tradition among the Muslims was and is that "Ahl-i-Qalam" (writers), "Ahl-i-Shaif", (warriors), "Ahl-i-Ilm" (men of learning) are included among "shareefs" and Sheikhs and Syeds, too, belong to the same category.

Q. If a Syed follows the profession of a sweeper, what will you consider him to be—a "shareef" or a "razeel"?

A. I will consider him to be a "shareef" by birth and "razeel" by profession.

Q. If a Bhatiara takes to learning or to sword what will you consider him to be?

A. I will consider him to be a "razeel" by birth and "shareef" by profession.

Goods From Japanese Empire

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (5) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that, notwithstanding anything contained in the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), no goods imported from any place in—

(a) The Empire of Japan (including Japan proper, Korea, Formosa, Karafuto, Kwantung leased territory and Islands in the Pacific under Japanese Mandate), or

(b) China (including Manchuria and Shanghai) shall be permitted to be cleared, whether for home consumption or for shipment to a foreign port unless,—

(i) the Customs Collector is satisfied that the whole of the c.i.f. value of the goods excepting such part thereof, if any, as had been paid before the 26th July, 1941, has been paid into a blocked account in accordance with the provisions of rule 92B of the Defence of India Rules, or

(ii) the owner of the imported goods produces an order of the Central Government permitting such clearance.

Provided that nothing in the order shall apply to goods imported from China by land into Burma and thence by sea or land into British India.

MORE ENEMY FIRMS.

SIMLA, Aug. 18.

The Government of India says a Press Note in a notification dated the 18th August, 1941, which will come into operation on the 23rd August, 1941, have issued further additions to the list of enemy firms in neutral countries with whom it is unlawful to have dealings of any kind. The notification will be reproduced in the Indian Trade Journal.—A. P.

CHOUDHRY KHALIQ-UZ-ZAMAN

LUCKNOW, August 19.

Choudhry Khaliq-uz-Zaman is leaving for Bombay on the 22nd August to attend the meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League.—A. P.

THIRD MAYORS' CONFERENCE AT COLOMBO

Resolutions For Legislative Convention And Secretariat

COLOMBO, August 18.

An elaborate programme including discussion on an extensive range of subjects connected with mun c'pal administration has been drawn up for the third Mayors' Conference which opened here this afternoon.

Among those attending the conference are Mr. M. H. Gazdar, the Mayor of Karachi, Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, former Mayor of Karachi who initiated the Mayors' Conference, Mr. Janakiram Chetty, Mayor of Madras, Mr. P. N. Brahma, Mayor of Calcutta, also the Deputy Mayors of Karachi and Madras and the Mayors of Kandy and Galle in Ceylon.

The Mayor of Rangoon has intimated that he is not attending owing to the latest international developments.

During the conference the delegates will visit Colombo's model tenements for the poor, child welfare establishments and other centres of Colombo's municipal activity.

Legislative Convention for Each City

Among the resolutions passed by the conference is one moved by the Mayor of Calcutta, which states that the present legislative powers of provincial legislatures to legislate for the city should be annulled and the constitution, powers, duties and functions of each major city corporation should be determined by a convention drawn up by mutual consultation between representatives of the city and provincial governments.

The convention thus drawn up should replace the present statute in each major city and operate as a city charter in which the rights and interests of the contracting parties should be mutually preserved and respected.

Secretariat Separated four Executive

A resolution to be moved by the Mayor of Karachi urges that the Secretariat of Mayors should be separated from executive departments under the Chief Executive Officer's control, and be placed directly under the mayors with powers to directly correspond with the government on the one hand and the departments concerned on the other.

The Mayor of Karachi also urges in another resolution that the expenses connected with A. R. P. and other measures relating to the war should not be charged on the revenues of local bodies.

NEXT SESSION.

The Mayors' Conference concluded its two-day session this evening after passing a number of resolutions, and deciding to have Calcutta as the venue for the next conference.

In his concluding speech the Mayor of Colombo Mr. Saravanamutti extolled the high example set by Indian leaders to Ceylon.

The Conference elected Mr. Sidhwa, who initiated the idea of Mayors' Conference to be a life member. The Conference also appointed a Standing Committee to carry out the decisions of the Conference.

BOYCOTT SPECIAL FUNCTIONS.

The Mayors' Conference now meeting in Colombo has decided that no mayor should attend any official function until the warrant of precedence is amended so as to assign him a rank next to the representative of His Majesty the King at functions, within a city and next to Ministers at other functions.—A. P.

INDIANS IN BURMA

NEW DELHI, August 18

Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta, President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, New Delhi has, on behalf of the Committee, addressed the following telegram to the Secretary of State for India, London, regarding the Indo-Burma immigration agreement.

"The Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, New Delhi, are arranging to submit a joint representation to His Excellency the Viceroy in consultation with the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association, Bombay and the Madras All-Parties' Meeting regarding the scope and provisions of the Indo-Burma Immigration Agreement after hearing Burma Indian Delegation, who are arriving shortly in India. The Committee pray that His Majesty's Government would be pleased to take no action in issuing an order-in-council regarding the Indo-Burma immigration question pending receipt and consideration by them, of the joint representation."—A.P.

Kolhapur "Gadi"

The following resolution was unanimously passed at a public meeting of the citizens of Poona city and suburbs, held on 14th August, under the presidency of Principal Dhananjayarao Gadgil, Director of the Gokhale Institute of Poltics and Economics:

It is now eight months since the sad demise of his late lamented Highness Shrimant Chatrapati Sir Rajaram Maharaj of Kolhapur. Still no successor has yet come on the Gadi. Consequently all the castes and communities in Maharashtra are deeply distressed. This meeting, therefore, of the citizens in Poona city and suburbs, of all castes and communities, most earnestly urges the Paramount Power to give all ruling powers of the State to Her Highness Tarabai Maharani Saheb and further allow her free and unfettered choice in adopting a successor to the Kolhapur Gadi."

Naigaum Harijans Condemn Exclusion Of Ambedkar

A meeting of the Naigaum Mitra Mandal, was held under the presidentship of Mr. T. L. Piparekar at Naigaum on August 15, when the following resolutions were unanimously passed:—

"This meeting condemns the exclusion of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar from the Viceroy's expanded Executive Council and requests the Government for inclusion of a representative of the Scheduled Castes".

"This meeting whole-heartedly supported the Memorandum regarding the grievances of the Watandars-Mahar, Mang and Vethia issued by Dr. B. R. Ambedka. to the Governor of Bombay, and strongly supports the decision of the Conference at Sinnar, Dist Nasik"

C. P. SYNDICATE DIRECTORS' DISPUTE Interim Injunction Refused

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kania.)

Mrs. Shirinbai B. P. Byramji Plaintiff.

v.

Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy and Others ... Defendants

The Parties are the Directors of the Central Provinces Syndicate Ld. having its registered office at Nagpur. The Plaintiff is the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the 1st Defendant the Managing Director, and the 4th Defendant in addition to being the Director is the General Manager of the Syndicate. The Syndicate also did business in Bombay as partners in the Managing Agents Firm of the Western India Oil Distributing Co. Ld. The Plaintiff was also a creditor of the Syndicate for Rs. 6 lakhs for which she held a decree dated 30th April 1941.

On 25th July 1941 the Plaintiff wrote to the 1st and 4th Defendants requesting them to fix a meeting of the Directors at Nagpur by her letter 14th August she convened a meeting at Nagpur on 25th August. On 15th August 1941 the 1st Defendant wrote to the Plaintiff stating that an urgent meeting of the Directors was convened in Bombay at the residence of the 2nd Defendant at Marine Drive on 18th August at 12 noon. Under the Articles of Association any Director could convene a meeting of the Directors at any time.

The Plaintiff filed the present suit and made this application for an Interim Injunction yesterday morning restraining the 1st Defendant from holding the meeting fixed for the same day at 12 noon and from convening any meeting of the Directors except after reasonable notice to them.

After a protracted hearing, His Lordship refused to grant the Interim Injunction sought by the Plaintiffs.

On the matter being mentioned again by Counsel yesterday afternoon His Lordship took a note of the complaint by the Plaintiff that the meeting had been held within a few minutes of His Lordship's Order that morning and that when the Plaintiff went to the place fixed for it at 1-p.m. She was told that the meeting was over.

Mr. N. P. Engineer instructed by Messrs. Rustomji and Ginwalla appeared for the Plaintiff in support of the application.

Mr. V. F. Taraporewalla instructed by Messrs. Wadia, Gandhy and Co. appeared for the first, second and third Defendants to oppose it.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga instructed by Messrs. Nandlal Patwari and Co., appeared for the 4th Defendant.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY WORKERS DEMAND INCREASE IN DEARNESS ALLOWANCE

At the Central meeting of the B. B. & C. I. Railway workers held in the B. B. & C. I. Railway Union's premises (Ajmer Branch), a demand for immediate economic relief by way of increase in the dearness allowance and grant of the delayed war allowance was made, pointing out the urgency of the relief due to the "rapidly worsening economic condition of the workers."

It was further resolved to demand (1) the terms of re-employment by the Government of India who are to take over the B. B. & C. I. Railway from January 1, 1942, and (2) to an enquiry into the alleged mal-practices prevalent regarding recruitment of new hands.

G. I. P. RLY. WORKERS DEMAND WAR ALLOWANCE

A mass meeting of G. I. P. Railway workers was held at Dhond on Saturday last under the auspices of G. I. Railwaymen's Union Com. B. G. Jadhao presiding.

The meeting requested the Railway Board to sanction immediately war allowance for all employees with retrospective effect (from 1st April 1941).

The meeting, while strongly supporting the demand of time scale earnestly requests the Railway Board to grant reasonable increment in pay of those who have no promotions in last 3 years.

This meeting condemned Nazi aggression on Soviet Russia. It welcomes the Anglo-Russian pact and requested the G. I. P. Railway workers to raise a Paisa-fund in aid of Russian workers.

N. Y. K. Employee Jailed

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Curtain was rung down to-day in the case when the Chief Presidency Magistrate passed orders sentencing one of the two Parsi employees of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, a Japanese Shipping firm, under the Defence of India Rules, on charges of collecting and recording in the Bombay Docks in February and March last information likely to assist the enemy and with being in possession of such information.

Ratanshaw Kavasji Khan, a 65-year-old tally clerk, was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. Kaikhoshru Dadabhai Dabher, the head of the Tally Department of N. Y. K., the second accused in the case, was acquitted.

The Magistrate remarked that in any other country, a similar offence would have been tried by a Naval Court Martial and the offender would have been shot.

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HONORARY RANKS FOR PRINCES

SIMLA, August 19.

His Majesty the King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to approve of the promotion of:—(1) H. E. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad and Berar to the Honorary Rank of General (2) H. H. the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir to the Honorary Rank of Lieut.-General, (3) H. H. the Nawab of Bahawalpur to the Honorary Rank of Lieut.-Colonel, and (4) H. H. the Raja of Faridkot to the Honorary Rank of Captain, in the army with effect from July 4th, 1941, says a Press "Communique".

His Majesty has further been pleased to grant with effect from the same date the Honorary Rank of Captain to:—(1) H. H. the Maharaja Rana Saheb of Porbandar and the Honorary Rank of Lieutenant to:—(2) H. H. the Maharaja of Alwar, (3) H. H. the Maharaja of Dhar and (4) H. H. the Maharaja of Nabha.—A. P.

ABSCONDER ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, Aug. 18.

David Ezekiel, head of a firm Davidsons Ltd., now defunct, who was wanted in connection with the Garlahat Excise Case was produced to-day before the Additional Magistrate of Alipore, who released him on a bail of Rs. 1,00,000.

It may be remembered that following a discovery of an up-to-date and well-equipped at Garlahat Road where several thousand gallons of illicit liquor were manufactured and sold throughout India and the Far East causing a loss of lakhs of rupees of Government revenue, thirty persons were convicted on various terms of imprisonment and fines.

Alleged Breach Of Order Against Military Drills

MADRAS, August 19.

A charge was framed by the Third Presidency Magistrate under Rule 58(2) of the Defence of India Rules against two Upper Indian men, Mr. G. S. Paramarth, Organiser, and Mr. V. V. Gokhale, Physical Instructor of the Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh (a volunteer organisation) who were arrested for alleged contravening of the prohibitory order in respect of drills of a military nature.

Both of them pleaded 'not guilty' to the charge. Further hearing of the case has been adjourned.—A. P.

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Sir Maurice Gwyer Pleads For

Freedom From Tyranny Of Slogans

Let Your Minds Be Cleared Of Lumber And Cant: Address To New Graduates At The Convocation

That expenditure on education should not be restricted even under war time, that the deplorable tendency of certain vested interests to turn the wide-spread desire of education to their own profit should be discouraged, that all the universities of India should make a common effort to improve the standard of education, that Mass production methods should never be allowed in education, that there should be an attempt to improve the emoluments, prospects and satus of the teaching profession, were some of the high lights in Sir Maurice Gwyer's convocation address.

Turning to the new graduates, Sir Maurice urged them to discard the catchwor'ds and phrases which were so often used as substitute for thought, to do their little bit to remove the psychological barriers which were the cause of many the unhappy differences in this country and elsewhere and about all to cultivate the virtues of patience and tolerance.

New Graduates

2682 graduates, including 327 ladies received their degrees at the Convocation. The number of candidates obtaining the various degrees was as follows:—B.A., 922 (195 being ladies); B.Com., 109 (including three ladies); B.T. 140 (41 of whom were ladies); M.A. 106 (including 15 ladies); M.Com., 4 (one lady); B.Sc. 388 (42 ladies; M.S.c. 24 (one lady); B.Ag. 1; Bsc. (Agri.), 19; B.E., 67; B.Sc. Tech., 7; M.Sc. Tech. 2; LL.B., 693 (including five ladies); M.B.B.S. 155 (23 ladies); D.P.H., two; D.O., 5; B.Hy., 5; M.D., 5 (including one lady); M.S., three; Ph.D. Arts, three; Science, 6; and technology, one.

In the course of his speech, Sir Maurice Gwyer said:—

"We meet under the shadow of catastrophic events, which as time goes on must necessarily affect more and more of our activities; nor can education hope to escape. But I should like to say this. It is plain that many projects desirable in themselves and near to the heart of many of us must stand over until peace comes; and we cannot complain if current expenditure even for purposes which we have come to regard as matters of course, is strictly limited. Expenditure on education however seems to me to stand in a category of its own. I cannot believe that to restrict proper expenditure on this service, even in time of war, could ever be a true economy. I would go even further and say that, subject to all reasonable conditions, it may rightly be increased. When half the world is fighting for its life and all that it cherishes and values, it would be strange, indeed, if those who are to inherit and enjoy what this generation is willing to lay down its life to preserve were to find that after all their inheritance was a barren one. What have we profited the world or ourselves, if the generation which comes after us were to grow up neither knowing nor caring for those things which we have held dearer than life itself? So there must be no break in the cultural tradition, and our children are entitled to share the riches which have come down to us from the past and to make use of them, as we hope, to build an even richer future. But all this may be endangered, if we economise on education now. Nay, more; it is in true education, as I see it, that our greatest hope for the future rests."

VESTED INTERESTS IN EDUCATION

"An Indian friend of mine a little while ago observed to me that education had become one of the major industries of the country. I dare say that the observation was not an original one, though I had not heard it before. He meant, and I am afraid that it is an unpalatable truth, that too many people have been allowed to turn to their own profit the wide-spread desire for education, or at any rate for the advancement which can most easily be obtained by satisfying certain educational tests. The result is that powerful vested interests have grown up, who have every motive for upholding the existing state of things and will not be disposed to encourage any attempt to alter it."

Dealing with the difficulty of maintaining University standards Sir Maurice referred to what he called a wholly mechanical or even commercial idea of education which is too often to be found, the conception of the degree as a thing having an intrinsic, and not merely a symbolic, value, with matriculation only as a prelude to the degree. The importance too often attached to the degree in comparison with the education which is supposed to precede it is inevitably exaggerated by the presence of a large number of students who can never hope to obtain it; and hence the saddening spectacle of a value being attached even to the failure of the attempt. None of us can be ignorant of the host of other mischiefs which these distorted standards and values bring in their train."

On the question of standards of education, he said:—

"The brilliant man can look after himself and will always rise to the top; and, apart from this, he is well looked after in the post-graduate courses of most Indian Universities. No country can have too many brilliant men, but it is after all the average man on whom the world still relies for the efficient conduct of its day to day business; and the Universities can most powerfully affect the attitude of the average man towards standards of all kinds, whether of education or of conduct and character in the affairs of daily life. I very respectfully suggest that it is the business of a University to determine what those standards shall be; and anything which tends to lower them, or to accept the second rate in substitution for something better, must surely prejudice the national life. A common effort on the part of all the Universities seems to be required."

NO MASS PRODUCTION.

"Mass production ought to have no place in the theory or practice of higher education; but I think that most of those who are concerned with education could name places where it not only exists but flourishes.

Continuing the speaker said:—

"I cannot doubt that the key to a real educational advance and to the maintenance of proper standards lies in the position given to the teacher, who should be assured of adequate emoluments and prospects, and, not least, a status according with the dignity of his calling. It is intolerable that the vested interests of which I have spoken should be allowed for a single moment to continue their exploitation of the teaching profession. I have even heard teachers in the service of a College described as the 'employees' of the Governing Body; a dreadful conception, as though they were the servants of a contractor engaged in purveying to the public a bazar commodity called education. With what shame would not the "Parishad" of one of the ancient Universities in India have heard the expression! Here at any rate is to be found one of the directions in which, even in wartime, additional expenditure would be repaid many times over."

DISCARD CATCHWORDS

Turning to the students Sir Maurice said:—

"Now is the time to discard the catchwords and phrases which are so often used as a substitute for thought, and which exert so immense an influence over those who will not take the trouble to think for themselves. Let them all be scrutinized, so that it may be seen what they really mean, or whether they mean anything at all. Let your minds be cleared of lumber and cant. Where education means no more than the acquisition of a degree and perhaps of information about a variety of subjects, and does not seek so to equip the mind as to enable it to grasp and deal with the problems of life, is it surprising that great numbers of men are at the mercy of words and phrases and of an unscrpulous propaganda, since they themselves have no power to criticize or to discriminate, being without standards of their own?

After giving illustrations to show how words like "New order" "Dominion Status" and even the word "freedom" were misunderstood and abused Sir Maurice said:—

NEW CONSTITUTION NEEDS

"The time is coming when, we are told, India is to construct a constitution of this kind for herself. To construct a satisfactory and workable constitution is one of the most difficult tasks which men can undertake; and it requires certain qualities of mind not always found in combination, but which are held in high honour in all Universities and which it should be the peculiar glory of a University education to produce: freedom from illusion, the faculty of analysis, and the ability to see and appreciate the point of view of others. By freedom from illusion, I mean the will and the courage to face realities, freedom from the tyranny of political phrases and slogans, freedom from pre-possessions and prejudices: I mean by the faculty of analysis the ability to analyse political conceptions and ideas, to see them in relation to one another, and to forecast their consequences and effects. It is a task which, in a word, requires hard thinking and hard intellectual effort. Some of the young men who are present here to-day may find themselves taking part in it, in one capacity or another; and I have no doubt that the lessons which you have imbibed in this place and the training which you have here received will stand you in good stead and enable you to make a notable contribution to the welfare of your country. And those of you to whom the privilege of taking any active part in those deliberations is denied may nevertheless contribute something of value in your own sphere. You can help those who have not had the same advantages as yourselves to clarify their thoughts, and you can teach them that difficulties are not always to be explained away, still less removed, by imputing the blame for them to others. You can do something to remove the psychological barriers to which I suspect many of the unhappy differences and misunderstandings which exist in this country and in other parts of the world owe their origin; and a great responsibility rests on those who, like yourselves, are just stepping across the threshold into the great world to see that by no thoughtless or ill-considered words or actions are those barriers increased. Lastly, above all, I think that I would commend to you the virtues of patience and tolerance and that saying which tells us that a great city was not built in a day."

STUDENTS' REPLY TO MASANI

The Executive of the Bombay Students' Union in reply to the Vice-Chancellor, writes:

We have read with surprise the belated defence of Sir Maurice Gwyer put up by the Vice-Chancellor. There has been no misunderstanding on our part regarding Sir Maurice Gwyer's action. We still claim that it is definitely an act of repression.

It does not much matter whether the degrees have been forfeited or whether the students are rusticated and detained from taking their degrees for a definite period.

We believe that it is within our right to influence our fellow students by peaceful persuasion, which is however only a form of canvassing. Strikes organised by the students have always been peaceful and dignified, as the public of Bombay very well knows.

Violence and terrorism were not at all used on the side of the students at Delhi, as implied in Sir Maurice Gwyer's statement, on the contrary, they came from the other side.

When the students asked for an impartial inquiry into the conduct of the strikes to prove the truth, the University authorities quietly ignored it.

The strike at Delhi on November 16 was organised not against the University as such, but to preserve its sanctity as a seat of learning. It was organised to express a deep resentment against the compaign of repression launched by the Government against the academic and civil liberties of the students (for example Madras and U. P. D.P.I. circulars.

The protest ought to have come from the University itself. But for reasons best known to them they failed to do so. Therefore we feel that the action of Delhi students is absolutely honourable.

If, under such circumstances the Vice-Chancellor of Delhi University chooses to victimise the strike leaders in any way, it must be taken as a deliberate act of repression regardless of the degree of punishment.

To the Vice-Chancellor and to students of Bombay, whom we represent, we promise that our demonstration will be in keeping with the best traditions of the students of Bombay, and to preserve the sanctity of the "Alma Mater."

Under-Trial Commits Suicide

BANGALORE, August 18.

L. Suryanarayana Sastri an under-trial prisoner, was found dead hanging by a rope in his cell, in the Bangalore Central Jail. He was one of the accused in the Mysore State Insurance Fraud Case.

A verdict of suicide by hanging was returned at the inquest held over the body to-day.—A. P.

Burma Indian Delegates Meet Bajpai

SIMLA.—Members of the Burma Indian Delegation met Sir G. S Bajpai in his room at the Secretariat this evening. The talks were confidential and an agreed official statement is expected to be issued to-morrow.—A P

Sir Rama Rau At Singapore

SINGAPORE, (By Mail.)

"The colour bar problem in the union of South Africa has been improving since the Smuts Government came into power," said Sir Rama Rau, till recently High Commissioner for India in the union of South Africa, when interviewed here.

Sir Rama Rau is in Singapore on private business, this being his first visit to Singapore

Sir Rama Rau said that he had just completed a three years' term in South Africa, and did not know what his next appointment would be.—A. P.

Students Interview Sir Maurice

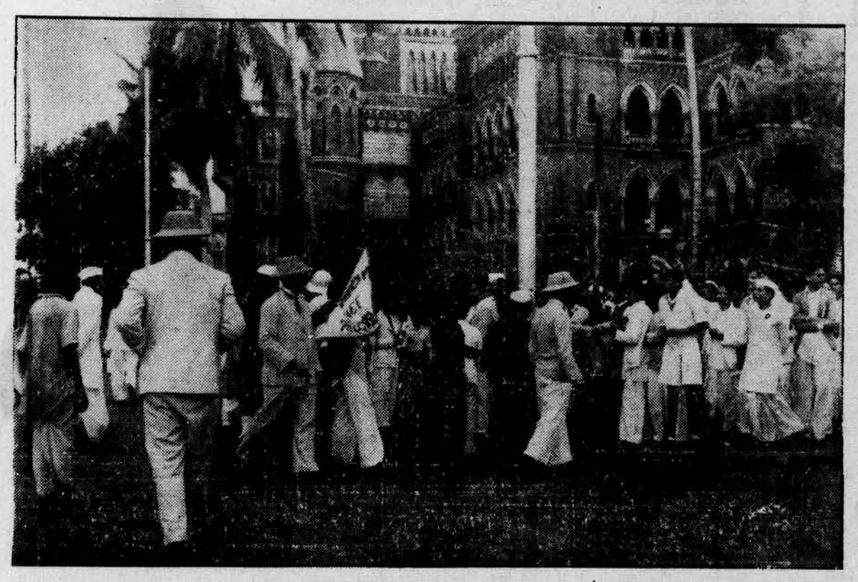
A deputation of Bombay students interviewed the Hon. Sir Maurice Gwyer, Chief Justice of India and Vice-Chancellor of Delhi University at his residence yesterday and discussed with him the action taken by Sir Maurice as Vice-Chancellor of Delhi University against two students of that University some time ago.

After the interview Sir Maurice said: "I had a long and amicable conversation with the students at which they put their views before me and I explained to them the reasons which led me to act as I did. Neither side abandoned its own position, but I thought that a full and frank discussion could do nothing but good. I think it is correct to say that we parted on friendly terms."

Buenos Aires: An appeal to all Argentine professors, statesmen and officers to maintain Argentine's Democratic Institutions against totalitarian tendencies was made by Senor Juan Carlosrebora, retiring President of the Laplata University, at a banquet in his honour on Monday night.

Teheran: Newspapers continue to ridicule statements issued by certain foreign agencies regarding German infiltration and intrigues in Iran.

SCENES ON THE CONVOCATION DAY



Police Disperse Students

PROTEST MEETING CALLS FOR STRIKE TO-DAY

The intense excitement that pervaded the University Garden throughout the whole of Tuesday afternoon on account of the black-flag demonstration staged by the students as a protest against Justice Sir Maurice Gwyer's action as Vice-Chancellor of the Delhi University, culminated in the police resorting to cane charge which resulted in injury to a few students. Forty-six students, including six girls, were arrested in the course of the afternoon and were taken to the Esplanade Police Station, and later released at night. Mr. W. R. G. Smith, the Commissioner of Police, was present on the scene with about a score of sergeants. Students were seen from 1 p.m. mustering in and around the University premises and cries of "Gwyer go back", and other slogans were continuously heard.

In the meanwhile, the police had arrived and formed a cordon round the University buildings. This resulted in increased tension and students who were hitherto peaceful became tumultuous in their demonstrations. The police from the very start had begun to chase them, particularly at the statue of King Edward VII and in the Oval maidan. At about 4 p.m. some students were dispersed with canes by the police near the High Court. Some four or five were arrested. Two girl-students were also alleged to have been roughly handled.

A share-broker who was passing along was caught hold of, and before he could offer any explanation was sent off in a lorry to the police station.

Two more students were beaten, it is understood, with umbrellas. They sustained light injuries, and were taken to the G. T. Hospital, where they were treated. Mr. C. B. Shah, the Secretary of the Bombay Students' Union was also roughly handled, it is alleged, by one of the policemen, as a result of which he is reported to have received some scratches on his neck.

This action by the police resulted in the temporary dispersal of the crowd of students from the gates, but soon they appeared in the Oval maidan and demonstrations again started. About 5 p.m. when Justice Gwyer's car entered the University portico, the students were loud in their protestations with the cry of "Maurice, go back"

At 5-25 p.m. with the arrival of H. E Sir Roger Lumley, the Chancellor, and Lady Lumley the Convocation proceedings began.

PROTEST MEETING

When the Convocation was in progress, the students held a meeting at the Oval maidan under the chairmanship of Mrs. Urmila Mehta, and protested against the police action. Messrs. Sakrikar, Bhave, Sanghavi and Miss Gandhi addressed the meeting and exhorted the students to observe a complete strike on Wednesday as a protest against the action of the police.

About 6-20 p.m. a police van carrying about 50 policemen, all armed with lathis arrived on the spot.

When the students' meeting was over tension began to subside.

At about 7 p.m. on the termination of the Convocation proceedings all eyes were eagerly watching for Justice Gwyer's car. But that was not to be seen. However, when the Governor's car came out of the portico, shouts were again raised by the students, and in the tumult that followed some white object was thrown at the Governor's car. The police arrested two persons on suspicion.

They were released later, the object hurled on the car was found to be a dead crow wrapped up in paper.

For some time later, there was some commotion, but soon the crowd dispersed, and all was quiet.

ASSAULT ON STUDENTS

Advocates Who Were Eye-Witnesses Address Letters To Chancellor

We understand that copies of the following letter have been addressed to (1) the Chancellor of the Bombay University, (2) the Vice-Chancellor of the University, (3) the Hon. Sir Maurice Gwyer and the Commissioner of Police, Bombay City:—

Sir,—To-day i.e. 19th instant at about 3-15 p.m. a body of students came over to the Eldon Road situated to the East of the High Court. Some of them had with them placards and all of them were in a quiet and peaceful mood. They squatted down on the floor in an orderly benaviour leaving sufficient room for the traffic.

When the students were so seated, two or three Police Officers who were already there, called three or four more Police Officers who forcibly took away from the students their placards and banners, etc.

In order to disperse them force was used by some Police Officers and several were seriously assaulted with sticks which the Police Officers were carrying with them and one of them was mercilessly beaten.

This assault by the Police Officers was serious and unwarranted, which the undersigned Advocates have seen from the corridor on the eastern side of the High Court, Appellate Side Bar Room.

We trust, this matter may be enquired into and necessary action be taken.

Yours faithfully,

H. D. THAKORE,
N. N. MAJUMDAR,
M. K. THAKORE,
B. M. KALAGATI,
POCHAJI JAMSHEDJI,
A. N. JOSHI,
M. H. CHHATRAPATI,
P. G. KHER,
P. A. DHRUVA,
D. V. PATEL,
D. R. MANERIKAR,
C. S. TRIVEDI,
J. C. SHAH,
C. K. SHAH,
P. B. GAJENDRAGADKER,
K. B. SUKHTHANKER,
B. G. PADHYE,
K. L. AGASKAR,
M. G. CHITALE.

Appellate Side,
High Court, Bombay.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT SAW MILL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Ainulla Takat, aged about 50 years, and employed in Mohommad Abdul Latiff's Saw Mill, Ismail Karte Road, Bombay, was manipulating a beam on a sawing machine on Monday when it shot back and hit him on the chest. He was given first-aid, but he expired before he could be removed to the hospital.

The City Coroner returned a verdict of death caused by haemorrhage due to accidental recoiling of a beam and striking him heavily in his abdomen, today

CONFERENCE OF NATIONAL DEMOCRATS

M. N. Roy Elected President

The Reception Committee of the Bombay Presidency Conference of the National Democratic Union has decided to hold the Conference either at the end of the third week of September or at the end of September

Mr. M. N. Roy, the Secretary of the All-India Standing Committee of the National Democratic Union, has been elected as the President of the Conference. Mr. Yunus, Bar-at-Law, Patna, will open the Conference; failing to get him Dr. N. B. Khare will be invited

Sir Homi Mehta expressing approval of the choice made by the Reception Committee in electing the President of the forthcoming Conference said that Mr. M. N. Roy was the founder of this great Anti-Fascist People's Front represented by the National Democratic Union. He was sure that the deliberations of the Conference under his able guidance will have tremendous bearing on the future of the Indian politics and the international situation

Goa Letter

RESTRICTIONS ON IMPORT OF RICE

(From A Correspondent).

MARGAO: August 16.

Goa is experiencing a great shortage of rice, as a result the prices have gone dear. With a view to giving protection to Goa-produced paddy, the Government of Portuguese India, is not issuing permits for importing rice freely as required, but several restrictions have been laid down and a certain limited quantity can be imported. Unless free importation is permitted, it is feared the shortage will be harmful especially for the poor class of people. It is learnt through reliable sources that a deputation will shortly approach H.E. Governor-General of Goa with a request to issue permits to the interested importers without conditions of the quantity.

TRIBUTE TO DR. TAGORE

The whole territory of Goa observed mourning due to the death of Gurudev. Almost all Government and private educational institutions were closed and public meetings were held. In a meeting at Sanvordem under the presidentship of Mr. Baba Saheb Sanwardekar, Mr. Kantak reviewed Dr. Tagore's literary works and praised his poems which stood second to none. There were also meetings in the Municipal Hall attended by leading educational people from various centres of Portuguese India.

There is no rain in Goa for the last week. Agriculturists are afraid that the standing crops may suffer heavily in absence of wet weather which is necessary.

Club House For Indians In Singapore

SINGAPORE: (By Mail).

The Maharaja of Patiala laid the foundation-stone for the new Dol. 15,000 Club House, which is being built for Indian troops now stationed in Malaya, on August troops now stationed in Malaya, on Aug. 9.

The Club House would provide Indian troops with opportunities, the Maharaja hoped, for social meetings which would "further the cordial relations existing between the people of Malaya and the soldiers of India, who are unitedly guarding the shores of this very important land."

The Maharaja announced that he was donating Dol. 2,000, which the Indian troops Entertainment Committee was at liberty to use either for the benefit of Indian troops or for the Club House.—A. P.

FOR INNER CLEANLINESS be *regular* with your Andrews Liver Salt. Take a glass first thing tomorrow and then as frequently as you find you need it. You will like this refreshing health-drink. It washes away your little ills. See how Andrews does its purifying work:

FIRST . . Andrews cleans the mouth and tongue.
NEXT . . Andrews settles the stomach and corrects acidity, the chief cause of indigestion.
THEN . . Andrews tones up the liver and checks biliousness.
FINALLY To complete your Inner Cleanliness, Andrews gently clears the bowels. It sweeps away trouble-making poisons, corrects Constipation, cools and purifies the blood.

That is the purifying work Andrews does. Prove it for yourself. Start taking Andrews for Inner Cleanliness! As a result the clean, healthy state of your system will show itself in many ways. Common digestive troubles, constipation, headaches, biliousness, rheumatic aches and pains, unwholesome complexions—these are the little ills that Andrews washes away. *A working man writes:*—"Have suffered for some years with stomach trouble, caused by sitting so long, and irregular meals. Andrews Liver Salt has worked wonders for me. I feel fit and bright for work every morning now, whereas before I felt heavy-headed and sluggish." Andrews is most economical in use. Get yourself a tin to-day!

Handy Size As. 11
Family Size Rs. 1/4

For Inner Cleanliness be regular with your

ANDREWS
LIVER SALT
Health Drink and Tonic Laxative

Cleanses - Cools - Refreshes - Invigorates

Sympathy For Soviet Russia

Resolution By Marathi Literary Conference

BOMBAY, Monday.

Sympathy for Soviet Russia and admiration for her achievements during the last 20 years since the revolution in the social and economic betterment of the 150 odd nationalities, now comprising the Soviet Union, were expressed in a resolution passed by the 6th Session of the Bombay and Suburban Marathi Literary Conference held on Sunday at Wagle Hall, Kandewadi. Mr. S. D. Javdekar, Editor 'Lokashakti' was in the chair

Another important resolution passed by the Conference demanded the appointment of an official committee to consider ways and means for the early establishment of a University for Maharashtra, to take special care of Maharatta history, culture and Marathi language.

A resolution regarding the spread of adult education by Mr. Mantri as amended by Mr. Lalji Pendse was also passed. A resolution of condolence for the death of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore was moved from the chair.

LIGHT LITERATURE.

There was a discussion on a high level on the contribution of light literature to the progress of a nation over which Prof. A. B Gajendragadkar presided. Among those who participated in it was Messrs. M. D. Altekar K. P. Kulkarni, V. L. Kulkarni, A. A. Kanekar, Prabhakar Padhye, Lalji Pendse and others.

Mr. D. A. Tuljapurkar, Chairman of the Reception Committee reviewed the progress of Marathi literature during the last two years, in an exhaustive speech.

NEW HUMANISM.

Mr. S. D. Javdekar devoted his address to discuss what was meant by progressive literature, what was meant by progress, he asked whatever contributed to man's material happiness and spiritual peace was progressive, he said. Satisfaction of only the instincts of hunger and sex was not the be all and end-all of progress. Men could get spiritual peace not by encouraging the satisfaction of these hungers but by bringing them under control and exerting for the good of others. Only a world wide development of this attitude would make for world peace and prevalence of non-violence, which was the chief essential of all progress and civilisation.

Mr. Javdekar concluded that literature which preached these ideals was progressive literature.

Sanjivani Marathe entertained the Conference, which was attended by about 500 people as delegates and visitors with beautiful singing of her poems and at night there was a performance of 'Buva', a playlet in Marathi at Framji Cowasji Hall, Dhobi Talao.

LITHUANIANS WHO HELPED GERMANY AGAINST RUSSIA

Their Reward—A Dictatorship Under Nazi Governor

LONDON, August 15.

Some Lithuanian "patriots" are now bitterly regretting the help they gave the Germans at the outset of the Nazi attack on Russia, cabled the "Daily Telegraph" Special Correspondent in Lisbon on August 13. They realise that the Nazis have exploited them and flouted their national aspirations which were encouraged as a prelude to war.

Some weeks before the Russo-German hostilities began the Germans set up a "Lithuanian National Committee" in Berlin. It consisted of anti-Soviet emigrés under Skirpa, the former Luthuanian Minister in Berlin. Taken in by Nazi pledges, Skirpa and his friends organised a secret revolt in Lithuania.

When the Germans marched against Russia, Lithuanian nationalists seized the bridges across the Memel.

Their reward has been exactly nothing. The Germans scorned the cooperation of those who helped to prepare the way. Skirpa and the National Committee are now virtual prisoners in Berlin. Lithuania is under the dictatorship of the German Military Governor.

ANKOLA NEWS

Home-Coming Of Satyagrahis

(From Our Correspondent.)

ANKOLA, August 10

Syt. Shamrao Shenvi and Ganpatrao Kamat, the local Congress leaders who offered Satyagraha, returned here in a shattered health. It is understood that the Jail diet was anything but satisfactory at Visapur and that both of them were placed in 'C' class; though on former occasion they were given 'B' class treatment. They were not supplied with any newspaper at all. They could write once a month and if no interview was availed of, a special letter was allowed at the prisoner's cost.

FAILURE OF RAINS

There has been great anxiety over the shortage of rain this year. Poojas are being performed and prayers offered in the temples invoking the aid of god 'Varuna' for the supply of rain! Hitherto the rainfall is 53" as against 120" last year!

PETROL RATIONING

As a result of the Petrol rationing, several motor-buses have had to suspend their plying and the only bus service—the Karnatak Express of the Belgaum has been forced to cut down its journey and run as far as Alnavar only. Likewise on other lines routes have been curtailed.

PRESIDENCY HEALTH RETURNS

The health conditions in the Bombay Province for the week-ended August 9th were as under:—

Plague figures during the week were 177 cases and 75 deaths against 111 cases and 68 deaths reported and 210-130 revised figures for the previous week.

CHOLERA:—The cholera figures of cases and deaths were 1,222-531 against 1,516-600 reported and 1,930-777 revised figures for the previous week.

The total number of anti-cholera inoculations performed during the week was 47,432, taking the progressive total from January 1 to 771,923.

SMALLPOX:—The Provincial figures of attacks and deaths from smallpox were 47-9 against 36-7 reported and 67-11 revised figures for the previous week.

FOOD ADULTERATION ACT:—The Bombay Municipality filed 53 cases. Twenty-four previous cases—22 of milk adulteration and 2 of butter were decided and fines up to Rs. 979 recovered.

Our Readers' Views

Rabindranath Tagore

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The Tagore family's name will for ever be closely associated with the Indian Renaissance in art, literature, music, painting and dancing. It is not too much to say that Rabindranath is the father of Modern Bengali literature and art. A talented short story writer, he almost revolutionalized the art of the Bengali novel. While it is known to a few that he was a superb singer as a poet, only those who saw him act some of his own plays will know how great were his histrionic gifts. Indeed, he reminds me only of the one towering genius of the modern times—of the immortal Leonardo Da Vinci. I think the Committee of the Nobel Prize Foundation really honoured itself by honouring Rabindranath in 1913. It was he more than anybody else who placed India definitely on the cultural map of the world and through it gained a hearing for the voice of Hindustan. In the face of the troubled state of our times, I can only describe him as the Ambassador of the world, as the unfaltering Voice of modern civilization. While Mrs. Sarojini Naidu has called him the Great Gardener, I would like him to be remembered as the very Flower of our culture and civilization, of our renaissance in art and letters.—Yours, etc.,

P. R. KAIKINI.

Indian Merchants' Chamber

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I know several businessmen who were bitterly disappointed to read some of the observations made by Mr. M. C. Ghia in his speech delivered at the Quarterly General Meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. In his speech the President said. "The millions in India, without being given the right to choose for themselves, "have been forced" to give men and resources to support a Democratic Government, which has not given them Democracy, and without impunity put into prison for a period of four years the great leader of Indian Democracy, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru." How unfair it is to allege that the present Government of India has been "forcing" people to contribute towards the War Funds, can easily be ascertained from the fact that the Bombay Presidency has only collected the small sum of Rs. 70 lakhs in two years! Most of this have been contributed by the Parsis, Europeans and Anglo-Indians and very little by the Hindus and Mohamedans. A very rich textile centre like Ahmedabad—the stronghold of the Congress—has only given Rs. 1,00,000, although it is profiting much from Government orders. How then can the head of Commerce and Industry truthfully charge the Government with taking money by force? The Government of India, as a matter of fact, have not even thought of levying a war tax although voluntary contributions have, indeed, been very very poor As regards Indian soldiers they have been only too willing to proceed to the battle fronts and the valour that they have displayed in the Middle East has invited praise from all parts of the world. No General can lead an unwilling Army, least of all, such an army can ever fight bravely and gain victory after victory as the Indian armies did. Now as regards materials Indian Industrialists and Labour have given their fullest co-operation to the Government and in many cases the officials have been astonished with the output from the various factories. So it is clear that Government have not exercised the slightest 'force' in this war to get either men, money or materials as wrongly alleged by the President.

As regards the charge why should India fight for Democracy when she has been persistently denied a democratic form of Government, let us examine the situation. India not long ago was granted Provincial Autonomy in all its Provinces as a first step to a democratic form of Government. The Congress party set up its own Governments in 7 Provinces with Congress Ministers. How these Ministers ruled and misruled we all know. If these Ministers had been allowed to rule according to the wishes of the masses, it would have been truly a democratic form of Government. But in actual practice these Ministers had to take orders from Wardha—from Mr. Gandhi and a handful of his colleagues. And so a popular democratic form of Government that the people had hoped for, sunk into the background and instead we found ourselves ruled by small bands of dictators void of the spirit of tolerance. The time soon came these Governments had to resign. And still today the Viceroy and the Secretary of State are being blamed for the absence of popular Governments.—Yours, etc.

RUSSA MEHTA.

Thana Municipality

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I always thought it an honour and a privilege to be a city father, to represent and place before the Board the grievances of my electorates, to work for the amelioration and good of the town, and to give those who have elected us to the civic chair a few of the amenities to which people living in the suburbs have a right as rate payers. After almost three years of my civic life in Thana as a Municipal Councillor I view with misgivings the sad and deplorable state of affairs that exist in this Municipality as a result of party feelings and prejudices which more often than not retard progress. I am alluding to none other than the disgusting way in which the procedure at meetings is adopted, the length of time spent in silly and ridiculous arguments which have no bearing on the proposition whatever, when some veteran Councillors, who are perhaps life members of this so-called democratic self-governing institution take the floor of the house for about an hour or more, and perhaps quixotically review the whole career of the Municipality and of himself and his activities, reiterate statements made by another member of the House who is sometimes of the same turn of mind as his predecessor and go on talking shop for any length of time regardless of the importance of time to others, until he finds himself entirely exhausted at the end of what he imagines to be a dissertation, leading to nowhere than where he originally started. Members oppose a proposition for the sake of opposing it, it being immaterial whether there is a majority on the other side or not. And all this time while the speaker is on the floor, others are either in the lobby enjoying a smoke or dozing in his civic chair, or perhaps discussing with their fellow Councillors the number of sets they played at tennis that evening.

I must confess, I am not a regular attendant at meetings myself, and I satisfy the Municipality with the barest minimum of attendance days. This I do, not because I cannot afford the time, but because these meetings have become an apology for seriousness and good work. To quote but one instance: The general board met last Tuesday (August 5th) to discuss a very important proposition—viz., providing another road parallel to the already existing one, the latter being congested and heavily engaged in traffic—a laudable scheme, and one which was worthy of every consideration. This meeting began at about 6-30 p.m. and finished in the thin hours of the morning at about 5-30 a.m. a record timing for any civic body, common only in the House of Commons. I could understand the length of time if some of the members of the opposition were serious about it, but instead some veteran Councillors, who are no intellectual geniuses, vied with one another in making lengthy speeches, the greater part of which was nothing more than a recapitulation of what their predecessor had said, in a different language. This state of affairs dragged on and on one Councillor poking fun at the expense of the other personal grievances were given full vent to, and motion for adjournment, points of order, and polls were the order of the day. In short they were talking shop, to use a very mild term. And all this to no purpose. The supporters of the proposition were in a definite majority, and there was very little chance of the proposition being thrown out. Yet they enjoyed the harassment as they called it.

One begins to wonder then why one ever set one's foot in the Municipality when one has to reluctantly listen to a lot of non-sense being talked about. So much valuable time is spent in this kind of jugglery of words where nothing intellectually sound or logically correct arguments is ever adhered to.

The fault, however, lies with the electorates and not with the elected. If only the ratepayers realize their responsibility, and not send to the Municipality some of those who might have been successful in other walks of life, then only will things in Thana improve. It is almost a century behind times, and it will take another century to improve. Sanitation, drainage, water supply and roads are in a hopeless condition, and when some of our present city fathers can help to ameliorate the lot of the residents of this town, they prefer to waste precious time in ceaseless wranglings, silly speeches, illogical arguments and unnecessary talk that would make the angels weep.—Yours, etc.,

J. V. PIMENTA,
(City Councillor, Thana.)

Interest On Court Decrees

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Following the example of foreign banks, the Central Bank of India has announced that they have reduced the rate of interest on the Saving Bank Account from 1-1/2 per cent to 1 per cent. This clearly shows that the money is as easy as could be and even the Indian Bank which is out to help the Indian investor is unable to pay them more than 1 per cent. It is not a secret that the half a dozen Exchange Banks which we have got in the country for well over 40 years have been getting from the Indian public monies amounting to crores of rupees at a rate of interest which they never paid above 4 per cent for Fixed Deposit and the average that they paid, including Current and Saving deposit, was 2-1/2 per cent. right up to about 10 years ago. This was because the bank rate of interest prevailing in India before 10 years was on an average 4 to 5 per cent and the money that was lent out was at 6-1/2 per cent. which gave a return of lakhs of rupees to these Banks annually.

It was because of the Bank rate that prevailed between 4 and 5 per cent that there existed an unwritten law with all the Courts not only in cities but in whole of India that the Courts awarded 6 per cent interest on the Decrees that they passed.

Since last 10 years the Bank rate of interest has not gone over 3 per cent. and up to now not only these Exchange Banks but, regretful to say, even the Courts have been allowing interest at 6 per cent on the amount of the Decrees This is a very heavy burden to the poor men. It is the duty of the Government as well as of the public to take up this question not only with the Banks but also with the Courts not to allow more than 3 per cent. on the Decrees which would be quite fair in view of the fact that the interest at which the Banks are receiving money is for some time now ruling between 1 per cent. and 2-1/2 per cent. and the Bankers ought to charge not more than 3 per cent. and so also the Courts must not award more than 3 per cent Specially the small class Courts must be asked to regulate the rate of interest in view of the position that is prevailing throughout India for the last 10 years. Further, when the rate of interest allowed on the Decree was 6 per cent. the highest interest which the Courts allowed to a creditor was something like 9 per cent before the Decree. Unfortunately such a high rate of interest is still be allowed. In fairness interest before the Decree should not be allowed to exceed 6 per cent and after the Decree not more than 3 per cent.

There is also another important question. Since the War many of the Dominions and Colonies have passed legislation to prevent the moneylenders from forcing people to sell their landed properties, because during these trying times it is very difficult for landowners, specially in the districts, to be able to dispose of their properties when invariably all sorts of rumours are often prevalent and mean advantage is eagerly taken by the money-lenders to grab the mortgage lands. In fact, alienation of properties is forbidden during the war period in all the colonies and dominions and it is regrettable that our Government have not yet taken similar steps in the interests of the small landholders, poor workers, agriculturists and other persons who owing to this War have come into trouble because of the great disorganisation, and indebtedness.

I trust the attention not only of the Government but also of the Chief Justices of various Courts will be drawn to this subject, as a measure of equity and fairness.—Yours etc.,

ANTI-USURY.

War Effort

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I am a man in humble circumstances, and do a little to help the war effort. If I had been placed in the fortunate position of people drawing fat salaries, I should certainly do a lot more. I see that people in high society hold Bridge, Mah Jong and Rummy drives, which to my mind is nothing but idle pleasure. The ladies employed in these useless pursuits would be spending their time more profitably knitting socks and sweaters for soldiers. The people who run these drives always take good care to invite Pressmen and photographers to see them "hard at work." May I be permitted to suggest that the Burra Sahibs and Memsahibs sacrifice a good portion of their income for the war fund instead of 'making believe' and satisfying their feeble consciences that they are doing their bit. Poor people in England are suffering great privations and hardships to help England win the war, but the idle rich in India are just "making believe." We are told that there will be a "new order" after the war and we hope that they will start with India first.—Yours, etc.,

"JACK LONDON."

Blood Transfusion

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It is undoubtedly a most humanitarian service to give ones own blood, a priceless treasure of ones own body. It is like giving ones own heart to brethren.

The praiseworthy effort of the Bombay Branch of the Indian Red Cross Society, in opening the blood transfusion service in order to help city hospitals with blood from healthy donors of either sex, has touched the humanitarian feelings of philanthropists like Sir Alwyn Ezra, who has already contributed his humble mite to the funds started for the Blood Bank scheme, in Bombay

In the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle", of August 11, Mr. Merwan Framroze Katrak pities the fears of the Bombay's healthy youths, that blood-giving looses strength and vitality and quotes an instance of a Parsi gentleman who has given blood ninety-nine times. It is certainly commendable for this Parsi gentleman and blessed he and others like him are, who come forward to give their blood for saving lives of their poor and needy brethren.—Yours, etc.,

G. B. VELKAR, F.T.S.,
(A Blood Donor).

Andheri Grievances

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—A few months' back, representations were made to the Parle Andheri Municipality by the plot owners and residents of the new Nagardas Road, Andheri, to instal electric lights on the electric poles, to metal the road and to lay water main pipe line, but sorry to say that representations have gone unheeded Besides the road is in a most despidated condition. Hence the rain water naturally accumulates giving free scope to mosquitoes to breed. Also the vacant plots too, which require filling in, remain inundated with water. This deplorable state of things reflects little credit on the authorities concerned.—Yours, etc.,

RESIDENT.

Youth & Religion

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In London "Truth", London "Times", "Spectator", "Manchester Guardian" to hand by last English mail which arrived here a few days ago, many articles and letters from English correspondents have been published emphasising the importance of giving religious and moral education in all schools to the English children, the future citizens of England in order to promote devotion among English youths, for the Christian religion and its moral code (humility, self-denial, piety, heavenly affection, charity) and to spread among Christian schoolboys ideas and sentiments of leading righteous, sober, upright, unselfish, pure, moral, religious, and altruistic life in accordance with the teaching of Christ and to teach youths of England to live virtuously. The London "Times" writes:—

"The religious teaching should aim at making the youths realise that the continuous effort of Christian endeavour was to establish on earth the Kingdom of God founded on the principles of brotherhood, justice, fair-dealing, truth and mercy and that this task had always called for energy, courage, faith and self-sacrifice". It is to be hoped that here in India, too, the authorities will, similarly as in England, take early steps to teach, as Gandhiji says, fundamental principles of others common to all religions free from sectarian strife and theological contention to students of all communities simultaneously in our schools to promote communal harmony and virtuous living in future citizens of India. —Yours, etc.,

ZOROASTRIAN.

Woes Of Suburban Landlords

To the Editor of "The Chronicle,"

Sir,—In the First Class Sub-Judge's Court at Thana (Bombay Suburban) the procedure of conducting suits for ejectment is at such an extremely low speed that it usually takes more than half a dozen hearings in the least and requires a minimum more than 6 to 9 months' time, irrespective of any consideration as to the merits or prima-facie evidence of the suits.

Even the plaintiff's least reasonable request to the Court to ask defendants

Farewell Luncheon To Hydari

"Justice Is Pre-Requisite Of Goodwill", Replies Chief Guest Of Function

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Aug. 19.

"Justice is a pre-requisite of friendship and goodwill between person and person and peoples and peoples," said Sir Akbar Hydari, Prime Minister, replying to the Chief Justice of the Hyderabad High Court, at a farewell luncheon given by the Chief Justice and other Judges of the High Court this afternoon.

Sir Akbar said that High Court Judges occupied a place in the polity of a State which affected each person in his relation, either individually or collectively, with others or the State, it was for that reason that they had a special place in the esteem of Government and, no doubt, in the opinion of people at large.

After referring to the 36 years of his services in the State, Sir Akbar said partings were always sorrowful; but the generosity of his Sovereign had much tempered his sorrow, as he could now still look to a return to the old scenes of his labours, although in private station and to the end, as he hoped to 'do' his days in this great State.—United Press.

LATE SIR VITHALDAS DAMODHER THACKERSEY, KT.

The S. N. D Thackersey College for Women, Bombay, celebrated the 10th Anniversary of Sir Vithaldas Thackersey, Kt., who had donated a sum of Rs. 15 lakhs, to the S. N. D. Thackersey Indian Women's University, Bombay, on Tuesday. Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., was invited to speak to the students and the staff of the College.

Mr. Joshi paid a glowing tribute to the achievements of late Sir Vithaldas Damodhar Thackersey, Kt., in politics, commerce, industry, and education. While referring to his several nation-building activities, he gave illustrations of the tremendous organising capacity of late Sir Vithaldas. Whenever he felt the importance of any cause he whole-heartedly helped it by donating large sums, and by taking a personal interest in shaping these schemes. Mr. Joshi referred to the help which he got from late Sir Vithaldas, when the Social Service League thought of starting a Workmen's Institute at Parel. When Mr. Joshi presented his scheme of the Institute, Sir Vithaldas promised a donation of Rs. 25,000, on condition that an equal sum of Rs. 25,000 be collected by the League. Sir Vithaldas himself helped the League to fulfil the conditions imposed. Principal Miss D. B. T. Anklesaria, M.A., B.T., thanked the speaker.

SIR A. CLOW MEETS MARWARI CHAMBER

CALCUTTA: August 19.

The Committee of the Marwari Chamber of Commerce met Sir Andrew Clow, Communication Member to Government of India, at a tea-party this afternoon when questions relating to the constitution of the Calcutta Port Trust, Trunk Telephone calls, message rate system and wagon supply for coal and foodstuff were discussed.

Statutory and other notices issued by the Government of India and the Reserve Bank of India regarding matters relating to the trade and commerce of British India in connection with the war between December 1, 1940, and February 28 1941 have been published in a single volume to facilitate reference by the Economic Resources Board

to deposit in cash the amount of rent when it is already due for continuous six months and to furnish security for the sure payment of the further rents which may fall due until the disposal of the suits, before granting any further time, remains unattended. As a result of this the defendants (tenants) take the maximum undue advantage at the cost of the landlords for extensive periods and enjoy the occupation of landlord's property without any payment of rent or binding for the same. Such a leniency imposes severe hardship on the landlords It is not the intention of the Rent Act to give such undue liberty and relief to tenants.

Only when a tenant is either a nuisance to his neighbours and other tenants in the same premises or make default in the regular payment of his rents, that suits are instituted. The Bombay Small Causes Court never gives more than two hearings at the most to the tenants in suits for ejectments.

Moreover, in the Thana Sub-Judge's Court no attachments are granted as in Bombay, without filing a rent recovery suit irrespective of the amount of rent that may be overdue Not only that, but even no interim attachments are granted before judgment and until a proper decree is obtained to the effect within the period the tenants are likely to shift themselves or their attachable articles to such an untraceable and unknown place where even either serving of summons or attachments become impracticable. Hence the landlords have to give up all hope of recovery of rents. It takes more than 3 months' time even for getting an award of the ordinary rent recovery suits, let alone for obtaining attachments

Under such circumstances, if a landlord insists on his tenant paying a month's or two months' rent due from him, the latter will begin to play his game against the landlord by removing his attachable articles elsewhere and remaining in the premises for about a year at the cost of landlord, taking the maximum undue advantage of the liberties granted as above by the district courts. The Thana Court being the only court in the District, people from distant places have to seek relief from it and the cost of attending the hearings often exceeds the court fees and such other charges.

It is the landlord who pays the Government Urban immovable property tax, which is also heavier in the Bombay Suburban district than in Bombay proper and after bearing such an heavy burden of taxes if a landlord has to face further hardships in the district civil courts, his lot becomes unbearable.

The urgent attention of the authorities concerned is, therefore, invited to this state of things. Unless and until the proceedings for ejectment and rent recovery suits are dealt with and interim attachments are granted wherever required as is done in the Bombay Small Causes Court, there will be no relief or reasonable protection from the Government to landlords in Suburban Districts.—Yours, etc.,

VELJI NAKEY.

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International Bank Of India, Ltd., Ahmedabad

TO-DAY'S OPENING OF BOMBAY BRANCH

In the presence of a gathering of eminent citizens of this city, the Bombay Office of the International Bank of India, Ltd., Ahmedabad, will be opened to-day (Wednesday) by Raj Ratna Seth Nanjibhai Kalidas Mehta, M.B.E., the Indian merchant prince of East Africa. Judging from the increase in the deposits of Scheduled Banks at the rate of 16 crores a year and the progress this bank has made in so short a time of its existence, viz., one year and a half, Indian Banking in general and this Bank in particular will have immense scope for development.

BERAR & C. P. ASTROLOGERS & ASTRONOMERS CONFERENCE.

(From A Correspondent.)

AMRAOTI (By Mail.)

The second session of the Berar and C. P. Astrologers and Astronomers Conference will be held at Amraoti on Saturday (25th) and Sunday (26th) October. Essays on the following subjects will be read in the Conference:—(1) Relation between Jyotish and Sanskar; (2) Planatory periods and periods of forecasts; (3) Aspects of separate Professional horoscope; and (4) Finding out ways for one "Panchang" in India in accordance with Oriental Science and Culture.

Essays may be sent either in Marathi, Hindi or Sanskrit before 15th October 1941 to the following address:—Pandit Bhagurkar Shastri, General Secretary, Amraoti.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1941

For BEAUTY & COMPLEXION
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Historic Trans-Atlantic Voyage

Churchill's Return Journey Was Through U-Boat- Infested Waters

NAZIS DARED NOT TAKE UP BOLD CHALLENGE!

Tale Of Soul-Stirring Adventure Loaded With Thrilling Episodes

LONDON, August 18.

Reuter's Special Correspondent with the Royal Navy wires:—

Escorted by destroyers of the Royal and the Royal Canadian Navies, the giant battleship 'Prince of Wales' has reached a British port and thus ended the Prime Minister's amazing journey.

I was in one of the British destroyers which formed the escort and never once did we sight any hostile craft either in the air or sea or beneath.

It was a truly amazing voyage—amazing in the first place in the significance that the Prime Minister should travel across the Atlantic and hold a series of conferences with President Roosevelt and in the second place that he should return in a blaze of publicity.

Open Challenge To Hitler

It seemed to us as if an open challenge had been issued to Hitler to do his worst, for there we were, many hundreds of miles out in the Atlantic with all the dangerous U-boat-infested waters still to go through—but it was a challenge that was never taken up.

Early one morning, some days after leaving the naval base we sighted a smudge on the horizon, and as we approached we could see through our glasses the immense outline of a giant battleship flanked on both sides by Canadian destroyers.

The great ship was a truly noble sight plunging through the Atlantic swell, throwing up great clouds of white spray as she dipped her bows in the waves.

Large Convoy At Sea

The Prime Minister had never seen a large convoy at sea, so with a slight alteration of the course we made towards them. After two or three hours we could see the convoy on the horizon.

It was an incredible sight. As far as I could see there were ships, tankers, freighters, supply ships, big ships, little ships, ships of every conceivable sort all loaded to waterline.

They were ranged in lines—over eight miles of ships. Around them scurried their escort of corvettes and former American destroyers keeping stragglers in line and always ready for possible approach of danger. We steamed straight towards them and then passed right through the middle of the convoy.

The "Prince of Wales" was a proud sight. She had cocked all her great fourteen inch guns to their highest levels. And if Mr. Churchill was thrilled, it was nothing to the excitement among the vessels of the convoy.

We steamed on for perhaps two miles ahead of the convoy and then the "Prince of Wales" and her escort turned round, and once more we all went through the lines of plunging ships.

Bound For Iceland

We then resumed our original course which was to bring us to Iceland. We stayed one day in Iceland during which the Prime Minister reviewed the British and American troops, and that evening we sailed again for a British port Earlier in the day in which we met the convoy the "Prince of Wales" carried out a practice shoot with her anti-aircraft guns watched by the Prime Minister and his party.

With her escorts screening her, the "Prince of Wales" plunging ahead at speed reached home safely after a most astounding Trans-Atlantic voyage of the war.

Iceland Cheers Churchill

"We came here to keep the war away from Iceland", said Mr. Churchill when he visited Reykjavik on his way home from meeting. President Roosevelt.

Great cheering crowds gathered outside Parliament House and applauded his statements when he addressed them from the Balcony.

He said, "We came to you as a highly civilised nation which has played a great part in democratic civilisation.

We will seek to trouble your own life as little as possible and guarantee, together with the United States, that after the war your culture in the past will be linked with a free future".

"The Times" Comments

Relief at Mr. Churchill's safe return and further praise of the agreement which made with President Roosevelt are the themes of editorials.

"The Times" says: News of the Prime Minister's safe return has been received with deep thankfulness throughout the country.

It was well worth while to accept the hazards of his journey. The meeting and its results grow in importance as they are measured.

It has established personal contacts which must be of the highest value for all future exchanges of view, contacts not only between President and Prime Minister but between the directing minds of the fighting services of both the free nations.

Beaverbrook And Hopkins Present

The presence of Lord Beaverbrook, Mr. Harry Hopkins and Mr. Averill Harriman is an assurance that the essential question of supplies was thoroughly discussed.

The survey of needs and capacity which the President and the Prime Minister have undertaken can but underline the urgency of an even more comprehensive mobilisation in our own country as well as in the United States of all resources of man-power, technical skill and capital equipment.

In particular all the aid that both countries can give to Russia is needed to support our new ally in her redoubtable resistance to the most determined and formidable onslaught.

The more promptly it can be sent the more effective it will be. It may be too early to speak of the Atlantic conferences as the turning point in the war but they hold that promise and its fulfilment must lie the exertions of the coming weeks and months.

"The Daily Telegraph" Sums Up

The "Daily Telegraph" summing up the results of the agreement says, "The whole British Commonwealth endorsed it as warmly as America:

The expectation of Mr. Cordell Hull that all nations not predatory will support it is being fulfilled, and it has raised up the hearts of the peoples under oppression of the Axis and has alarmed the Dictators and their Quislings.

Pointing out that the supply of munitions to Russia means their diversion from this country, the "Daily Mail" adds, that by our own efforts we can make that deficiency good. If we do not we shall be short next year of armaments needed for victory."—Reuter.

Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, President of the Bombay Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, addressing the annual general meeting of the Association on Monday.

German Propaganda In Argentina

Expenditure Amounts To Million Pesos

BUENOS AIRES, August 19.

Postal expenditure of the German Embassy here has been described as "extraordinary" by the Post Master General in comparison with that of the Italian, Japanese, American and British Embassy, it is reported.

He was replying to queries by the Committee investigating anti-Argentine activities, and his observation is regarded as important evidence of the direct intervention by the Nazi Embassy in the German propaganda campaign in Argentina.

Although little official information is being divulged at present, accountants are investigating the books of German firms and of the Nazi Trans-Ocean News Agency, and it is stated that they have discovered that the Nazi expenditure on propaganda totals millions of pesos which are distributed as bearer cheques through the German Embassy.

NAZI PROTEST

The German Ambassador here von Thermann, has lodged a protest with the Argentine Government against the remarks contained in a speech made by Doctor Alberto Arancibia Rodriguez in the Senate last week.

The remarks referred to a document alleged to have been issued by the local Nazi leaders informing Nazi agents that they might continue their activities because the official anti-Nazi moves were "mere window dressing."

Doctor Rodriguez moving the appointment of a committee to determine the authenticity of the document said he thought the document to be genuine and bitterly censured the Nazi representative in Argentina.—Reuter.

INDIANS CAPTURE 'VOLKS-WAGON'

CAIRO, August 19.

A "Volks-Wagon"—a people's car for which millions of Germans paid but never received—appeared in Cairo streets to-day flying the Union Jack above the Swastika. The car was captured in Libya by Indian cavalry.—Reuter.

CANADIAN AIR TRAINING PLAN TO BE EXTENDED?

OTTAWA, August 19.

Preliminary negotiations designed to extend the life of the Commonwealth Air Training Plan have been started in London, the Canadian Air Minister Mr. Power informs Reuter.

"The senior partner of the agreement—Britain—is now carrying on discussions with Australia and New Zealand about the extension," Mr. Power said.

It is intimated that Canada will be more directly concerned in the later stages which may take place in Canada after the other three parties had completed preliminary discussions.—Reuter.

Axis Loses Four Million Tons Of Shipping

LONDON, August 19.

It is officially estimated that the total enemy tonnage lost (captured, sunk or scuttled) up to August 16, 1941, was 4,007,000 comprising:—German 2,321,000, Italian 1,533,000, Finnish 34,000 and other ships useful to the enemy 1,19,000. These figures include ships sunk by air attack and also include 51 ships estimated at 200,000 tons claimed as sunk by the Russians. The total figures show an increase of 7,96,000 tons since figures were published on June 10, 1941.—Reuter.

State Control Of Shipping

TOKYO, August 19.

The Government have formally decided to exercise State Control of shipping. A special Business Corporation will be created to manage vessels requisitioned by the Government. Government plans to contemplate the control of major ship-building yards, also maritime engines and their accessories and factories.—Reuter.

'Kemmendine' Sindhi Passengers Safe

KARACHI, August 19.—A cable received here indicates that five Sindhi passengers of the S. S "Kemmendine" which was sunk by enemy action in July, 1940 have safely reached Tangier, a neutral Spanish port. After being released by the Germans, they were staying in an unoccupied French territory wherefrom they have now reached Tangier.

Roosevelt Discloses Plans For Increased Help To Britain

DELIVERY SERVICE FOR SUPPLY OF PLANES, ETC., WILL NOT PASS THROUGH WARFARE ZONE

WASHINGTON, August 19.

President Roosevelt disclosed to-day that delivery of aircraft to the British forces in the Middle East would be speeded up through the ferry system conducted by the Pan-American Airways.

President Roosevelt's announcement of plans for the air ferry system of planes to the British forces in the Middle East via West Africa following speedily on the President's return from the historic meeting with Mr. Churchill, should have the effect of neutralising any move the Vichy Government might make to turn over Dakar or Casablanca to the Nazis.

Pan-American Airways will run the service, and it is stated at White House that Government owned planes operated by American personnel would be used.

Delivery, it is stated, would not pass through the actual warfare zone. Location of African terminus is not disclosed.

Will Carry Plane Parts

A supplementary transport service will carry plane parts and items "essential to the effective delivery of aircraft to the Middle East" and will bring back ferry personnel on the return journey.

The White House announcement described the main service as providing "direct speedy delivery" of aircraft from "the arsenal of democracy" to a critical point in the front against aggression adding that the importance of this direct communication line to strategic outposts in Africa cannot be overestimated.

White House added that the route would be available for general commercial use thus providing a direct airservice fom New York or Baltimore (Maryland) to Africa.

Although the route itself is undisclosed—except that it will be to Africa and thence to the Middle East it was believed here that a ferry service for bombers might operate from Trinidad or some other United States base to Freetown in Sierraleone—a distance slightly over 3,000 miles.

Shorter range military planes it is thought might fly from some pan-American base further south—perhaps on the bulge of Brazil to Freetown which is only about 1,600 miles.

Still another possible landing point seen was Bathrust in British Gambia from whence planes could be flown to Khartoum.

DETAILS COMPLETE OUTLINE OF TALKS

LONDON. In the Key Men Meeting, President Roosevelt gave a complete outline of his talks with Mr. Churchill, said Senator Connally after the meeting. "I do not believe any commitments were made, which would in any way alter our position towards the war" he said.

Senator Connally expressed the opinion that further Lease and Lend appropriation would be about 4,000 million dollars, but declared "by far the greater part of the original 7,000 million dollars has not yet been expended".—Reuter.

"PRESIDENT IS UNAWARE OF IT"

WASHINGTON, August 19.

When asked if President Roosevelt had approved the recommendation of the navy and army chiefs for compulsory censorship of all communications in and out of America the President's Secretary Mr. Stephen Early, declared that President Roosevelt was unaware of the existence of any such Bill.

Mr. Early added that President could not imagine the source of such a report except it was the Wilhelmstrasse or someone in America who thought more of Germany than he did of the United States.—Reuter

INDIAN MISSION FOR WASHINGTON

NEW YORK, August 19.

The head quarters of the Indian Purchasing Mission may be shifted from New York to Washington. The Mission under Sir Shanmukham Chetty has just been established in New York but the work of all the Missions concentrated in Washington where policy is shaped and directed.

Sir Shanmukham Chetty interviewed Lord Halifax at Washington and lunched with the Ambassador and also contacted the British purchasing commission. —Reuter.

ROOSEVELT SIGNS ARMY SERVICE BILL

WASHINGTON, August 19.

President Roosevelt today signed the Army Service Extension Bill which thus becomes law.

The Bill extends military service for selectees (Conscripts) national guardsmen and reservists by 18 months making the service period two and a half years.—Reuter.

"SECOND TO NONE"

MELBOURNE, August 19.

There is not a ship in the Royal Australian Navy that has not fired her guns in action. It has had its chance and you have seen the results—the Australian navy is second to none." said Admiral Sir Ragnar Colvin at a farewell on the eve of his departure for England after having spent four years as the First Naval Member of the Commonwealth Naval Board.

He said that the progress of the Australian navy had been smooth and harmonious; it was now thrice its pre-war size. —Reuter.

Salute To Portuguese President

LONDON, August 13.

The "Daily Telegraph" Lisbon Correspondent cabled on August 11:

President Carmona, who has been on a tour of the Azores, was given a warm welcome on arrival here. The President's vessel was escorted across the bar of the Tagus by every naval vessel available and numerous pleasure craft while, overhead, planes roared their greeting.

In the Atlantic the President's ship was saluted by a British naval squadron whose flagship hoisted the Portuguese flag and fired a salute of 21 guns. President Carmona is said to have been greatly touched by the incident.

This act of courtesy was oddly distorted by the Rome Radio as an attempt "to intimidate Portugal by stopping the President't ship.

LONDON, Aug. 19.

The death is announced of Major-General Sir Sydney Crookshank, Director-General of Transportation in the Great War.—Reuter.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — **THE YELLOW BEETLE**

WE'LL LOCK UP THESE MURDERERS AND---
DON! LOOK!
4-5
Copr. 1940, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.
HE-HE HAD A KNIFE/ IF YOU HADN'T COME, HE---HE . . . .
TAKE IT EASY MISS MORTON! WE GOT 'EM ALL!

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